

Converting Colors

`RYB(128, 202, 106)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(128, 202, 106) contains.

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Color

R_YB(128, 202, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAB86A
RGB	202, 184, 106
RGB Percent	79%, 72%, 42%
CMY	0.2078, 0.2780, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.48, 0.21
HSL	49°, 48%, 60%
HSV	49°, 48%, 79%
XYZ	44.1203, 47.9204, 20.5598
YIQ	180.4900, 35.7660, -20.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

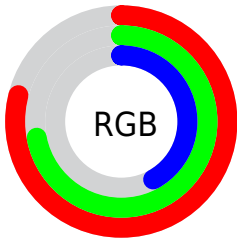
Format	Color
RYB	128, 202, 106
Decimal	13285482
CIELab	74.77, -4.13, 41.77
CIELCh	75, 41.971, 95.645
Yxy	47.9204, 0.3918, 0.4256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291475562 (0xFFCAB86A)
YUV	180.4900, -36.7236, 18.8643
Hunter-Lab	69.2246, -7.3761, 30.8479

Details

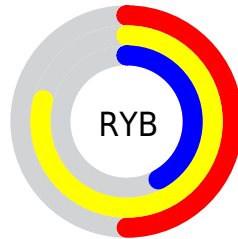
The RYB color **128, 202, 106** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **106, 121, 202**, and the grayscale version is **181, 181, 181**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177, 255, 159**, and **74, 146, 56** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113, 202, 86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 202, 126**.

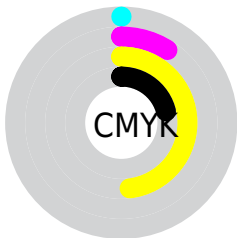
Distribution



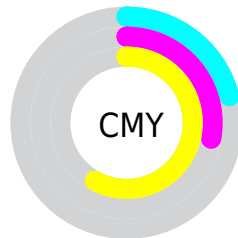
- Red (79%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 128, 202, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 128, 202, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 128, 202, 106

255, 255, 255

 177, 255, 159


 186, 255, 186


 214, 255, 214

 243, 255, 243

 128, 202, 106

 102, 174, 81

 74, 146, 56

 46, 119, 31

 16, 93, 3

 10, 68, 0

 4, 42, 0

 0, 18, 3

 0, 0, 0

 128, 202, 106

 128, 202, 106

■ 113, 202, 86

■ 143, 202, 126

■ 97, 202, 66

■ 158, 202, 146

■ 81, 202, 45

■ 176, 202, 167

■ 66, 202, 25

■ 191, 202, 187

■ 51, 202, 5

■ 202, 203, 207

■ 47, 202, 0

■ 202, 206, 227

■ 202, 209, 247

■ 202, 212, 255

■ 202, 214, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235, 222, 114



128, 202, 106



120, 195, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 202, 106



0, 107, 228



239, 159, 217

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 202, 106



106, 121, 202

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198, 171, 247



128, 202, 106



64, 142, 254

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 202, 106



52, 132, 205



139, 172, 255



255, 153, 178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 202, 106



130, 192, 200



139, 172, 255



227, 162, 228

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



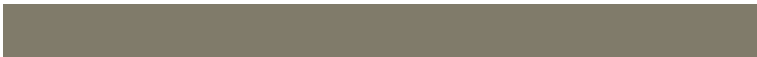
128, 202, 106



228, 255, 219



202, 106, 125



112, 128, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 202, 106



143, 255, 110



106, 202, 135



95, 102, 92



38, 166, 0



9, 38, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106, 121, 202



110, 133, 255



135, 106, 202



92, 94, 102



0, 26, 166



0, 6, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 202, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

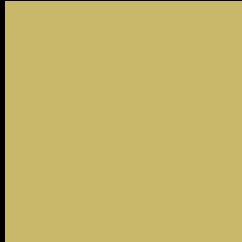
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 202, 106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 128, 202, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 128, 202, 106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 128, 202, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
128, 202, 106

Protanopia
128, 202, 106

Deuteranopia
190, 224, 108



Tritanopia
210, 174, 188

Trichromacy



Original Color
128, 202, 106

Protanomaly
128, 202, 106

Deuteranomaly
163, 216, 107

Tritanomaly
207, 192, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color
128, 202, 106

Achromatopsia
181, 181, 181

Achromatomaly
163, 189, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 128, 202, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 184, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 184, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 184, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 184, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 128, 202, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 184, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 184, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 184, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 184, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 184, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 184,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 128, 202, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 184, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
184, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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