

# Converting Colors

`RYB(126, 74, 132)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(126, 74, 132) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(126, 74, 132)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7E4A84
RGB	126, 74, 132
RGB Percent	49%, 29%, 52%
CMY	0.5059, 0.7098, 0.4824
CMYK	0.05, 0.44, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	294°, 28%, 40%
HSV	294°, 44%, 52%
XYZ	15.2178, 10.9991, 23.1508
YIQ	96.1600, 12.3740, 29.0620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

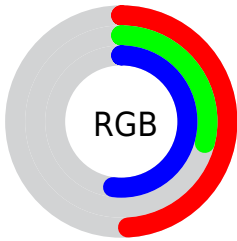
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	126, 74, 132
Decimal	8276612
CIELab	39.58, 31.94, -23.55
CIElCh	40, 39.679, 323.602
Yxy	10.9991, 0.3083, 0.2228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286466692 (0xFF7E4A84)
YUV	96.1600, 17.6691, 26.1697
Hunter-Lab	33.1649, 23.8666, -18.1719

# Details

The RYB color **126, 74, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **74, 132, 126**, and the grayscale version is **96, 96, 96**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180, 124, 185**, and **75, 27, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125, 61, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127, 87, 132**.

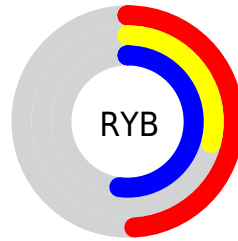
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (29%)

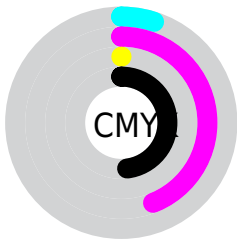
Blue (52%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (52%)

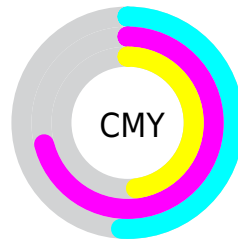


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 126, 74, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 126, 74, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 126, 74, 132       126, 74, 132

255, 255, 255       100, 50, 107

 180, 124, 185       75, 27, 82


 208, 150, 213       51, 2, 59

 236, 178, 242       33, 0, 37

 255, 205, 255       0, 1, 13

 255, 234, 255       0, 0, 0

 126, 74, 132       126, 74, 132

 125, 61, 132       127, 87, 132

 123, 48, 132       129, 100, 132

■ 122, 34, 132

■ 130, 114, 132

■ 121, 21, 132

■ 131, 127, 132

■ 119, 8, 132

■ 132, 140, 139

■ 118, 0, 132

■ 132, 153, 151

■ 132, 166, 162

■ 132, 180, 175

■ 132, 193, 187

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82, 88, 153



126, 74, 132



148, 64, 102

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 74, 132



65, 117, 25



0, 57, 118

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 74, 132



74, 132, 126

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 61, 109



126, 74, 132



29, 99, 42

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 74, 132



140, 96, 42



45, 98, 105



0, 61, 145

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 74, 132



153, 64, 80



45, 98, 105



0, 55, 109



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 74, 132



169, 149, 171



74, 80, 132



85, 73, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 74, 132



161, 80, 171



132, 74, 110



66, 60, 66



117, 0, 130



2, 0, 3



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 74, 80



171, 80, 90



74, 116, 132



66, 60, 60



130, 0, 13

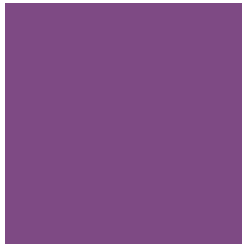


3, 0, 0



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 126, 74, 132 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

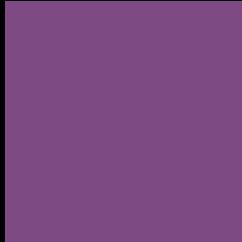
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 126, 74, 132 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

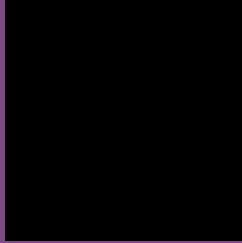
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 126, 74, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 126, 74, 132.

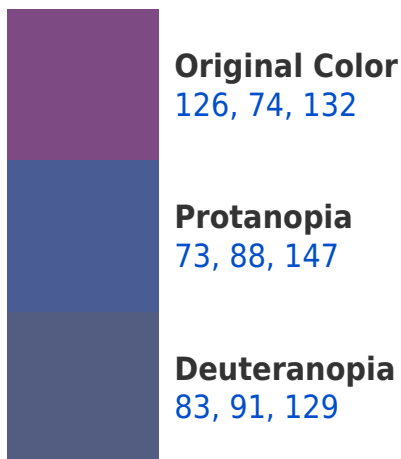


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 126, 74, 132.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
120, 83, 90

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

126, 74, 132

**Protanomaly**

92, 85, 142

**Deuteranomaly**

99, 85, 130

**Tritanomaly**

122, 80, 105

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

126, 74, 132

**Achromatopsia**

96, 96, 96

**Achromatomaly**

107, 88, 109

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 126, 74, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(126, 74, 132) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 74, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 74, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 74, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 126, 74, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 74, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 74, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 74, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 74, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 74, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 74,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 74, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 74, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 74,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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