

Converting Colors

`RYB(122, 151, 167)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(122, 151, 167) contains.

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Color

R_YB(122, 151, 167)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AA793
RGB	122, 167, 147
RGB Percent	48%, 65%, 58%
CMY	0.5216, 0.3451, 0.4242
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.12, 0.35
HSL	153°, 20%, 57%
HSV	153°, 27%, 65%
XYZ	27.0977, 33.8762, 32.6434
YIQ	151.2650, -20.4000, -15.7600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

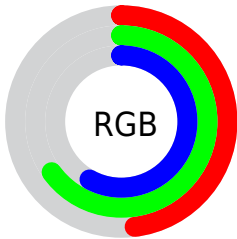
Format	Color
RYB	122, 151, 167
Decimal	8038291
CIELab	64.86, -19.47, 5.56
CIELCh	65, 20.252, 164.054
Yxy	33.8762, 0.2895, 0.3619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286228371 (0xFF7AA793)
YUV	151.2650, -2.1026, -25.6654
Hunter-Lab	58.2032, -18.7514, 7.4893

Details

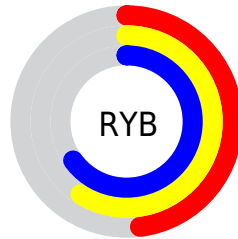
The RYB color **122, 151, 167** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **167, 122, 142**, and the grayscale version is **151, 151, 151**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 205, 222**, and **72, 100, 115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 145, 167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 157, 167**.

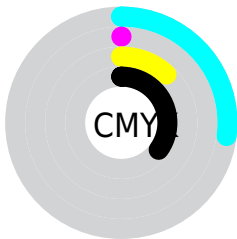
Distribution



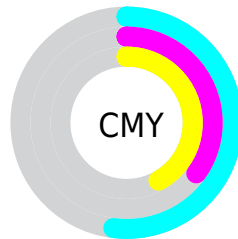
- Red (48%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 122, 151, 167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 122, 151, 167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 122, 151, 167


255, 255, 255


 175, 205, 222

 203, 234, 251

 231, 243, 255

 122, 151, 167

 96, 125, 141

 72, 100, 115

 48, 74, 90

 24, 50, 66


 0, 27, 44

 0, 22, 25


 0, 0, 0

 122, 151, 167


 105, 145, 167


 122, 151, 167


 139, 157, 167

 89, 139, 167


 155, 163, 167

 72, 133, 167


 172, 167, 169


 55, 127, 167


 189, 167, 177

 38, 121, 167

 205, 167, 184

 22, 115, 167

 222, 167, 192

 5, 110, 167

 239, 167, 199

 0, 108, 167

 255, 167, 207

 255, 167, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131, 164, 153



122, 151, 167



109, 139, 168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122, 151, 167



148, 155, 192



192, 151, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122, 151, 167



167, 122, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 145, 149



122, 151, 167



171, 150, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122, 151, 167



124, 148, 192



188, 146, 168



174, 180, 123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122, 151, 167



107, 139, 177



188, 146, 168



194, 147, 138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122, 151, 167



199, 211, 217



122, 167, 147



99, 106, 110



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122, 151, 167



147, 192, 217



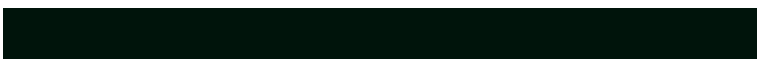
122, 144, 167



76, 81, 84



0, 95, 148



0, 13, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167, 122, 142



217, 147, 178



167, 124, 122



84, 76, 80



148, 0, 66



20, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 122, 151, 167 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

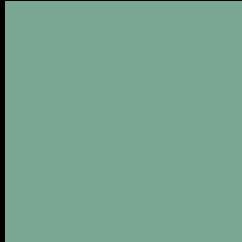
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 122, 151, 167 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

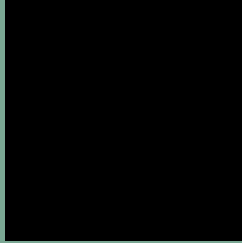
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 122, 151, 167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 122, 151, 167.

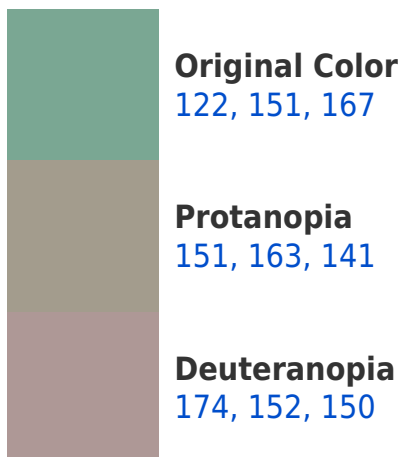


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 122, 151, 167.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
128, 148, 176

Trichromacy



Original Color
122, 151, 167

Protanomaly
143, 160, 155

Deuteranomaly
149, 157, 151

Tritanomaly
126, 145, 165

Monochromacy



Original Color
122, 151, 167

Achromatopsia
151, 151, 151

Achromatomaly
140, 151, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 122, 151, 167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 167, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 167, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 167, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 167, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 122, 151, 167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 167, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 167, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 167, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 167, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 167, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 167,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 122, 151, 167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 167, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
167, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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