

Converting Colors

`RYB(128, 119, 119)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(128, 119, 119) contains.

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Color

R_YB(128, 119, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	807777
RGB	128, 119, 119
RGB Percent	50%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5333, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.07, 0.50
HSL	0°, 4%, 48%
HSV	0°, 7%, 50%
XYZ	18.8287, 19.1148, 20.1499
YIQ	121.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

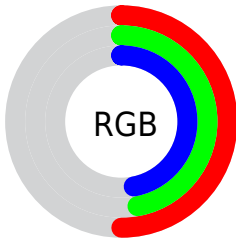
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 119, 119
Decimal	8419191
CIE Lab	50.82, 3.45, 1.24
CIE LCh	51, 3.665, 19.715
Yxy	19.1148, 0.3241, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286609271 (0xFF807777)
YUV	121.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330
Hunter-Lab	43.7204, 0.3623, 3.2787

Details

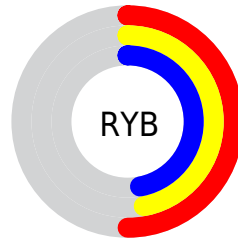
The RYB color **128, 119, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **119, 124, 128**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **181, 171, 171**, and **79, 71, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 106, 106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128, 130, 132**.

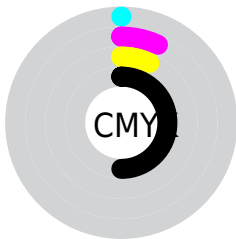
Distribution



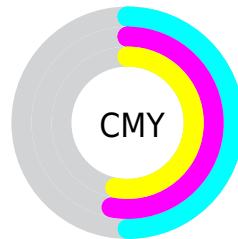
- Red (50%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 128, 119, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 128, 119, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 128, 119, 119

255, 255, 255

■ 181, 171, 171

■ 208, 198, 198

■ 237, 226, 226

■ 128, 119, 119

■ 103, 94, 94

■ 79, 71, 71

■ 56, 48, 48

■ 34, 27, 28

■ 13, 0, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 128, 119, 119

■ 128, 106, 106

■ 128, 93, 93

■ 128, 119, 119

■ 128, 130, 132

■ 128, 137, 145

128, 81, 81

128, 143, 157

128, 68, 68

128, 149, 170

128, 55, 55

128, 156, 183

128, 42, 42

128, 162, 196

128, 29, 29

128, 169, 209

128, 17, 17

128, 175, 221

128, 4, 4

128, 181, 234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127, 119, 122



128, 119, 119



127, 122, 116

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 119, 119



117, 122, 121



117, 120, 127

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 119, 119



119, 124, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 119, 126



128, 119, 119



115, 120, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 119, 119



115, 121, 115



114, 119, 123



120, 121, 127

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 119, 119



126, 124, 115



114, 119, 123



116, 120, 127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128, 119, 119



166, 162, 162



128, 119, 128



84, 82, 82



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 119, 119



166, 152, 152



126, 128, 119



64, 57, 57



128, 0, 0



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 124, 128



152, 159, 166



119, 122, 128



57, 61, 64



0, 64, 128



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 119, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

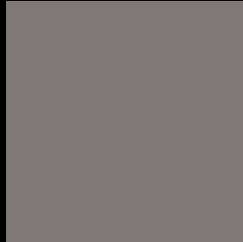
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 119, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

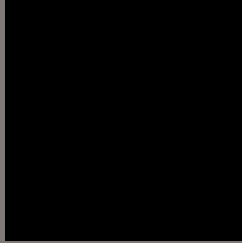
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 128, 119, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 128, 119, 119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 128, 119, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

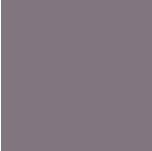
Dichromacy



Original Color
128, 119, 119

Protanopia
123, 120, 120

Deuteranopia
133, 117, 119



Tritanopia
129, 118, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color

128, 119, 119

Protanomaly

125, 120, 120

Deuteranomaly

131, 118, 119

Tritanomaly

129, 118, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color

128, 119, 119

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

124, 121, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 128, 119, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 119, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 119, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 119, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 119, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 128, 119, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 119, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 119, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 119, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 119, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 119, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 119,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 128, 119, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 119, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
119, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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