

# Converting Colors

`RYB(129, 170, 237)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(129, 170, 237) contains.

<b>RYB(129, 170, 237)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(129, 170, 237)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81C3ED
RGB	129, 195, 237
RGB Percent	51%, 76%, 93%
CMY	0.4941, 0.2349, 0.0706
CMYK	0.46, 0.18, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	203°, 75%, 72%
HSV	203°, 46%, 93%
XYZ	43.8745, 49.8519, 87.4307
YIQ	180.0540, -52.8180, -0.9300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

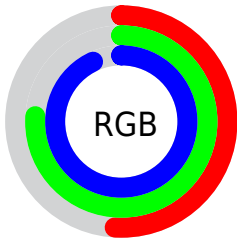
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	129, 170, 237
Decimal	8504301
CIELab	75.98, -10.04, -27.31
CIElCh	76, 29.096, 249.822
Yxy	49.8519, 0.2422, 0.2752
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286694381 (0xFF81C3ED)
YUV	180.0540, 28.0744, -44.7744
Hunter-Lab	70.6059, -12.6404, -23.9942

# Details

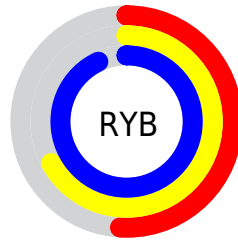
The RYB color **129, 170, 237** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **237, 198, 129**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 220, 255**, and **72, 114, 181** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 155, 237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 185, 237**.

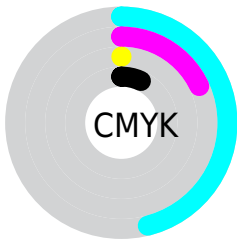
# Distribution



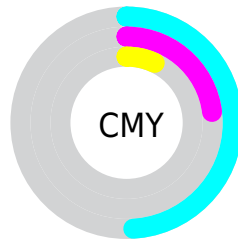
- Red (51%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 129, 170, 237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 129, 170, 237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 129, 170, 237


255, 255, 255


 186, 220, 255

 215, 235, 255

 245, 250, 255

 129, 170, 237

 101, 142, 209

 72, 114, 181

 39, 85, 154

 0, 53, 128

 0, 41, 103

 0, 29, 79

 0, 18, 55

 0, 2, 34

 0, 0, 8

■ 129, 170, 237

■ 129, 170, 237

■ 105, 155, 237

■ 153, 185, 237

■ 82, 141, 237

■ 176, 199, 237

■ 58, 126, 237

■ 200, 214, 237

■ 34, 111, 237

■ 224, 229, 237

■ 11, 97, 237

■ 247, 244, 237

■ 0, 90, 237

■ 244, 255, 237

■ 237, 255, 237

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107, 158, 221



129, 170, 237



166, 182, 240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129, 170, 237



241, 168, 179



145, 196, 173

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129, 170, 237



237, 198, 129

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 198, 134



129, 170, 237



238, 175, 154

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129, 170, 237



229, 170, 206



223, 217, 138



137, 180, 201

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129, 170, 237



191, 180, 234



223, 217, 138



140, 194, 156

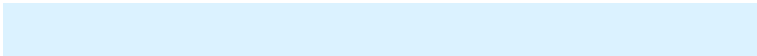


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129, 170, 237



219, 233, 255



129, 207, 237



106, 114, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

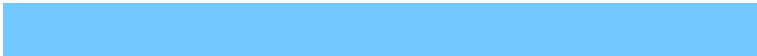


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129, 170, 237



115, 168, 255



129, 141, 237



106, 110, 117



0, 69, 181



0, 20, 54



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 129, 195



255, 115, 201



144, 237, 129



117, 106, 113



181, 0, 111

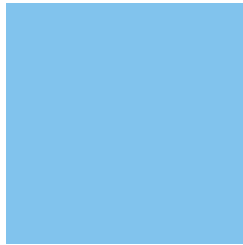


54, 0, 33



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 129, 170, 237 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

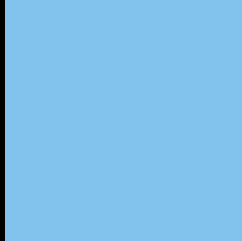
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 129, 170, 237 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R Y B 129, 170, 237 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 129, 170, 237.

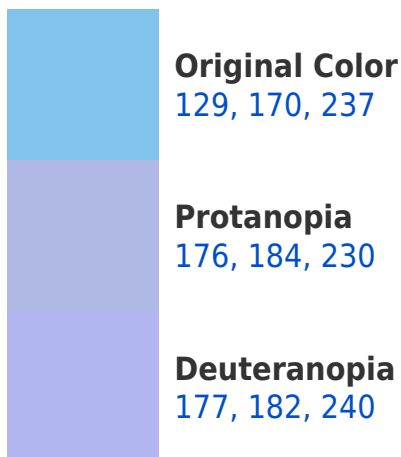


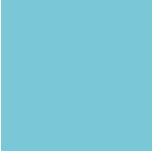
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 129, 170, 237.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

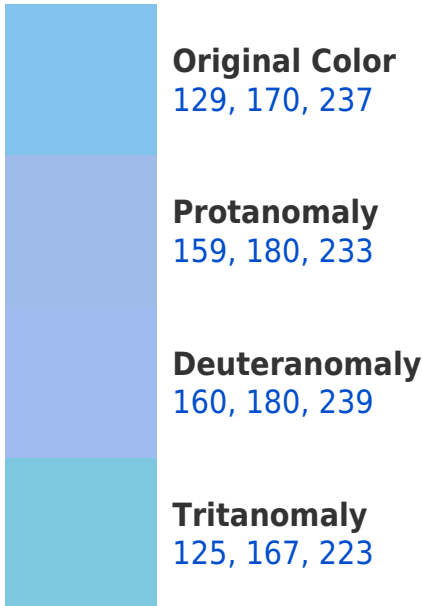
## Dichromacy



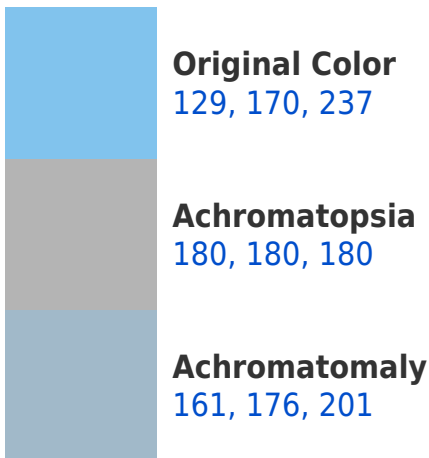


**Tritanopia**  
122, 164, 215

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 129, 170, 237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 195, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 195, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 195, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 195, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 129, 170, 237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 195, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 195, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 195, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 195, 237); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 195, 237); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 195, 237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 129, 170, 237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 195, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
195, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor