

Converting Colors

`RYB(130, 151, 118)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(130, 151, 118) contains.

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Color

R_YB(130, 151, 118)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	978E76
RGB	151, 142, 118
RGB Percent	59%, 56%, 46%
CMY	0.4078, 0.4424, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.22, 0.41
HSL	44°, 14%, 53%
HSV	44°, 22%, 59%
XYZ	25.7353, 27.2929, 21.0512
YIQ	141.9550, 13.0680, -5.5560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

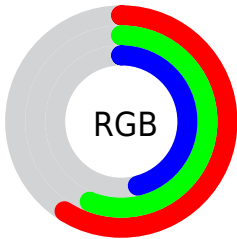
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 151, 118
Decimal	9932406
CIE Lab	59.24, -0.86, 14.08
CIE LCh	59, 14.111, 93.493
Yxy	27.2929, 0.3474, 0.3684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288122486 (0xFF978E76)
YUV	141.9550, -11.8098, 7.9325
Hunter-Lab	52.2426, -3.4934, 12.6789

Details

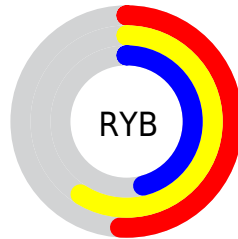
The RYB color **130, 151, 118** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **118, 125, 151**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **182, 205, 170**, and **81, 100, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121, 151, 103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140, 151, 133**.

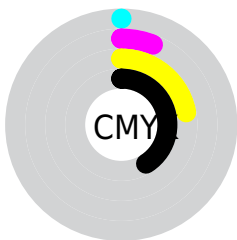
Distribution



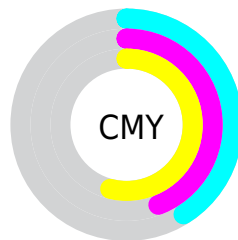
- Red (59%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (41%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 130, 151, 118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 130, 151, 118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 130, 151, 118


255, 255, 255


 182, 205, 170


 211, 234, 197


 229, 255, 226

254, 255, 254


 130, 151, 118

 121, 151, 103

 111, 151, 88

 130, 151, 118

 104, 125, 93


 81, 100, 70


 56, 76, 47


 34, 52, 26

 7, 32, 0

 0, 0, 0

 130, 151, 118

 140, 151, 133

 150, 151, 148

■ 102, 151, 73

■ 151, 153, 163

■ 92, 151, 58

■ 151, 157, 178

■ 83, 151, 43

■ 151, 160, 194

■ 72, 151, 27

■ 151, 163, 209

■ 62, 151, 12

■ 151, 166, 224

■ 54, 151, 0

■ 151, 169, 239

■ 151, 172, 254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 150, 121



130, 151, 118



122, 146, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 151, 118



110, 131, 156



160, 136, 154

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 151, 118



118, 125, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147, 139, 163



130, 151, 118



117, 135, 164

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 151, 118



113, 133, 150



131, 140, 167



168, 134, 142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 151, 118



128, 148, 148



131, 140, 167



156, 137, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 151, 118



187, 196, 183



151, 118, 127



94, 99, 91



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 151, 118



162, 196, 145



118, 151, 125



74, 77, 69



50, 140, 0



6, 13, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118, 125, 151



145, 156, 196



126, 118, 151



69, 71, 77



0, 29, 140



0, 2, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 151, 118 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

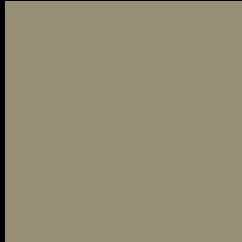
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 151, 118 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

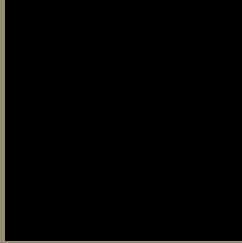
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

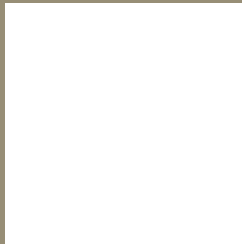
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 130, 151, 118 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 151, 118.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 151, 118.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

130, 151, 118

Protanopia

130, 151, 118

Deuteranopia

165, 149, 119



Tritanopia

155, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

130, 151, 118

Protanomaly

130, 151, 118

Deuteranomaly

160, 158, 119

Tritanomaly

154, 140, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

130, 151, 118

Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142

Achromatomaly

137, 145, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 130, 151, 118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 142, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 142, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 142, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 142, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 130, 151, 118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 142, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 142, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 142, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 142, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 142, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 142,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 130, 151, 118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 142, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
142, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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