

Converting Colors

`RYB(122, 144, 143)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(122, 144, 143) contains.

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Color

`RYB(122, 144, 143)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B907A
RGB	123, 144, 122
RGB Percent	48%, 56%, 48%
CMY	0.5176, 0.4353, 0.5216
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.15, 0.44
HSL	117°, 9%, 52%
HSV	117°, 15%, 56%
XYZ	21.6545, 25.5626, 22.2051
YIQ	135.2130, -5.4540, -11.2940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

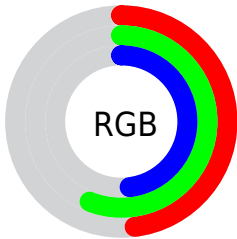
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 144, 143
Decimal	8097914
CIE _{Lab}	57.62, -11.95, 9.21
CIE _{LCh}	58, 15.083, 142.377
Yxy	25.5626, 0.3119, 0.3682
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286287994 (0xFF7B907A)
YUV	135.2130, -6.5140, -10.7108
Hunter-Lab	50.5595, -12.0280, 9.3522

Details

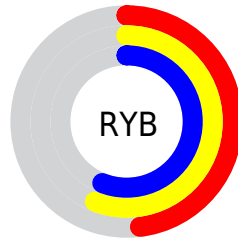
The RYB color **122, 144, 143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **143, 122, 144**, and the grayscale version is **135, 135, 135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 198, 196**, and **73, 94, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **108, 144, 143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 144, 143**.

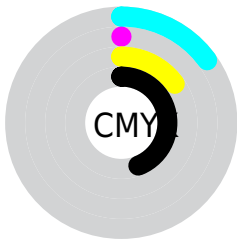
Distribution



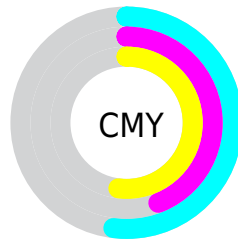
- Red (48%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (52%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 122, 144, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 122, 144, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 122, 144, 143


255, 255, 255

 174, 198, 196


 202, 226, 225

 230, 255, 254

 122, 144, 143

 97, 118, 117

 73, 94, 93

 51, 70, 70


 30, 48, 48

 5, 27, 25

 0, 0, 0


 122, 144, 143

 108, 144, 143

 93, 144, 141

 122, 144, 143

 136, 144, 143

 150, 144, 151

■ 79, 144, 141

■ 164, 144, 165

■ 64, 144, 140

■ 178, 144, 180

■ 50, 144, 140

■ 192, 144, 194

■ 36, 144, 139

■ 205, 144, 208

■ 21, 144, 138

■ 219, 144, 223

■ 7, 144, 138

■ 233, 144, 237

■ 0, 144, 137

■ 247, 144, 252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 141, 117



122, 144, 143



110, 132, 146

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 144, 143



119, 134, 164



166, 130, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 144, 143



143, 122, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163, 129, 142



122, 144, 143



137, 136, 163

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 144, 143



107, 129, 159



152, 132, 155



162, 139, 118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 144, 143



105, 126, 146



152, 132, 155



166, 129, 133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 144, 143



177, 186, 186



123, 144, 122



89, 94, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 144, 143



153, 186, 185



122, 137, 144



64, 71, 70



0, 135, 129



0, 8, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143, 122, 144



185, 153, 186



144, 122, 134



71, 64, 71



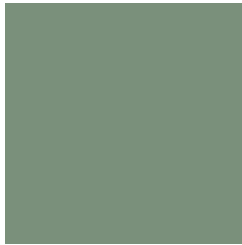
129, 0, 135



7, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 122, 144, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 122, 144, 143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 122, 144, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 122, 144, 143.



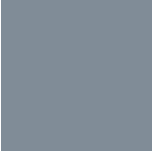
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 122, 144, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
128, 136, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color

122, 144, 143

Protanomaly

120, 140, 123

Deuteranomaly

136, 145, 123

Tritanomaly

126, 134, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color

122, 144, 143

Achromatopsia

135, 135, 135

Achromatomaly

130, 138, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 122, 144, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 144, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 144, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 144, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 144, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 122, 144, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 144, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 144, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 144, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 144, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 144, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 144,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 122, 144, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 144, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
144, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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