

Converting Colors

`RYB(129, 161, 77)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(129, 161, 77) contains.

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Color

R_YB(129, 161, 77)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1814D
RGB	161, 129, 77
RGB Percent	63%, 51%, 30%
CMY	0.3686, 0.4946, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.52, 0.37
HSL	37°, 35%, 47%
HSV	37°, 52%, 63%
XYZ	23.8723, 23.7824, 10.3534
YIQ	132.6400, 35.7640, -9.3880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

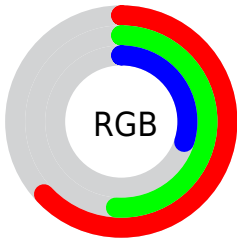
Format	Color
RYB	129, 161, 77
Decimal	10584397
CIELab	55.87, 5.69, 32.63
CIELCh	56, 33.118, 80.113
Yxy	23.7824, 0.4115, 0.4100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288774477 (0xFFA1814D)
YUV	132.6400, -27.4305, 24.8717
Hunter-Lab	48.7672, 2.0357, 21.5496

Details

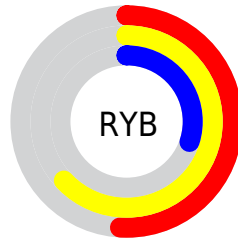
The RYB color **129, 161, 77** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **77, 100, 161**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187, 218, 127**, and **72, 107, 30** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 161, 61**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 161, 93**.

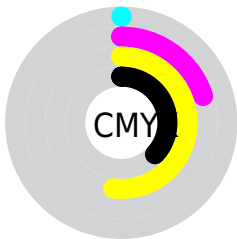
Distribution



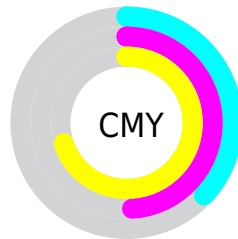
- Red (63%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 129, 161, 77 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 129, 161, 77 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 129, 161, 77  129, 161, 77

255, 255, 255  101, 134, 53

 187, 218, 127  72, 107, 30

 217, 247, 153  43, 81, 7


 204, 255, 180  33, 57, 0

 208, 255, 208  32, 28, 0

 236, 255, 236  0, 0, 0

 129, 161, 77  129, 161, 77

 122, 161, 61  135, 161, 93

 116, 161, 45  142, 161, 109

■ 112, 161, 29

■ 148, 161, 125

■ 106, 161, 13

■ 152, 161, 141

■ 101, 161, 0

■ 160, 161, 158

■ 161, 165, 174

■ 161, 169, 190

■ 161, 173, 206

■ 161, 178, 222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 132, 91



129, 161, 77



79, 138, 84

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129, 161, 77



0, 75, 153



161, 119, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129, 161, 77



77, 100, 161

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123, 129, 188



129, 161, 77



1, 81, 177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129, 161, 77



61, 113, 149



73, 116, 190



183, 112, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129, 161, 77



89, 143, 120



73, 116, 190



150, 123, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129, 161, 77



197, 209, 176



161, 77, 109



98, 105, 85



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129, 161, 77



157, 209, 77



77, 161, 87



80, 82, 73



89, 145, 0



11, 18, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 100, 161



77, 114, 209



87, 77, 161



73, 76, 82



0, 40, 145



0, 5, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 129, 161, 77 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 129, 161, 77 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

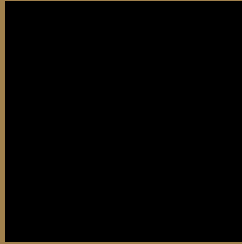
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 129, 161, 77 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 129, 161, 77.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 129, 161, 77.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
129, 161, 77

Protanopia
95, 147, 79

Deuteranopia
136, 163, 77



Tritanopia
166, 122, 132

Trichromacy



Original Color

129, 161, 77

Protanomaly

105, 152, 78

Deuteranomaly

134, 162, 77

Tritanomaly

164, 129, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

129, 161, 77

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

130, 143, 113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 129, 161, 77 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 129, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 129, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 129, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 129, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 129, 161, 77 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 129, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 129, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 129, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 129, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 129, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 129,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 129, 161, 77 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 129, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
129, 77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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