

Converting Colors

`RYB(127, 221, 97)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(127, 221, 97) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(127, 221, 97)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDC561
RGB	221, 197, 97
RGB Percent	87%, 77%, 38%
CMY	0.1333, 0.2281, 0.6196
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.56, 0.13
HSL	48°, 65%, 62%
HSV	48°, 56%, 87%
XYZ	51.9073, 56.0970, 19.4013
YIQ	192.7760, 46.4040, -26.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

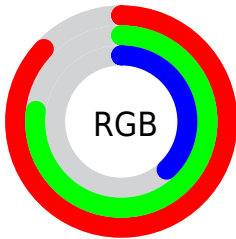
Format	Color
RYB	127, 221, 97
Decimal	14533985
CIELab	79.67, -3.67, 52.40
CIElCh	80, 52.532, 94.007
Yxy	56.0970, 0.4074, 0.4403
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292724065 (0xFFDDC561)
YUV	192.7760, -47.2176, 24.7524
Hunter-Lab	74.8979, -7.3635, 37.0703

Details

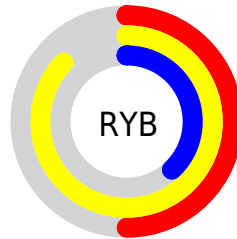
The RYB color **127, 221, 97** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **97, 117, 221**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 255, 150**, and **68, 163, 45** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110, 221, 75**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144, 221, 119**.

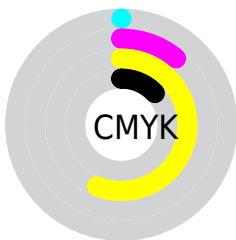
Distribution



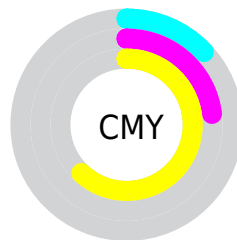
- Red (87%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 127, 221, 97 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 127, 221, 97 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 127, 221, 97  127, 221, 97

255, 255, 255  98, 192, 71

 152, 255, 150  69, 163, 45

 178, 255, 178  35, 135, 15

 206, 255, 206  17, 108, 0

 235, 255, 235  14, 82, 0

 8, 55, 0

 3, 31, 0

 0, 0, 0

 127, 221, 97  127, 221, 97

■ 110, 221, 75

■ 144, 221, 119

■ 94, 221, 53

■ 161, 221, 141

■ 77, 221, 31

■ 177, 221, 163

■ 60, 221, 9

■ 194, 221, 185

■ 53, 221, 0

■ 212, 221, 208

■ 221, 223, 230

■ 221, 226, 252

■ 221, 229, 255

■ 221, 231, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 242, 110



127, 221, 97



114, 211, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



127, 221, 97



0, 118, 251



255, 165, 241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



127, 221, 97



97, 117, 221

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 182, 255



127, 221, 97



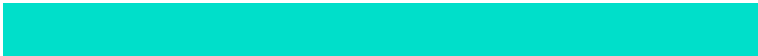
0, 116, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



127, 221, 97



0, 117, 223



128, 174, 255



255, 157, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



127, 221, 97



129, 209, 217



128, 174, 255



249, 170, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



127, 221, 97



222, 255, 212



221, 97, 122



108, 128, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



127, 221, 97



125, 255, 84



97, 221, 134



101, 110, 99



41, 173, 0



11, 46, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 117, 221



84, 112, 255



134, 97, 221



99, 101, 110



0, 28, 173



0, 8, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 127, 221, 97 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 127, 221, 97 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 127, 221, 97 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 127, 221, 97.

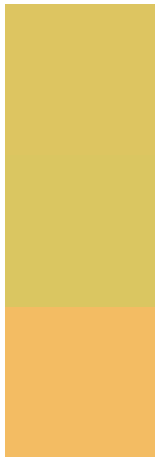


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 127, 221, 97.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
127, 221, 97

Protanopia
121, 218, 97

Deuteranopia
188, 243, 99



Tritanopia
230, 186, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color
127, 221, 97

Protanomaly
122, 219, 97

Deuteranomaly
163, 235, 98

Tritanomaly
227, 210, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color
127, 221, 97

Achromatopsia
193, 193, 193

Achromatomaly
169, 203, 158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 127, 221, 97 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 197, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 197, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 197, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 197, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 127, 221, 97 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 197, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 197, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 197, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 197, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 197, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 197,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 127, 221, 97 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 197, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
197, 97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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