

Converting Colors

`RYB(123, 168, 138)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(123, 168, 138) contains.

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Color

R_YB(123, 168, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99A87B
RGB	153, 168, 123
RGB Percent	60%, 66%, 48%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3412, 0.5176
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.27, 0.34
HSL	80°, 21%, 57%
HSV	80°, 27%, 66%
XYZ	30.7147, 36.2076, 24.1088
YIQ	158.3850, 5.5050, -17.1750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

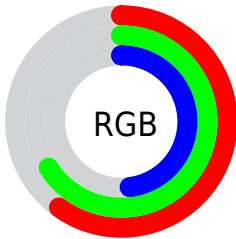
Format	Color
RYB	123, 168, 138
Decimal	10070139
CIELab	66.68, -13.26, 21.55
CIELCh	67, 25.304, 121.595
Yxy	36.2076, 0.3374, 0.3978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288260219 (0xFF99A87B)
YUV	158.3850, -17.4448, -4.7226
Hunter-Lab	60.1728, -14.1886, 18.3658

Details

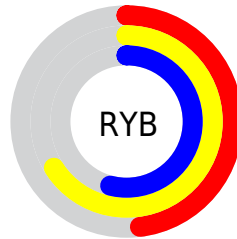
The RYB color **123, 168, 138** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **138, 123, 168**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176, 223, 191**, and **74, 116, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106, 168, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140, 168, 149**.

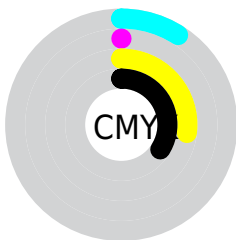
Distribution



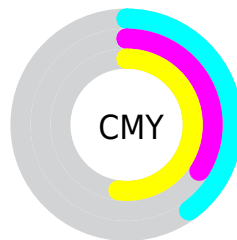
- Red (60%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 123, 168, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 123, 168, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 123, 168, 138

255, 255, 255

■ 176, 223, 191

■ 203, 252, 219

■ 231, 255, 231

■ 123, 168, 138

■ 98, 142, 113

■ 74, 116, 89

■ 51, 91, 65

■ 29, 68, 43

■ 5, 46, 19

■ 0, 26, 23

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 123, 168, 138

■ 106, 168, 127

■ 123, 168, 138

■ 140, 168, 149

■ 89, 168, 115

■ 157, 168, 161

■ 73, 168, 105

■ 170, 168, 173

■ 56, 168, 93

■ 175, 168, 190

■ 39, 168, 82

■ 181, 168, 207

■ 22, 168, 71

■ 187, 168, 224

■ 5, 168, 59

■ 192, 168, 241

■ 0, 168, 56

■ 198, 168, 255

■ 203, 168, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141, 178, 117



123, 168, 138



127, 163, 173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 168, 138



107, 145, 202



206, 146, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 168, 138



138, 123, 168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193, 149, 184



123, 168, 138



136, 156, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 168, 138



94, 137, 185



167, 156, 201



207, 148, 139

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 168, 138



111, 149, 175



167, 156, 201



203, 146, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 168, 138



202, 219, 208



168, 146, 123



99, 110, 103



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 168, 138



149, 219, 172



123, 168, 161



76, 84, 79



0, 148, 49



0, 20, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138, 123, 168



173, 149, 219



161, 123, 168



79, 76, 84



49, 0, 148



7, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 123, 168, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

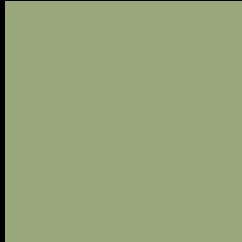
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 123, 168, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

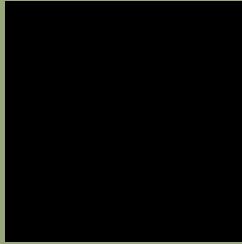
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 123, 168, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 123, 168, 138.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 123, 168, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
123, 168, 138

Protanopia
135, 174, 120

Deuteranopia
190, 179, 126



Tritanopia
160, 161, 174

Trichromacy



Original Color

123, 168, 138

Protanomaly

123, 166, 121

Deuteranomaly

150, 177, 125

Tritanomaly

155, 164, 162

Monochromacy



Original Color

123, 168, 138

Achromatopsia

158, 158, 158

Achromatomaly

145, 162, 151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 123, 168, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 168, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 168, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 168, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 168, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 123, 168, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

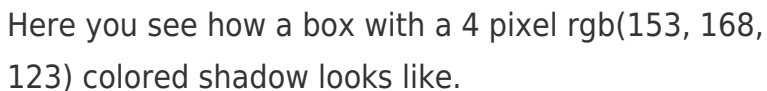
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 168, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 168, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 168, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 168, 123); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 168, 123); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 168, 123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 123, 168, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 168, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
168, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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