

Converting Colors

`RYB(126, 120, 139)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(126, 120, 139) contains.

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Color

R_YB(126, 120, 139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E788B
RGB	126, 120, 139
RGB Percent	49%, 47%, 55%
CMY	0.5059, 0.5294, 0.4549
CMYK	0.09, 0.14, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	259°, 8%, 51%
HSV	259°, 14%, 55%
XYZ	19.9809, 19.7326, 27.1818
YIQ	123.9600, -2.5230, 7.1810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

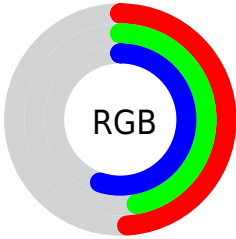
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 120, 139
Decimal	8288395
CIE Lab	51.53, 6.21, -9.49
CIE LCh	52, 11.344, 303.175
Yxy	19.7326, 0.2987, 0.2950
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286478475 (0xFF7E788B)
YUV	123.9600, 7.4147, 1.7891
Hunter-Lab	44.4214, 2.5522, -5.1849

Details

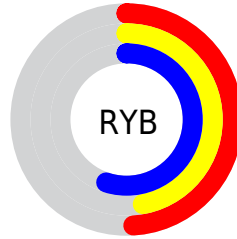
The RYB color **126, 120, 139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **120, 139, 126**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179, 172, 192**, and **77, 72, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116, 106, 139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 134, 139**.

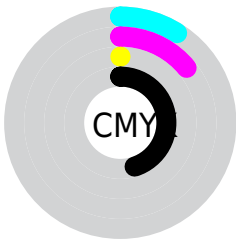
Distribution



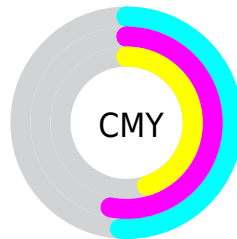
- Red (49%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 126, 120, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 126, 120, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 126, 120, 139

255, 255, 255

■ 179, 172, 192

■ 206, 200, 220

■ 234, 228, 249

■ 126, 120, 139

■ 101, 95, 114

■ 77, 72, 89

■ 54, 49, 66

■ 33, 28, 44

■ 11, 2, 23

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 126, 120, 139

■ 116, 106, 139

■ 107, 92, 139

■ 126, 120, 139

■ 136, 134, 139

■ 139, 148, 142

■ 97, 78, 139

■ 139, 162, 146

■ 88, 64, 139

■ 139, 176, 151

■ 78, 51, 139

■ 139, 189, 154

■ 69, 37, 139

■ 139, 203, 159

■ 59, 23, 139

■ 139, 217, 163

■ 50, 9, 139

■ 139, 231, 168

■ 44, 0, 139

■ 139, 245, 172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 121, 142



126, 120, 139



137, 117, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 120, 139



138, 128, 106



100, 116, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 120, 139



120, 139, 126

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108, 123, 128



126, 120, 139



116, 130, 104

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 120, 139



143, 118, 113



106, 125, 112



98, 114, 133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 120, 139



141, 116, 125



106, 125, 112



102, 117, 128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 120, 139



176, 174, 181



120, 128, 139



89, 87, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 120, 139



161, 152, 181



135, 120, 139



64, 62, 69



42, 0, 133



2, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139, 120, 133



181, 152, 172



120, 139, 135



69, 62, 67



133, 0, 91



5, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 126, 120, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 126, 120, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

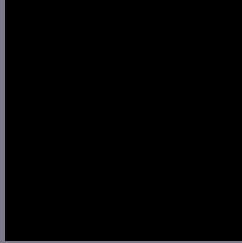
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 126, 120, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 126, 120, 139.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 126, 120, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
126, 120, 139

Protanopia
120, 122, 140

Deuteranopia
127, 120, 139



Tritanopia
125, 121, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

126, 120, 139

Protanomaly

122, 121, 140

Deuteranomaly

127, 120, 139

Tritanomaly

125, 121, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

126, 120, 139

Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly

125, 123, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 126, 120, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(126, 120, 139) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 120, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 120, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 120, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 126, 120, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

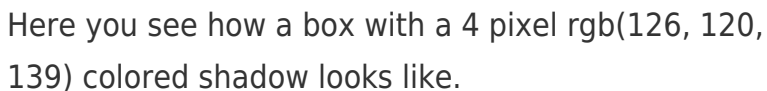
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 120, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 120, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 120, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 120, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 120, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 120,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 126, 120, 139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 120, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
120, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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