

Converting Colors

`RYB(121, 193, 217)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(121, 193, 217) contains.

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Color

R_YB(121, 193, 217)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79D999
RGB	121, 217, 153
RGB Percent	47%, 85%, 60%
CMY	0.5255, 0.1490, 0.4000
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.29, 0.15
HSL	140°, 56%, 66%
HSV	140°, 44%, 85%
XYZ	38.4478, 55.9906, 38.9178
YIQ	181.0000, -36.6720, -40.2560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

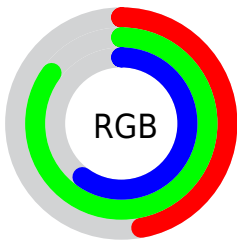
Format	Color
RYB	121, 193, 217
Decimal	7985561
CIELab	79.61, -42.32, 22.91
CIELCh	80, 48.123, 151.576
Yxy	55.9906, 0.2883, 0.4199
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286175641 (0xFF79D999)
YUV	181.0000, -13.8040, -52.6200
Hunter-Lab	74.8268, -39.2295, 21.5417

Details

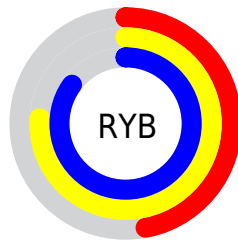
The RYB color **121, 193, 217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **217, 121, 185**, and the grayscale version is **181, 181, 181**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 233, 255**, and **64, 134, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **99, 187, 217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 199, 217**.

Distribution



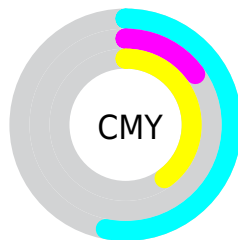
- Red (47%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 121, 193, 217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 121, 193, 217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 121, 193, 217


255, 255, 255


 177, 233, 255


 206, 236, 255

 236, 246, 255

 121, 193, 217

 93, 164, 189

 64, 134, 161

 32, 104, 135

 0, 73, 109

 0, 61, 84

 0, 51, 59

 0, 39, 39

 0, 0, 0

 121, 193, 217

 121, 193, 217

■ 99, 187, 217

■ 143, 199, 217

■ 78, 182, 217

■ 164, 204, 217

■ 56, 177, 217

■ 186, 209, 217

■ 34, 171, 217

■ 208, 215, 217

■ 13, 166, 217

■ 229, 217, 225

■ 0, 163, 217

■ 251, 217, 240

■ 255, 217, 254

■ 255, 217, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119, 209, 151



121, 193, 217



34, 134, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121, 193, 217



131, 176, 255



255, 168, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121, 193, 217



217, 121, 185

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 161, 197



121, 193, 217



205, 185, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121, 193, 217



0, 116, 255



255, 169, 241



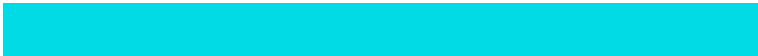
255, 230, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121, 193, 217



0, 112, 229



255, 169, 241



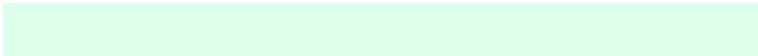
255, 163, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121, 193, 217



222, 247, 255



121, 217, 153



107, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121, 193, 217



120, 221, 255



121, 173, 217



99, 108, 110



0, 130, 173



0, 35, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217, 121, 185



255, 120, 210



217, 121, 137



110, 99, 106



173, 0, 116



46, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 121, 193, 217 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

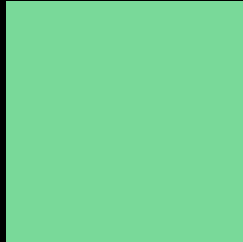
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 121, 193, 217 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 121, 193, 217 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 121, 193, 217.

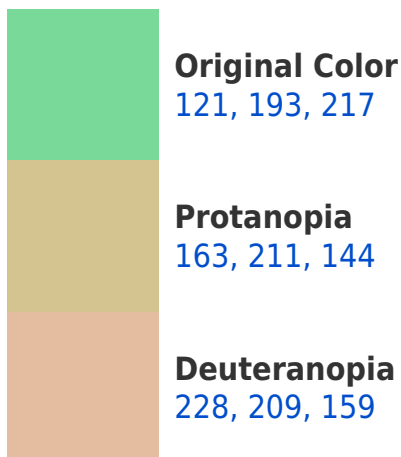


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 121, 193, 217.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
138, 177, 225

Trichromacy



Original Color

121, 193, 217



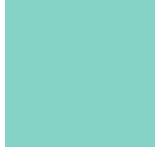
Protanomaly

147, 204, 173



Deuteranomaly

157, 199, 167



Tritanomaly

132, 175, 211

Monochromacy



Original Color

121, 193, 217



Achromatopsia

181, 181, 181



Achromatomaly

159, 185, 194

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 121, 193, 217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 217, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 217, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 217, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 217, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 121, 193, 217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 217, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 217, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 217, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 217, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 217, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 217,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 121, 193, 217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 217, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
217, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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