

Converting Colors

`RYB(128, 110, 128)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(128, 110, 128) contains.

RYB(128, 110, 128)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(128, 110, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806E80
RGB	128, 110, 128
RGB Percent	50%, 43%, 50%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5686, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	300°, 8%, 47%
HSV	300°, 14%, 50%
XYZ	18.3743, 17.2996, 22.7928
YIQ	117.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

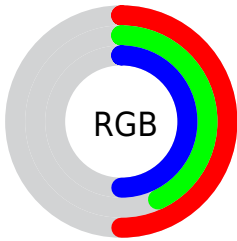
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 110, 128
Decimal	8416896
CIE Lab	48.64, 10.51, -7.31
CIE LCh	49, 12.802, 325.167
Yxy	17.2996, 0.3143, 0.2959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286606976 (0xFF806E80)
YUV	117.4340, 5.2090, 9.2664
Hunter-Lab	41.5927, 6.0681, -3.3760

Details

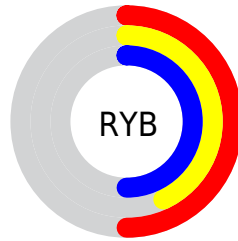
The RYB color **128, 110, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **110, 128, 128**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **181, 162, 181**, and **79, 62, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 97, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128, 123, 128**.

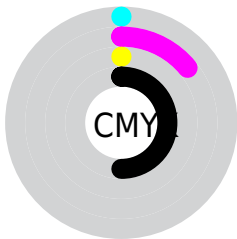
Distribution



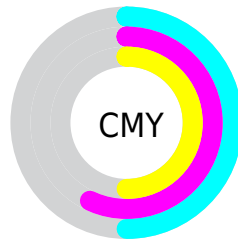
- Red (50%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 128, 110, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 128, 110, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 128, 110, 128


255, 255, 255

 181, 162, 181

 208, 189, 208

 237, 216, 237

 255, 245, 255

 128, 110, 128

 103, 86, 103

 79, 62, 79

 56, 40, 56

 34, 20, 35

 6, 0, 12

 0, 0, 0

 128, 110, 128

 128, 97, 128

 128, 84, 128

 128, 110, 128

 128, 123, 128

 128, 136, 136

128, 72, 128

128, 148, 148

128, 59, 128

128, 161, 161

128, 46, 128

128, 174, 174

128, 33, 128

128, 187, 187

128, 20, 128

128, 200, 200

128, 8, 128

128, 212, 212

128, 0, 128

128, 225, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115, 113, 135



128, 110, 128



136, 108, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 110, 128



113, 126, 94



87, 105, 124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 110, 128



110, 128, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91, 109, 122



128, 110, 128



96, 118, 100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 110, 128



134, 118, 98



102, 119, 120



90, 108, 133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 110, 128



138, 108, 110



102, 119, 120



88, 105, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128, 110, 128



166, 159, 166



110, 110, 128



84, 80, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 110, 128



166, 138, 166



128, 110, 119



64, 57, 64



128, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 110, 128



166, 138, 166



110, 122, 128



64, 57, 64



128, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 110, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

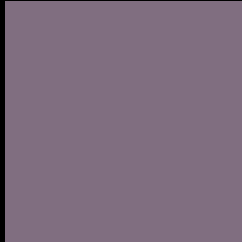
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 110, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

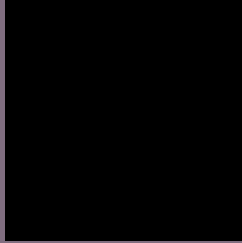
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 128, 110, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 128, 110, 128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 128, 110, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

128, 110, 128

Protanopia

113, 115, 131

Deuteranopia

121, 112, 128



Tritanopia
127, 111, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color

128, 110, 128

Protanomaly

118, 113, 130

Deuteranomaly

124, 111, 128

Tritanomaly

127, 111, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

128, 110, 128

Achromatopsia

117, 117, 117

Achromatomaly

121, 114, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 128, 110, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 110, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 110, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 110, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 110, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 128, 110, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 110, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 110, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 110, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 110, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 110, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 110,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 128, 110, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 110, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
110, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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