

Converting Colors

`RYB(129, 68, 143)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(129, 68, 143) contains.

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Color

`RYB(129, 68, 143)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81448F
RGB	129, 68, 143
RGB Percent	51%, 27%, 56%
CMY	0.4941, 0.7333, 0.4392
CMYK	0.10, 0.52, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	289°, 36%, 41%
HSV	289°, 52%, 56%
XYZ	16.0783, 10.7845, 27.2208
YIQ	94.7890, 12.2810, 36.2570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

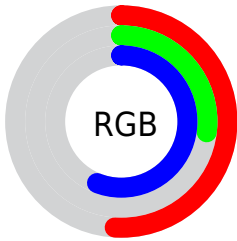
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 68, 143
Decimal	8471695
CIE _{Lab}	39.22, 38.53, -30.79
CIE _{LCh}	39, 49.324, 321.368
Yxy	10.7845, 0.2973, 0.1994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286661775 (0xFF81448F)
YUV	94.7890, 23.7680, 30.0030
Hunter-Lab	32.8398, 29.9235, -26.1574

Details

The RYB color **129, 68, 143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **68, 143, 129**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184, 119, 197**, and **77, 18, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126, 54, 143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 82, 143**.

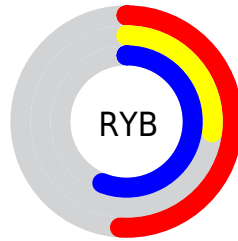
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (27%)

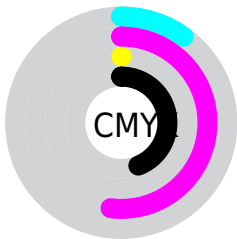
Blue (56%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (56%)

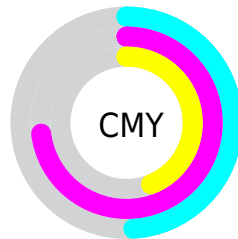


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 129, 68, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 129, 68, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



129, 68, 143



129, 68, 143

255, 255, 255



103, 43, 117



184, 119, 197



77, 18, 92



212, 145, 225



53, 0, 68



241, 172, 254



33, 0, 46



255, 200, 255



0, 1, 24



255, 228, 255



0, 0, 0



129, 68, 143



129, 68, 143



126, 54, 143



132, 82, 143



124, 39, 143



134, 97, 143

■ 121, 25, 143

■ 137, 111, 143

■ 118, 11, 143

■ 140, 125, 143

■ 116, 0, 143

■ 142, 140, 143

■ 143, 154, 152

■ 143, 168, 163

■ 143, 182, 175

■ 143, 197, 187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67, 84, 168



129, 68, 143



158, 52, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129, 68, 143



49, 121, 0



0, 58, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129, 68, 143



68, 143, 129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 64, 110



129, 68, 143



0, 99, 15

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129, 68, 143



149, 89, 29



28, 97, 106



0, 64, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129, 68, 143



164, 51, 79



28, 97, 106



0, 57, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129, 68, 143



181, 156, 186



68, 81, 143



91, 76, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129, 68, 143



164, 69, 186



143, 68, 121



70, 64, 71



110, 0, 135



6, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143, 68, 82



186, 69, 91



68, 125, 143



71, 64, 66



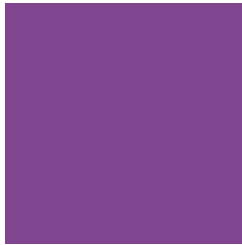
135, 0, 25



8, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 129, 68, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 129, 68, 143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

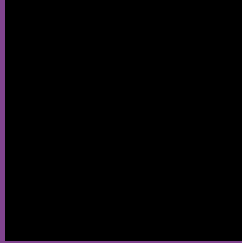
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 129, 68, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 129, 68, 143.

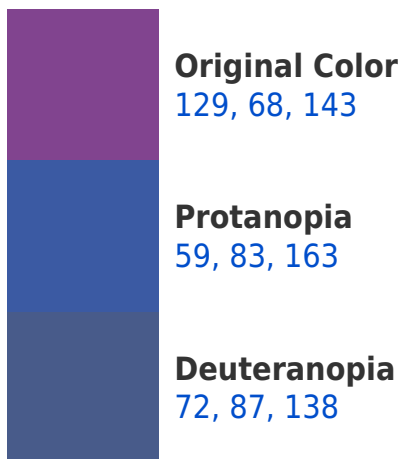


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 129, 68, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
121, 82, 88

Trichromacy



Original Color

129, 68, 143

Protanomaly

84, 82, 156

Deuteranomaly

93, 83, 140

Tritanomaly

124, 77, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color

129, 68, 143

Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly

107, 85, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 129, 68, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 68, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 68, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 68, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 68, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 129, 68, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 68, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 68, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 68, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 68, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 68, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 68,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 129, 68, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 68, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 68,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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