

# Converting Colors

`RYB(121, 143, 163)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(121, 143, 163) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(121, 143, 163)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79A39F
RGB	121, 163, 159
RGB Percent	47%, 64%, 62%
CMY	0.5255, 0.3608, 0.3758
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.02, 0.36
HSL	175°, 19%, 56%
HSV	175°, 26%, 64%
XYZ	27.2562, 32.7689, 37.7721
YIQ	149.9860, -23.7480, -10.1480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

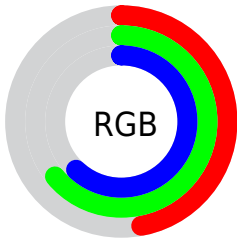
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 143, 163
Decimal	7971743
CIELab	63.97, -14.99, -2.64
CIELCh	64, 15.224, 190.003
Yxy	32.7689, 0.2787, 0.3351
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286161823 (0xFF79A39F)
YUV	149.9860, 4.4439, -25.4207
Hunter-Lab	57.2441, -15.1863, 0.9487

# Details

The RYB color **121, 143, 163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **163, 121, 125**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 197, 218**, and **71, 92, 111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 135, 163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 151, 163**.

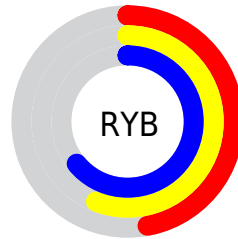
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (64%)

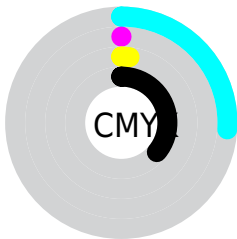
Blue (62%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (64%)

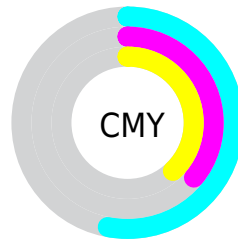


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 121, 143, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 121, 143, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 121, 143, 163


255, 255, 255

 174, 197, 218

 202, 226, 247

 230, 243, 255

 121, 143, 163


 95, 117, 137

 71, 92, 111


 47, 68, 87

 22, 43, 63


 0, 21, 41


 0, 12, 22

 0, 0, 0

 121, 143, 163

 105, 135, 163

 121, 143, 163

 137, 151, 163

■ 88, 127, 163

■ 154, 159, 163

■ 72, 120, 163

■ 170, 163, 164

■ 56, 112, 163

■ 186, 163, 165

■ 39, 104, 163

■ 203, 163, 167

■ 23, 96, 163

■ 219, 163, 168

■ 7, 89, 163

■ 235, 163, 170

■ 0, 85, 163

■ 251, 163, 171

■ 255, 163, 173

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131, 152, 162



121, 143, 163



120, 143, 172

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 143, 163



163, 150, 176



174, 170, 130

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 143, 163



163, 121, 125

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182, 149, 138



121, 143, 163



177, 147, 165

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 143, 163



146, 153, 181



183, 146, 151



134, 161, 128

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 143, 163



125, 146, 178



183, 146, 151



177, 162, 132



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 143, 163



195, 204, 212



121, 163, 159



96, 102, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 143, 163



146, 181, 212



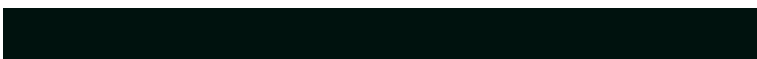
121, 137, 163



73, 78, 82



0, 76, 145



0, 10, 18



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 121, 125



212, 146, 152



163, 150, 121



82, 73, 74



145, 0, 13



18, 0, 2



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 121, 143, 163 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

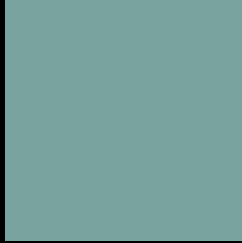
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 121, 143, 163 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

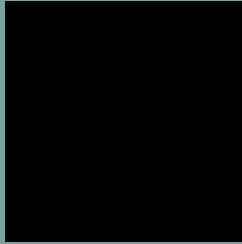
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 121, 143, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 121, 143, 163.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 121, 143, 163.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
124, 145, 174

# Trichromacy



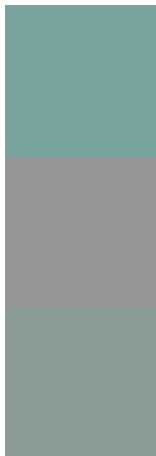
**Original Color**  
121, 143, 163

**Protanomaly**  
144, 151, 157

**Deuteranomaly**  
150, 153, 161

**Tritanomaly**  
123, 144, 169

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
121, 143, 163

**Achromatopsia**  
150, 150, 150

**Achromatomaly**  
139, 148, 155

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 121, 143, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 163, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 163, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 163, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 163, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 121, 143, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 163, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 163, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 163, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 163, 159); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 163, 159); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 163, 159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 121, 143, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 163, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
163, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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