

Converting Colors

`RYB(130, 153, 100)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(130, 153, 100) contains.

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Color

R_YB(130, 153, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	998664
RGB	153, 134, 100
RGB Percent	60%, 53%, 39%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4751, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.35, 0.40
HSL	38°, 21%, 50%
HSV	38°, 35%, 60%
XYZ	23.9406, 24.6993, 15.5622
YIQ	135.8050, 22.2380, -6.5460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

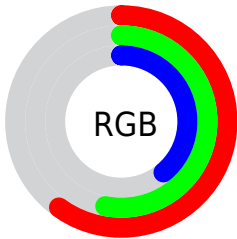
Format	Color
RYB	130, 153, 100
Decimal	10061412
CIELab	56.78, 2.06, 20.92
CIELCh	57, 21.017, 84.386
Yxy	24.6993, 0.3729, 0.3847
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288251492 (0xFF998664)
YUV	135.8050, -17.6519, 15.0800
Hunter-Lab	49.6984, -0.9857, 16.2232

Details

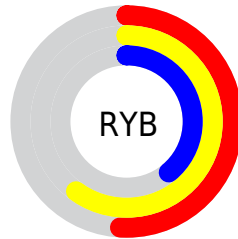
The RYB color **130, 153, 100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **100, 114, 153**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184, 208, 151**, and **77, 101, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125, 153, 85**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 153, 115**.

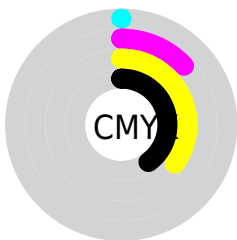
Distribution



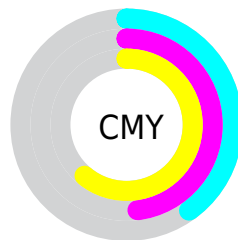
- Red (60%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 130, 153, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 130, 153, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 130, 153, 100


255, 255, 255


 184, 208, 151

 213, 237, 178


 221, 255, 205

 234, 255, 234

 130, 153, 100

 104, 127, 76

 79, 101, 53


 54, 76, 31

 26, 53, 8


 17, 30, 0

 0, 0, 0

 130, 153, 100

 125, 153, 85

 116, 153, 69

 130, 153, 100

 137, 153, 115

 144, 153, 131

■ 111, 153, 54

■ 151, 153, 146

■ 103, 153, 39

■ 153, 155, 161

■ 97, 153, 23

■ 153, 159, 176

■ 89, 153, 8

■ 153, 163, 192

■ 86, 153, 0

■ 153, 168, 207

■ 153, 171, 222

■ 153, 176, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167, 139, 107



130, 153, 100



103, 140, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 153, 100



83, 116, 151



157, 127, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 153, 100



100, 114, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135, 133, 169



130, 153, 100



89, 121, 165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 153, 100



94, 124, 146



109, 129, 172



170, 123, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 153, 100



110, 143, 133



109, 129, 172



150, 129, 162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 153, 100



190, 199, 179



153, 100, 119



94, 99, 88



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 153, 100



162, 199, 115



100, 153, 107



74, 77, 69



78, 140, 0



8, 13, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 114, 153



115, 138, 199



107, 100, 153



69, 71, 77



0, 37, 140



0, 4, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 153, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 153, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

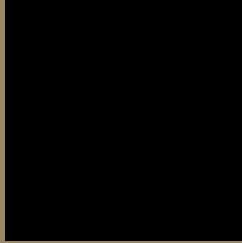
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 130, 153, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 153, 100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 153, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
130, 153, 100

Protanopia
114, 146, 101

Deuteranopia
161, 161, 101



Tritanopia
157, 129, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color
130, 153, 100

Protanomaly
121, 149, 101

Deuteranomaly
149, 158, 101

Tritanomaly
156, 132, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color
130, 153, 100

Achromatopsia
136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly
134, 142, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 130, 153, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 134, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 134, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 134, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 134, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 130, 153, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 134, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 134, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 134, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 134, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 134, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 134,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 130, 153, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 134, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
134, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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