

Converting Colors

`RYB(130, 146, 208)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(130, 146, 208) contains.

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Color

R_YB(130, 146, 208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8296D0
RGB	130, 150, 208
RGB Percent	51%, 59%, 82%
CMY	0.4902, 0.4113, 0.1843
CMYK	0.38, 0.28, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	225°, 45%, 66%
HSV	225°, 38%, 82%
XYZ	31.5180, 31.1538, 64.0266
YIQ	150.6320, -30.5380, 13.7980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

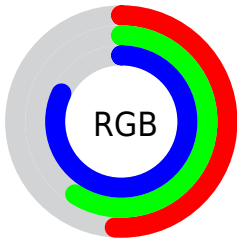
Format	Color
RYB	130, 146, 208
Decimal	8558288
CIELab	62.64, 7.13, -31.98
CIELCh	63, 32.760, 282.565
Yxy	31.1538, 0.2488, 0.2459
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286748368 (0xFF8296D0)
YUV	150.6320, 28.2824, -18.0943
Hunter-Lab	55.8156, 3.1184, -28.9412

Details

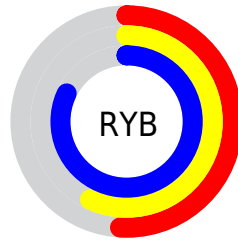
The RYB color **130, 146, 208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **157, 208, 130**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185, 200, 255**, and **77, 94, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109, 130, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 163, 208**.

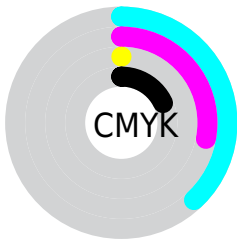
Distribution



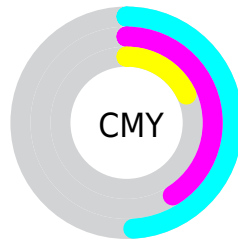
- Red (51%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 130, 146, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 130, 146, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 130, 146, 208


255, 255, 255

 185, 200, 255


 214, 227, 255

 243, 249, 255

 130, 146, 208

 103, 120, 180

 77, 95, 153

 50, 69, 127

 20, 44, 102

 0, 23, 78

 0, 8, 55

 0, 2, 32

 0, 0, 5

 0, 0, 0

■ 130, 146, 208

■ 130, 146, 208

■ 109, 130, 208

■ 151, 163, 208

■ 88, 113, 208

■ 172, 179, 208

■ 68, 97, 208

■ 192, 195, 208

■ 47, 80, 208

■ 209, 213, 208

■ 26, 63, 208

■ 218, 234, 208

■ 5, 47, 208

■ 224, 255, 208

■ 0, 43, 208

■ 208, 255, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82, 130, 206



130, 146, 208



171, 140, 194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 146, 208



204, 140, 113



91, 139, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 146, 208



157, 208, 130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108, 161, 142



130, 146, 208



175, 186, 96

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 146, 208



209, 129, 140



99, 159, 94



54, 112, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 146, 208



190, 133, 179



99, 159, 94



103, 149, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 146, 208



227, 233, 255



130, 175, 208



111, 114, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 146, 208



140, 164, 255



148, 130, 208



94, 96, 105



0, 34, 168



0, 9, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 130, 150



255, 140, 170



130, 208, 148



105, 94, 97



168, 0, 43



41, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 146, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

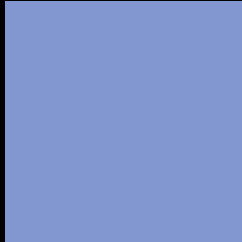
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 146, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

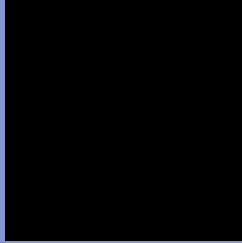
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 130, 146, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 146, 208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 146, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
130, 146, 208

Protanopia
134, 146, 207

Deuteranopia
133, 146, 208



Tritanopia
121, 142, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color
130, 146, 208

Protanomaly
133, 146, 207

Deuteranomaly
132, 146, 208

Tritanomaly
124, 144, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color
130, 146, 208

Achromatopsia
151, 151, 151

Achromatomaly
143, 149, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 130, 146, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 150, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 150, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 150, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 150, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 130, 146, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 150, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 150, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 150, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 150, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 150, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 150,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 130, 146, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 150, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
150, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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