

Converting Colors

`RYB(128, 107, 214)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(128, 107, 214) contains.

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Color

R_YB(128, 107, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806BD6
RGB	128, 107, 214
RGB Percent	50%, 42%, 84%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5804, 0.1608
CMYK	0.40, 0.50, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	252°, 57%, 63%
HSV	252°, 50%, 84%
XYZ	26.2974, 19.9596, 66.0849
YIQ	125.4770, -21.8310, 37.7290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

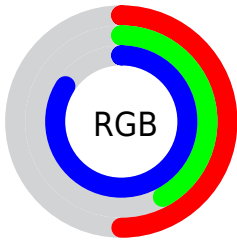
Format	Color
R _Y B	128, 107, 214
Decimal	8416214
CIE Lab	51.79, 33.60, -52.45
CIE LCh	52, 62.293, 302.645
Yxy	19.9596, 0.2341, 0.1777
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286606294 (0xFF806BD6)
YUV	125.4770, 43.6418, 2.2127
Hunter-Lab	44.6762, 26.8856, -56.4283

Details

The RYB color **128, 107, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **107, 214, 128**, and the grayscale version is **125, 125, 125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185, 159, 255**, and **72, 59, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111, 86, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145, 128, 214**.

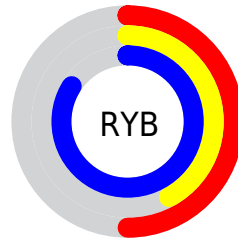
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (42%)

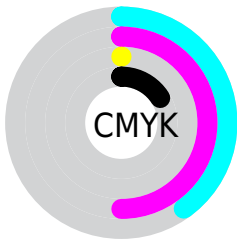
Blue (84%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (84%)

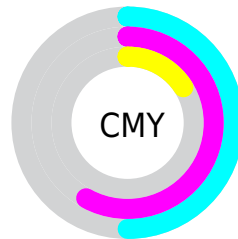


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 128, 107, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 128, 107, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 128, 107, 214

255, 255, 255

 185, 159, 255

 213, 186, 255

 243, 214, 255


 255, 242, 255

 128, 107, 214

 100, 82, 186

 72, 59, 159

 42, 37, 132

 0, 13, 106


 0, 0, 81

 0, 5, 57


 0, 2, 35

 0, 0, 9

 0, 0, 0


 128, 107, 214

 128, 107, 214


 111, 86, 214

 145, 128, 214

 94, 64, 214

 162, 150, 214

 76, 43, 214

 180, 171, 214

 59, 21, 214

 197, 193, 214

 42, 0, 214

 214, 214, 214

 214, 235, 218

 214, 255, 221

 214, 255, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 82, 231



128, 107, 214



191, 81, 173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 107, 214



186, 182, 20



0, 80, 148

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 107, 214



107, 214, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 96, 144



128, 107, 214



25, 144, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 107, 214



213, 79, 69



16, 137, 63



0, 81, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 107, 214



211, 68, 139



16, 137, 63



0, 85, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128, 107, 214



224, 217, 255



107, 155, 214



109, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 107, 214



132, 102, 255



180, 107, 214



98, 96, 107



34, 0, 171



9, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 107, 193



255, 102, 225



107, 214, 180



107, 96, 105



171, 0, 137



43, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 107, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 107, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

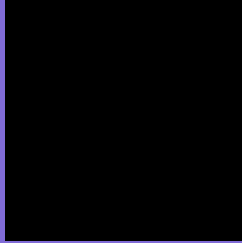
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 128, 107, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 128, 107, 214.

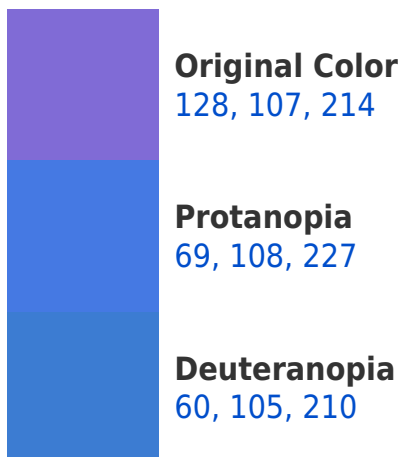


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 128, 107, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

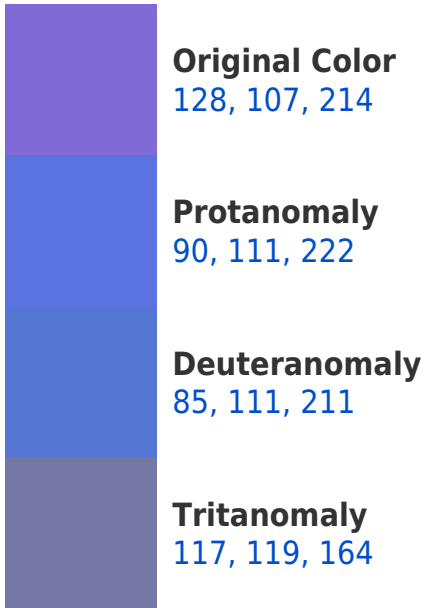
Dichromacy



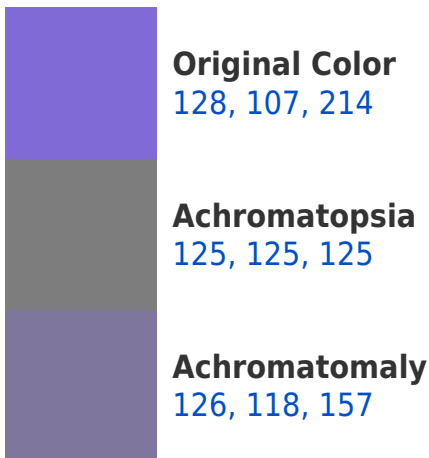


Tritanopia
110, 120, 136

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 128, 107, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 107, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(128, 107, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 107, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 107, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 128, 107, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 107, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 107, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 107, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 107, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 107, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 107,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 128, 107, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 107, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
107, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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