

Converting Colors

`RYB(127, 137, 166)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(127, 137, 166) contains.

RYB(127, 137, 166)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(127, 137, 166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F8CA6
RGB	127, 140, 166
RGB Percent	50%, 55%, 65%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4492, 0.3490
CMYK	0.23, 0.15, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	219°, 18%, 57%
HSV	219°, 23%, 65%
XYZ	25.0791, 26.1526, 39.8026
YIQ	139.0770, -16.0940, 5.3300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

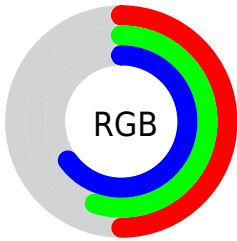
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 137, 166
Decimal	8359078
CIE Lab	58.18, 0.95, -15.10
CIE LCh	58, 15.134, 273.591
Yxy	26.1526, 0.2755, 0.2873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286549158 (0xFF7F8CA6)
YUV	139.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915
Hunter-Lab	51.1397, -1.9574, -10.3483

Details

The RYB color **127, 137, 166** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **147, 166, 127**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180, 190, 221**, and **77, 87, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110, 125, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144, 149, 166**.

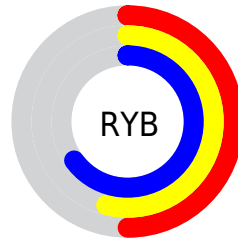
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (55%)

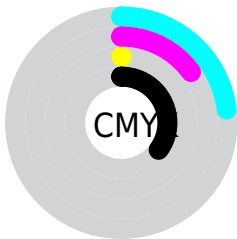
Blue (65%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (65%)

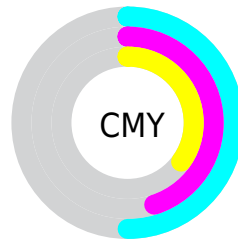


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 127, 137, 166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 127, 137, 166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 127, 137, 166

255, 255, 255

■ 180, 190, 221

■ 208, 219, 250

■ 236, 244, 255

■ 127, 137, 166

■ 102, 112, 140

■ 77, 87, 114

■ 53, 63, 90

■ 31, 41, 66

■ 8, 20, 44

■ 0, 1, 23

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 127, 137, 166

■ 110, 125, 166

■ 127, 137, 166

■ 144, 149, 166

■ 94, 113, 166

■ 160, 162, 166

■ 77, 100, 166

■ 172, 177, 166

■ 61, 88, 166

■ 180, 193, 166

■ 44, 75, 166

■ 189, 210, 166

■ 27, 63, 166

■ 198, 227, 166

■ 11, 50, 166

■ 205, 243, 166

■ 0, 42, 166

■ 207, 255, 166

■ 187, 255, 166

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112, 132, 163



127, 137, 166



144, 136, 162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



127, 137, 166



167, 133, 126



119, 139, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



127, 137, 166



147, 166, 127

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118, 144, 128



127, 137, 166



161, 147, 117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



127, 137, 166



167, 131, 139



128, 149, 114



108, 130, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



127, 137, 166



154, 133, 156



128, 149, 114



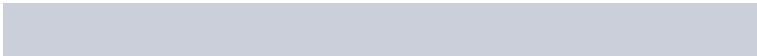
124, 146, 146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



127, 137, 166



202, 206, 217



127, 151, 166



101, 103, 110



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



127, 137, 166



156, 172, 217



133, 127, 166



76, 78, 84



0, 38, 148



0, 5, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166, 127, 140



217, 156, 177



127, 166, 133



84, 76, 79



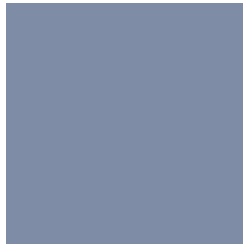
148, 0, 51



20, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 127, 137, 166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

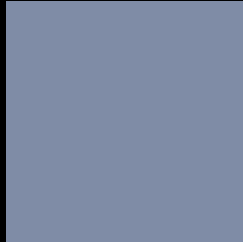
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 127, 137, 166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

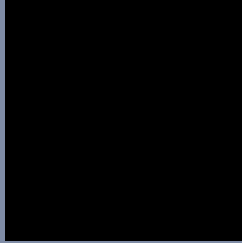
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 127, 137, 166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 127, 137, 166.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 127, 137, 166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

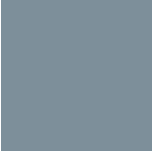
[127](#), [137](#), [166](#)

Protanopia

[134](#), [138](#), [165](#)

Deuteranopia

[140](#), [136](#), [167](#)



Tritanopia

125, 136, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

127, 137, 166

Protanomaly

131, 137, 165

Deuteranomaly

135, 138, 167

Tritanomaly

126, 137, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color

127, 137, 166

Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly

135, 139, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 127, 137, 166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 140, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 140, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 140, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 140, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 127, 137, 166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

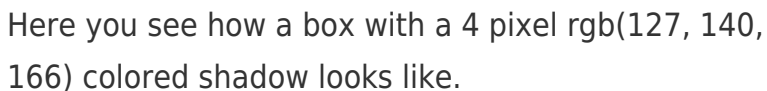
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 140, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 140, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 140, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 140, 166); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 140, 166); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 140, 166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 127, 137, 166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 140, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
140, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor