

Converting Colors

`RYB(123, 150, 120)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(123, 150, 120) contains.

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Color

R_YB(123, 150, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	969378
RGB	150, 147, 120
RGB Percent	59%, 58%, 47%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4225, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.20, 0.41
HSL	55°, 13%, 53%
HSV	55°, 20%, 59%
XYZ	26.4440, 28.7925, 21.9331
YIQ	144.8190, 10.4550, -7.7610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

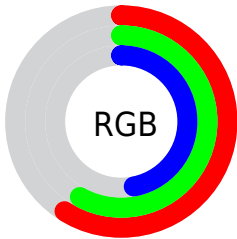
Format	Color
RYB	123, 150, 120
Decimal	9868152
CIELab	60.60, -3.75, 14.83
CIElCh	61, 15.293, 104.201
Yxy	28.7925, 0.3427, 0.3731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288058232 (0xFF969378)
YUV	144.8190, -12.2358, 4.5437
Hunter-Lab	53.6586, -5.9342, 13.3261

Details

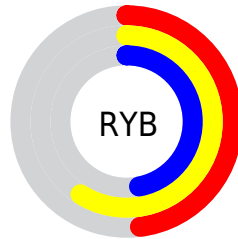
The RYB color **123, 150, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **120, 123, 150**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 204, 172**, and **73, 99, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109, 150, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 150, 135**.

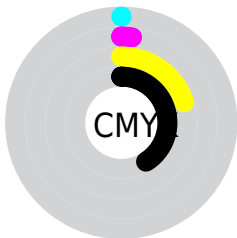
Distribution



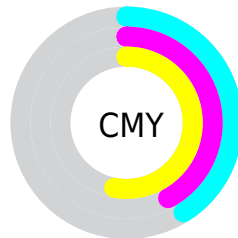
- Red (59%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 123, 150, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 123, 150, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 123, 150, 120

255, 255, 255

■ 175, 204, 172

■ 205, 233, 200

■ 228, 255, 228

■ 123, 150, 120

■ 97, 124, 95

■ 73, 99, 71

■ 51, 75, 49

■ 29, 52, 28

■ 3, 31, 2

■ 0, 4, 4

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 123, 150, 120

■ 109, 150, 105

■ 123, 150, 120

■ 136, 150, 135

■ 95, 150, 90

■ 150, 150, 150

■ 83, 150, 75

■ 150, 151, 165

■ 69, 150, 60

■ 150, 153, 180

■ 56, 150, 45

■ 150, 154, 195

■ 42, 150, 30

■ 150, 155, 210

■ 28, 150, 15

■ 150, 156, 225

■ 15, 150, 0

■ 150, 157, 240

■ 150, 159, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159, 163, 121



123, 150, 120



127, 151, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 150, 120



112, 135, 164



169, 138, 154

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 150, 120



120, 123, 150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 141, 166



123, 150, 120



123, 140, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 150, 120



111, 133, 154



139, 144, 172



174, 137, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 150, 120



125, 146, 153



139, 144, 172



165, 138, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 150, 120



183, 194, 182



150, 120, 123



91, 97, 90



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 150, 120



151, 194, 147



120, 150, 132



68, 74, 67



14, 138, 0



1, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 123, 150



147, 152, 194



132, 120, 150



67, 67, 74



0, 12, 138



0, 1, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 123, 150, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

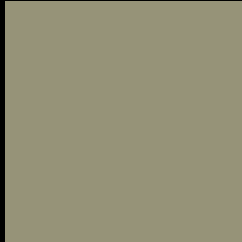
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 123, 150, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

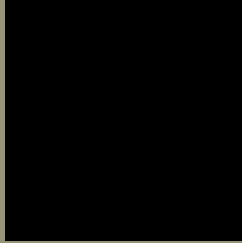
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 123, 150, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 123, 150, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 123, 150, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
123, 150, 120

Protanopia
131, 155, 119

Deuteranopia
169, 152, 121



Tritanopia
154, 143, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

123, 150, 120

Protanomaly

128, 153, 119

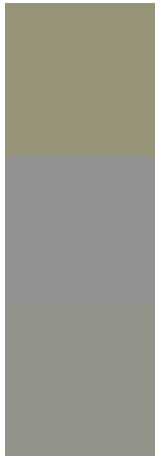
Deuteranomaly

156, 162, 121

Tritanomaly

153, 146, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color

123, 150, 120

Achromatopsia

145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly

137, 147, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 123, 150, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(150, 147, 120) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 147, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 147, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 147, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 123, 150, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 147, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 147, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 147, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 147, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 147, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 147,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 123, 150, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 147, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
147, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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