

Converting Colors

`RYB(128, 9, 242)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(128, 9, 242) contains.

RYB(128, 9, 242)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(128, 9, 242)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8009F2
RGB	128, 9, 242
RGB Percent	50%, 4%, 95%
CMY	0.4980, 0.9647, 0.0510
CMYK	0.47, 0.96, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	271°, 93%, 49%
HSV	271°, 96%, 95%
XYZ	25.0268, 11.1954, 84.8463
YIQ	71.1430, -3.8690, 97.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

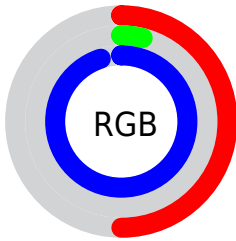
Format	Color
R _Y B	128, 9, 242
Decimal	8391154
CIE Lab	39.91, 79.49, -87.65
CIE LCh	40, 118.329, 312.205
Yxy	11.1954, 0.2067, 0.0925
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286581234 (0xFF8009F2)
YUV	71.1430, 84.2325, 49.8636
Hunter-Lab	33.4595, 74.9590, -126.9254

Details

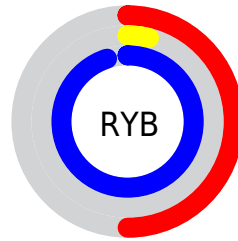
The RYB color **128, 9, 242** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9900FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated purple. A complement of this color would be **9, 242, 128**, and the grayscale version is **70, 70, 70**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **191, 84, 255**, and **59, 0, 184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124, 0, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140, 33, 242**.

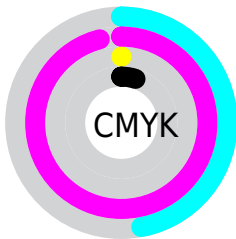
Distribution



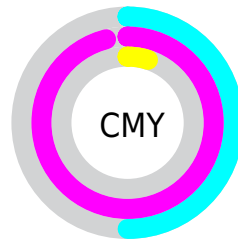
- Red (50%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 128, 9, 242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 128, 9, 242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



128, 9, 242



128, 9, 242

255, 255, 255



95, 0, 213



191, 84, 255



59, 0, 184



222, 113, 255



0, 0, 156



253, 142, 255



0, 0, 129



255, 171, 255



0, 0, 103



255, 200, 255



0, 9, 78



255, 229, 255



0, 5, 54



0, 2, 32



0, 0, 3

■ 128, 9, 242

■ 128, 9, 242

■ 124, 0, 242

■ 140, 33, 242

■ 152, 57, 242

■ 164, 82, 242

■ 175, 106, 242

■ 187, 130, 242

■ 199, 154, 242

■ 211, 178, 242

■ 223, 203, 242

■ 235, 227, 242

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 71, 255



128, 9, 242



226, 0, 156

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128, 9, 242



160, 109, 0



0, 64, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128, 9, 242



9, 242, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 101, 122



128, 9, 242



0, 103, 25

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128, 9, 242



218, 0, 0



0, 117, 117



0, 82, 226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128, 9, 242



246, 0, 92



0, 117, 117



0, 69, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128, 9, 242



219, 181, 255



9, 87, 242



106, 83, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128, 9, 242



130, 0, 255



242, 9, 242



114, 108, 120



94, 0, 184



29, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 9, 123



255, 0, 125



9, 242, 242



120, 108, 114



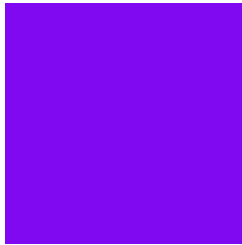
184, 0, 90



56, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 9, 242 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

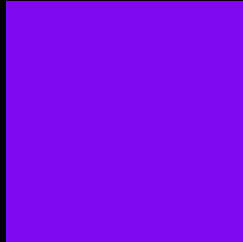
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 128, 9, 242 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 128, 9, 242 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 128, 9, 242.

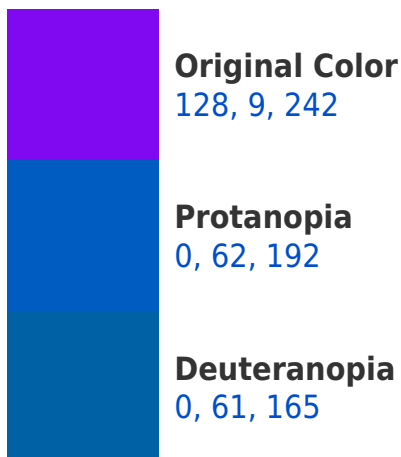


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 128, 9, 242.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 94, 102

Trichromacy



Original Color

128, 9, 242



Protanomaly

47, 61, 210



Deuteranomaly

47, 64, 193



Tritanomaly

105, 64, 153

Monochromacy



Original Color

128, 9, 242



Achromatopsia

71, 71, 71



Achromatomaly

92, 48, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 128, 9, 242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 9, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 9, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 9, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 9, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 128, 9, 242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 9, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 9, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 9, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 9, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 9, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 9,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 128, 9, 242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 9, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 9,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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