

Converting Colors

`RYB(128, 54, 128)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(128, 54, 128) contains.

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Color

R_YB(128, 54, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	803680
RGB	128, 54, 128
RGB Percent	50%, 21%, 50%
CMY	0.4980, 0.7882, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	300°, 41%, 36%
HSV	300°, 58%, 50%
XYZ	14.1175, 8.7860, 21.3739
YIQ	84.5620, 20.3500, 38.7020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

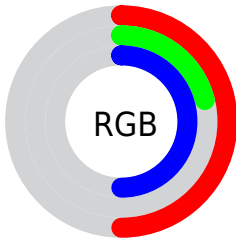
Format	Color
RYB	128, 54, 128
Decimal	8402560
CIELab	35.57, 42.51, -27.32
CIELCh	36, 50.538, 327.272
Yxy	8.7860, 0.3188, 0.1984
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286592640 (0xFF803680)
YUV	84.5620, 21.4149, 38.0951
Hunter-Lab	29.6413, 33.1438, -22.0043

Details

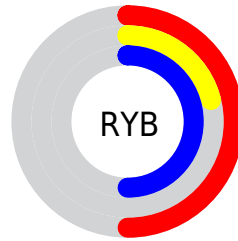
The RYB color **128, 54, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **54, 128, 128**, and the grayscale version is **84, 84, 84**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183, 105, 181**, and **76, 0, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 41, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128, 67, 128**.

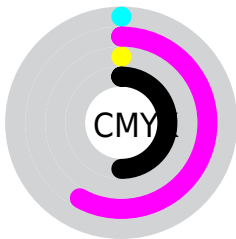
Distribution



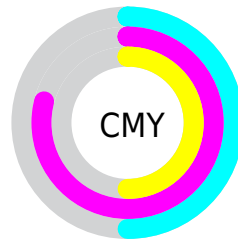
- Red (50%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 128, 54, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 128, 54, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 128, 54, 128


 128, 54, 128

255, 255, 255


 102, 28, 103

 183, 105, 181

 76, 0, 78

 211, 131, 209

 51, 0, 55

 240, 158, 237

 28, 0, 33

 255, 186, 255


 0, 0, 6

 255, 214, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 243, 255

 128, 54, 128

 128, 54, 128

 128, 41, 128

 128, 67, 128

■ 128, 28, 128

■ 128, 80, 128

■ 128, 16, 128

■ 128, 92, 128

■ 128, 3, 128

■ 128, 105, 128

■ 128, 0, 128

■ 128, 118, 128

■ 128, 131, 131

■ 128, 144, 144

■ 128, 156, 156

■ 128, 169, 169

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73, 75, 156



128, 54, 128



152, 38, 89

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 54, 128



31, 105, 0



0, 55, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 54, 128



54, 128, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 57, 101



128, 54, 128



0, 92, 26

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 54, 128



135, 105, 10



0, 71, 98



0, 60, 152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 54, 128



155, 40, 62



0, 71, 98



0, 52, 107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128, 54, 128



166, 138, 166



54, 54, 128



84, 67, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 54, 128



166, 51, 166



128, 54, 91



64, 57, 64



128, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 54, 128



166, 51, 166



54, 103, 128



64, 57, 64



128, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 54, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

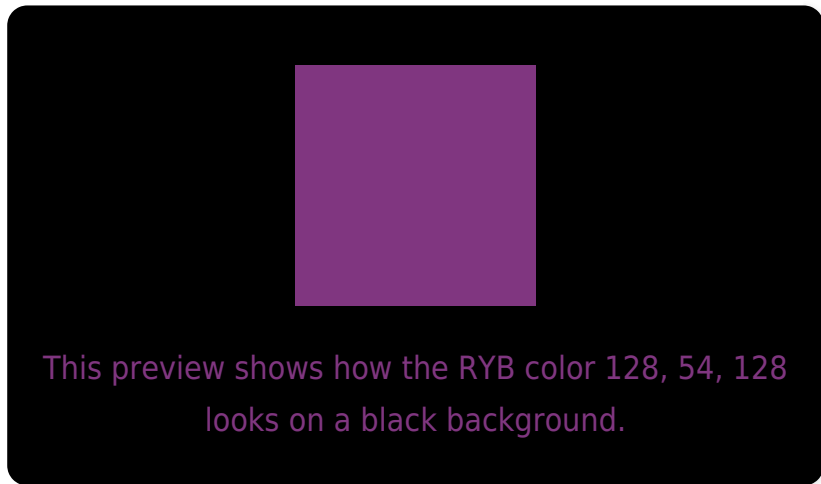
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

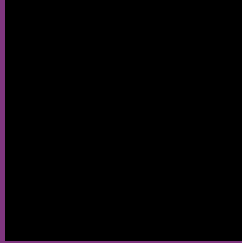
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 128, 54, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 128, 54, 128.

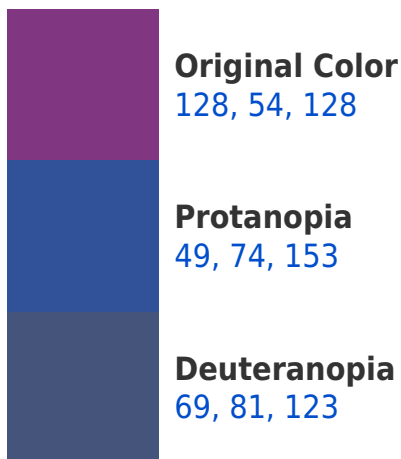


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 128, 54, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
122, 69, 74

Trichromacy



Original Color

128, 54, 128



Protanomaly

78, 72, 144



Deuteranomaly

90, 73, 125



Tritanomaly

124, 64, 94

Monochromacy



Original Color

128, 54, 128



Achromatopsia

85, 85, 85



Achromatomaly

101, 74, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 128, 54, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 54, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 54, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 54, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 54, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 128, 54, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 54, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 54, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 54, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 54, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 54, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 54,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 128, 54, 128 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 54, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 54,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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