

Converting Colors

`RYB(120, 120, 206)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(120, 120, 206) contains.

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Color

`RYB(120, 120, 206)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7878CE
RGB	120, 120, 206
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 81%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5294, 0.1922
CMYK	0.42, 0.42, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	240°, 47%, 64%
HSV	240°, 42%, 81%
XYZ	25.6028, 21.8822, 61.2668
YIQ	129.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

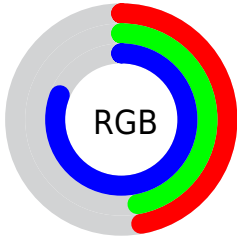
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 120, 206
Decimal	7895246
CIE _{Lab}	53.90, 21.61, -44.59
CIE _{LCh}	54, 49.555, 295.857
Yxy	21.8822, 0.2354, 0.2012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085326 (0xFF7878CE)
YUV	129.8040, 37.5646, -8.5981
Hunter-Lab	46.7785, 15.8343, -44.9085

Details

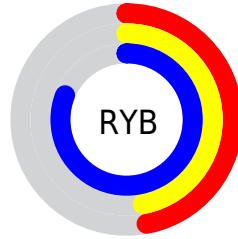
The RYB color **120, 120, 206** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **120, 206, 120**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 172, 255**, and **65, 71, 151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **99, 99, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 141, 206**.

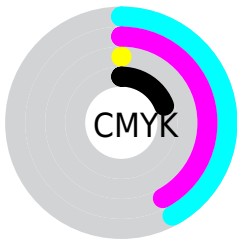
Distribution



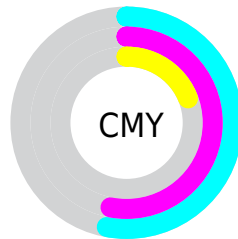
- Red (47%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 120, 120, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 120, 120, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 120, 120, 206

255, 255, 255

 176, 172, 255

 204, 200, 255

 233, 228, 255

 120, 120, 206

 93, 95, 178

 65, 71, 151

 36, 47, 125

 0, 22, 99


 0, 6, 75

 0, 4, 52

 0, 2, 29

 0, 0, 0

 120, 120, 206

 120, 120, 206

■ 99, 99, 206

■ 141, 141, 206

■ 79, 79, 206

■ 161, 161, 206

■ 58, 58, 206

■ 182, 182, 206

■ 38, 38, 206

■ 202, 202, 206

■ 17, 17, 206

■ 206, 223, 206

■ 0, 0, 206

■ 206, 244, 206

■ 206, 255, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 83, 214



120, 120, 206



175, 102, 177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



120, 120, 206



189, 139, 58



0, 82, 149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



120, 120, 206



120, 206, 120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59, 129, 145



120, 120, 206



82, 157, 38

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



120, 120, 206



206, 94, 94



46, 137, 68



0, 78, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



120, 120, 206



197, 93, 151



46, 137, 68



0, 86, 148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



120, 120, 206



222, 222, 255



120, 163, 206



107, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



120, 120, 206



128, 128, 255



163, 120, 206



92, 92, 102



0, 0, 166



0, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 120, 206



255, 128, 255



120, 206, 163



102, 92, 102



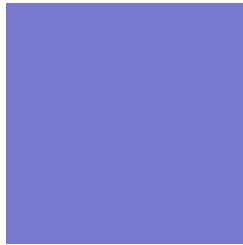
166, 0, 166



38, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 120, 120, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

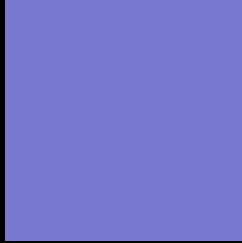
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 120, 120, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 120, 120, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 120, 120, 206.

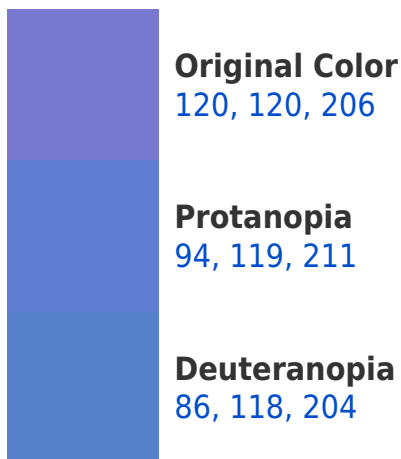



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 120, 120, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

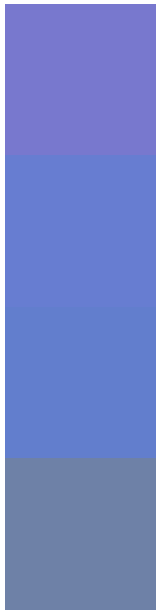
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
104, 121, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color

120, 120, 206

Protanomaly

103, 121, 209

Deuteranomaly

98, 120, 205

Tritanomaly

110, 124, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color

120, 120, 206

Achromatopsia

130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly

126, 126, 158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 120, 120, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 120, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 120, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 120, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 120, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 120, 120, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 120, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 120, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 120, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120, 206); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120, 206); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120, 206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 120, 120, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 120, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
120, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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