

Converting Colors

`RYB(126, 98, 116)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(126, 98, 116) contains.

RYB(126, 98, 116)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(126, 98, 116)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E6274
RGB	126, 98, 116
RGB Percent	49%, 38%, 45%
CMY	0.5059, 0.6157, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.08, 0.51
HSL	321°, 12%, 44%
HSV	321°, 22%, 49%
XYZ	16.1243, 14.4319, 18.4588
YIQ	108.4240, 10.9100, 11.5340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

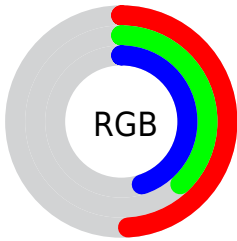
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 98, 116
Decimal	8282740
CIE Lab	44.85, 14.52, -5.78
CIE LCh	45, 15.632, 338.285
Yxy	14.4319, 0.3290, 0.2944
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286472820 (0xFF7E6274)
YUV	108.4240, 3.7350, 15.4142
Hunter-Lab	37.9894, 9.2813, -2.2161

Details

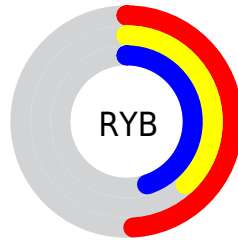
The RYB color **126, 98, 116** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **98, 119, 126**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179, 149, 168**, and **77, 51, 68** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126, 85, 111**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 111, 121**.

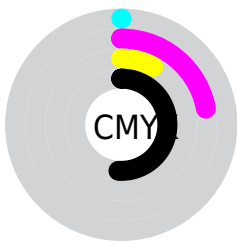
Distribution



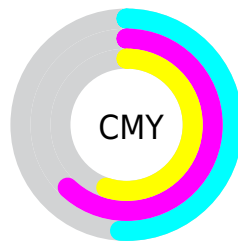
- Red (49%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 126, 98, 116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 126, 98, 116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



126, 98, 116



126, 98, 116

255, 255, 255



101, 74, 91



179, 149, 168



77, 51, 68



207, 176, 195



53, 30, 46



235, 203, 223



33, 7, 25



255, 231, 252



0, 0, 0



126, 98, 116



126, 98, 116



126, 85, 111



126, 111, 121



126, 73, 107



126, 123, 125



126, 60, 102



126, 133, 136

■ 126, 48, 98

■ 126, 142, 148

■ 126, 35, 93

■ 126, 152, 161

■ 126, 22, 89

■ 126, 161, 174

■ 126, 10, 84

■ 126, 170, 186

■ 126, 0, 81

■ 126, 180, 199

■ 126, 188, 211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113, 102, 127



126, 98, 116



133, 97, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126, 98, 116



87, 112, 80



70, 94, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126, 98, 116



98, 119, 126

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72, 94, 114



126, 98, 116



85, 110, 97

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126, 98, 116



124, 120, 82



83, 104, 113



79, 98, 130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126, 98, 116



133, 98, 94



83, 104, 113



69, 92, 118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126, 98, 116



163, 152, 159



108, 98, 126



82, 75, 79



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126, 98, 116



163, 119, 147



126, 98, 102



64, 57, 61



128, 0, 82



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 98, 116



163, 119, 147



98, 113, 126



64, 57, 61



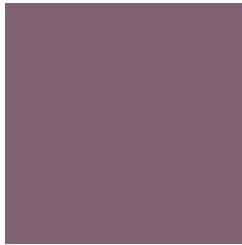
128, 0, 82



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 126, 98, 116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

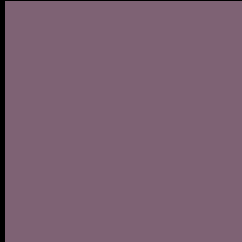
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 126, 98, 116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

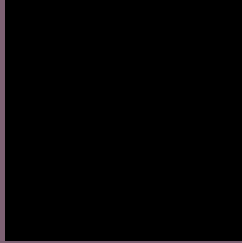
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 126, 98, 116 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 126, 98, 116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 126, 98, 116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[126, 98, 116](#)

Protanopia

[104, 105, 121](#)

Deuteranopia

[113, 103, 115](#)



Tritanopia
125, 100, 107

Trichromacy



Original Color
126, 98, 116

Protanomaly
112, 102, 119

Deuteranomaly
118, 101, 115

Tritanomaly
125, 99, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color
126, 98, 116

Achromatopsia
108, 108, 108

Achromatomaly
115, 104, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 126, 98, 116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(126, 98, 116) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 98, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 98, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 98, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 126, 98, 116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 98, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 98, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 98, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 98, 116); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 98, 116); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 98, 116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 126, 98, 116 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 98, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 98,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor