

Converting Colors

`RYB(119, 120, 233)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(119, 120, 233) contains.

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Color

`RYB(119, 120, 233)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7778E9
RGB	119, 120, 233
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 91%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5294, 0.0863
CMYK	0.49, 0.48, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	239°, 72%, 69%
HSV	239°, 49%, 91%
XYZ	29.0333, 23.2402, 80.0464
YIQ	132.5830, -36.8690, 34.9310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

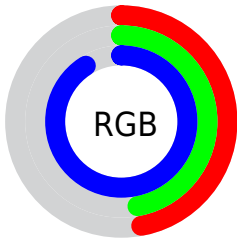
Format	Color
RYB	119, 120, 233
Decimal	7829737
CIELab	55.32, 29.33, -57.54
CIElCh	55, 64.584, 297.006
Yxy	23.2402, 0.2194, 0.1756
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286019817 (0xFF7778E9)
YUV	132.5830, 49.5056, -11.9123
Hunter-Lab	48.2081, 23.1372, -64.7015

Details

The RYB color **119, 120, 233** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **120, 233, 119**, and the grayscale version is **132, 132, 132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 172, 255**, and **59, 71, 177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 97, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142, 143, 233**.

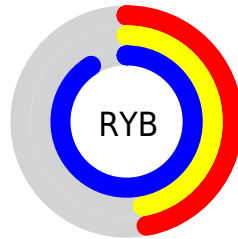
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (47%)

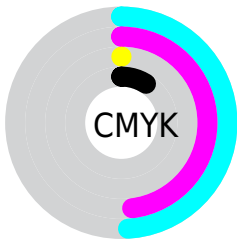
Blue (91%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (91%)

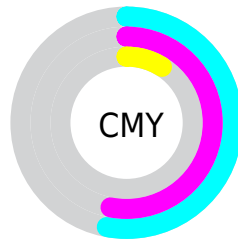


Cyan (49%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 119, 120, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 119, 120, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 119, 120, 233

255, 255, 255

 177, 172, 255

 206, 200, 255

 236, 228, 255

 119, 120, 233

 90, 95, 204

 59, 71, 177

 17, 43, 149

 0, 23, 123

 0, 8, 97

 0, 1, 73

 0, 4, 49

 0, 1, 27

 0, 0, 0

■ 119, 120, 233

■ 119, 120, 233

■ 96, 97, 233

■ 142, 143, 233

■ 72, 74, 233

■ 166, 166, 233

■ 49, 51, 233

■ 189, 189, 233

■ 26, 28, 233

■ 212, 212, 233

■ 3, 5, 233

■ 235, 236, 233

■ 0, 2, 233

■ 233, 255, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 89, 245



119, 120, 233



194, 93, 194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119, 120, 233



205, 154, 35



0, 88, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119, 120, 233



120, 233, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 106, 153



119, 120, 233



46, 164, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119, 120, 233



229, 81, 85



7, 144, 42



0, 85, 182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119, 120, 233



220, 78, 159



7, 144, 42



0, 94, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119, 120, 233



217, 217, 255



119, 177, 233



105, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119, 120, 233



105, 106, 255



174, 119, 233



106, 106, 117



0, 2, 181



0, 0, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 119, 120



255, 105, 106



119, 233, 174



117, 106, 106



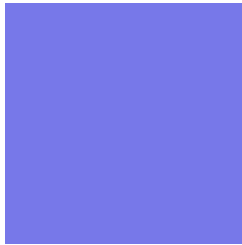
181, 0, 2



54, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 119, 120, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

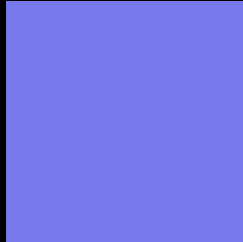
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 119, 120, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 119, 120, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 119, 120, 233.

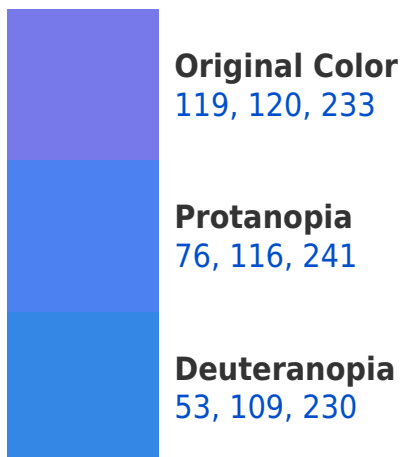


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 119, 120, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

94, 119, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color
119, 120, 233

Protanomaly
92, 119, 238

Deuteranomaly
77, 116, 231

Tritanomaly
103, 124, 181

Monochromacy



Original Color
119, 120, 233

Achromatopsia
133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly
128, 128, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 119, 120, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 120, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 120, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 120, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 120, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 119, 120, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 120, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 120, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 120, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 120, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 120, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 120,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 119, 120, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 120, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
120, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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