

Converting Colors

`RYB(123, 189, 55)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(123, 189, 55) contains.

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Color

`RYB(123, 189, 55)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD9037
RGB	189, 144, 55
RGB Percent	74%, 56%, 22%
CMY	0.2588, 0.4357, 0.7843
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.71, 0.26
HSL	40°, 55%, 48%
HSV	40°, 71%, 74%
XYZ	31.6326, 31.0082, 7.9324
YIQ	147.3090, 55.3890, -18.1390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

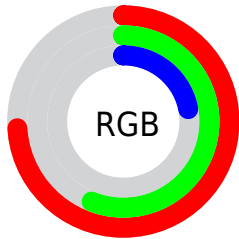
Format	Color
RYB	123, 189, 55
Decimal	12423223
CIELab	62.51, 8.07, 51.84
CIElCh	63, 52.465, 81.147
Yxy	31.0082, 0.4482, 0.4394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290613303 (0xFFBD9037)
YUV	147.3090, -45.5083, 36.5630
Hunter-Lab	55.6850, 3.9506, 30.5336

Details

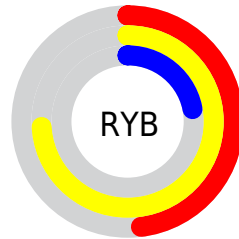
The RYB color **123, 189, 55** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. A complement of this color would be **55, 89, 189**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187, 249, 107**, and **53, 132, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113, 189, 36**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133, 189, 74**.

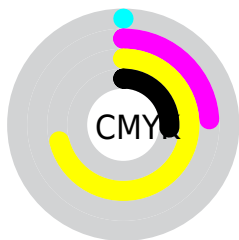
Distribution



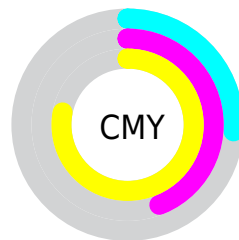
- Red (74%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (26%)





- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 123, 189, 55 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 123, 189, 55 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 123, 189, 55

 123, 189, 55


255, 255, 255

 90, 160, 28

 189, 249, 107

 53, 132, 0

 173, 255, 133

 51, 104, 0

 161, 255, 160

 47, 77, 0

 188, 255, 188

 42, 51, 0

 216, 255, 216

 27, 2, 0

 245, 255, 245

 0, 0, 0

 123, 189, 55

 123, 189, 55

 113, 189, 36

 133, 189, 74

105, 189, 17

141, 189, 93

97, 189, 0

151, 189, 112

162, 189, 131

170, 189, 150

179, 189, 168

189, 189, 187

189, 193, 206

189, 198, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 148, 80



123, 189, 55



59, 159, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123, 189, 55



0, 89, 183



195, 125, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123, 189, 55



55, 89, 189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 142, 238



123, 189, 55



0, 96, 223

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123, 189, 55



0, 97, 173



0, 96, 243



230, 111, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123, 189, 55



78, 166, 134



0, 96, 243



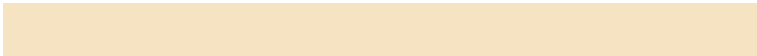
177, 132, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123, 189, 55



221, 245, 193



189, 55, 102



107, 122, 92



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123, 189, 55



143, 245, 37



55, 189, 75



90, 94, 85



80, 158, 0



17, 31, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 89, 189



37, 89, 245



75, 55, 189



85, 87, 94



0, 40, 158



0, 8, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 123, 189, 55 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 123, 189, 55 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

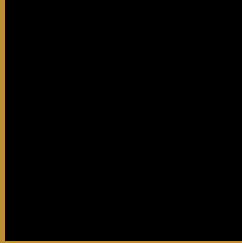
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 123, 189, 55 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 123, 189, 55.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 123, 189, 55.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

123, 189, 55

Protanopia

77, 169, 57

Deuteranopia

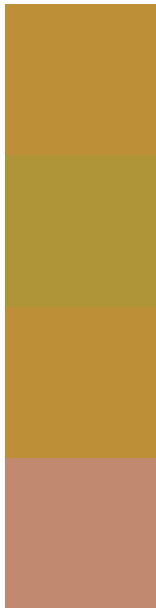
123, 189, 55



Tritanopia

195, 135, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color

123, 189, 55

Protanomaly

91, 176, 56

Deuteranomaly

123, 189, 55

Tritanomaly

193, 150, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

123, 189, 55

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

138, 162, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 123, 189, 55 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 144, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 144, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 144, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 144, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 123, 189, 55 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 144, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 144, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 144, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 144, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 144, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 144,  
55) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 123, 189, 55 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 144, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
144, 55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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