

Converting Colors

`RYB(126, 183, 85)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(126, 183, 85) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(126, 183, 85)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B79A55
RGB	183, 154, 85
RGB Percent	72%, 60%, 33%
CMY	0.2824, 0.3957, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.54, 0.28
HSL	42°, 40%, 53%
HSV	42°, 54%, 72%
XYZ	32.7392, 33.8652, 13.4054
YIQ	154.8050, 39.4330, -15.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

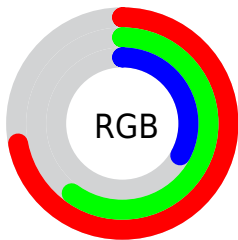
Format	Color
RYB	126, 183, 85
Decimal	12032597
CIELab	64.86, 1.98, 39.91
CIELCh	65, 39.959, 87.162
Yxy	33.8652, 0.4092, 0.4233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290222677 (0xFFB79A55)
YUV	154.8050, -34.4139, 24.7270
Hunter-Lab	58.1939, -1.4172, 27.0778

Details

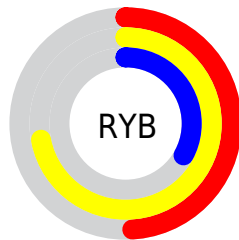
The RYB color **126, 183, 85** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **85, 107, 183**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184, 241, 136**, and **70, 128, 36** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115, 183, 67**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 183, 103**.

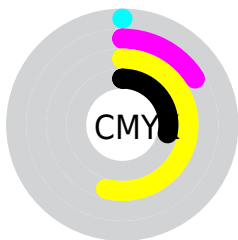
Distribution



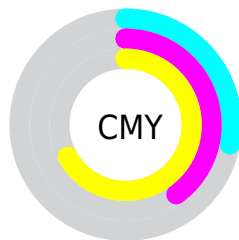
- Red (72%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 126, 183, 85 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 126, 183, 85 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



126, 183, 85



126, 183, 85

255, 255, 255



98, 155, 60



184, 241, 136



70, 128, 36



185, 255, 163



39, 101, 10



190, 255, 190



24, 75, 0



219, 255, 219



21, 50, 0



247, 255, 247



17, 25, 0



0, 0, 0



126, 183, 85



126, 183, 85



115, 183, 67



137, 183, 103

■ 105, 183, 48

■ 148, 183, 122

■ 94, 183, 30

■ 159, 183, 140

■ 83, 183, 12

■ 168, 183, 158

■ 77, 183, 0

■ 180, 183, 177

■ 183, 185, 195

■ 183, 190, 213

■ 183, 194, 231

■ 183, 198, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211, 167, 98



126, 183, 85



92, 165, 110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 183, 85



0, 91, 189



199, 136, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 183, 85



85, 107, 183

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 149, 221



126, 183, 85



0, 96, 217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 183, 85



46, 117, 176



95, 140, 228



222, 129, 162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 183, 85



107, 170, 158



95, 140, 228



187, 140, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



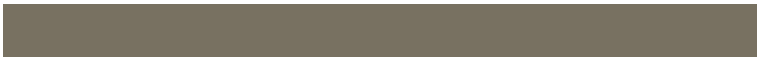
126, 183, 85



214, 237, 199



183, 85, 114



107, 120, 97



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 183, 85



149, 237, 85



85, 183, 105



88, 92, 83



65, 156, 0



11, 28, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 107, 183



85, 120, 237



105, 85, 183



83, 85, 92



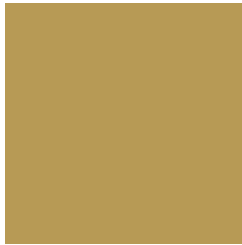
0, 36, 156



0, 6, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 126, 183, 85 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 126, 183, 85 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 126, 183, 85 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 126, 183, 85.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 126, 183, 85.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

126, 183, 85

Protanopia

104, 173, 86

Deuteranopia

158, 193, 86



Tritanopia
190, 146, 157

Trichromacy



Original Color

126, 183, 85

Protanomaly

112, 177, 86

Deuteranomaly

146, 189, 86

Tritanomaly

187, 158, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

126, 183, 85

Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly

144, 165, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 126, 183, 85 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 154, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 154, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 154, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 154, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 126, 183, 85 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 154, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 154, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 154, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 154, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 154, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 154,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 183, 154, 85 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 154, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
154, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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