

Converting Colors

`RYB(119, 71, 108)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(119, 71, 108) contains.

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Color

R_YB(119, 71, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77476C
RGB	119, 71, 108
RGB Percent	47%, 28%, 42%
CMY	0.5333, 0.7216, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.09, 0.53
HSL	314°, 25%, 37%
HSV	314°, 40%, 47%
XYZ	12.5678, 9.5111, 15.3608
YIQ	89.5700, 16.7310, 21.6830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

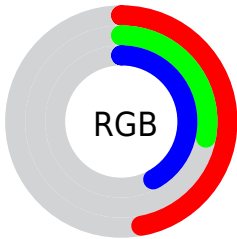
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 71, 108
Decimal	7817068
CIE _{Lab}	36.95, 26.49, -12.82
CIE _{LCh}	37, 29.433, 334.175
Yxy	9.5111, 0.3357, 0.2540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286007148 (0xFF77476C)
YUV	89.5700, 9.0860, 25.8101
Hunter-Lab	30.8401, 18.7710, -7.9430

Details

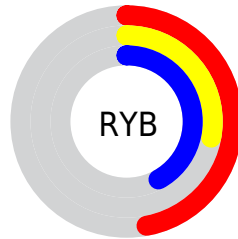
The RYB color **119, 71, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **71, 110, 119**, and the grayscale version is **89, 89, 89**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172, 121, 159**, and **69, 25, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119, 59, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119, 83, 111**.

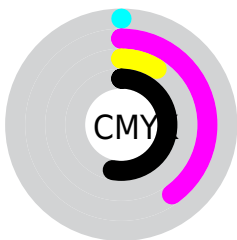
Distribution



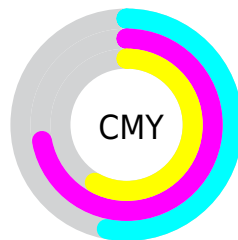
- Red (47%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 119, 71, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 119, 71, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



119, 71, 108



119, 71, 108

255, 255, 255



94, 48, 84



172, 121, 159



69, 25, 61



200, 147, 186



46, 2, 39



228, 173, 214



22, 0, 17



255, 201, 243



0, 0, 0



255, 229, 255



119, 71, 108



119, 71, 108



119, 59, 105



119, 83, 111



119, 47, 103



119, 95, 113

■ 119, 35, 100

■ 119, 107, 116

■ 119, 23, 97

■ 119, 119, 119

■ 119, 11, 94

■ 119, 129, 131

■ 119, 0, 92

■ 119, 138, 142

■ 119, 147, 154

■ 119, 157, 166

■ 119, 167, 178

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 79, 126



119, 71, 108



131, 67, 85

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119, 71, 108



51, 98, 38



0, 52, 113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119, 71, 108



71, 110, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 52, 99



119, 71, 108



46, 93, 66

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119, 71, 108



118, 107, 44



42, 81, 97



0, 55, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119, 71, 108



132, 69, 69



42, 81, 97



0, 51, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119, 71, 108



156, 137, 151



81, 71, 119



79, 68, 77



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119, 71, 108



156, 81, 138



119, 71, 85



59, 53, 57



122, 0, 94



250, 0, 193

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 71, 108



156, 81, 138



71, 99, 119



59, 53, 57



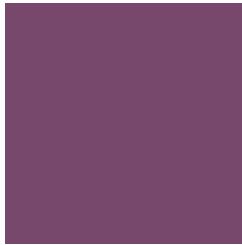
122, 0, 94



250, 0, 193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 119, 71, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

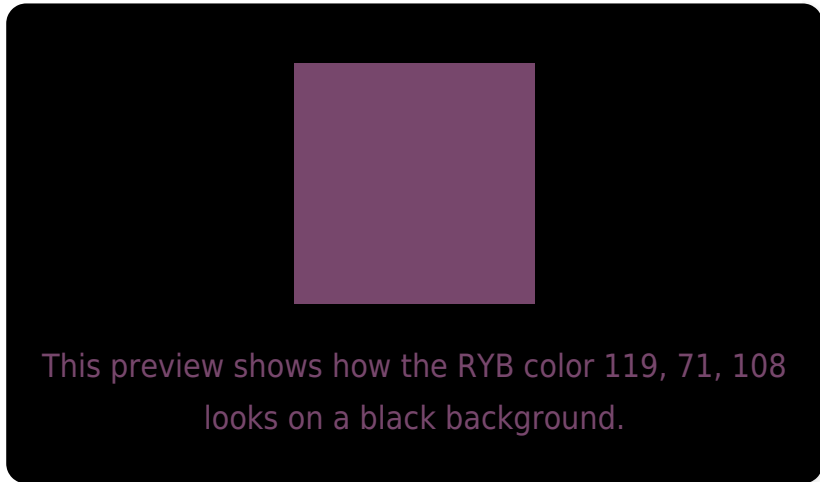
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 119, 71, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 119, 71, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 119, 71, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
119, 71, 108

Protanopia
78, 85, 119

Deuteranopia
87, 85, 105



Tritanopia
116, 76, 82

Trichromacy



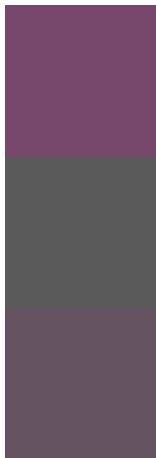
Original Color
119, 71, 108

Protanomaly
93, 81, 115

Deuteranomaly
99, 80, 106

Tritanomaly
117, 74, 91

Monochromacy



Original Color
119, 71, 108

Achromatopsia
90, 90, 90

Achromatomaly
101, 83, 97

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 119, 71, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 71, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 71, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 71, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 71, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 119, 71, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 71, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 71, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 71, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 71, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 71, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 71,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 119, 71, 108 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 71, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 71,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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