

Converting Colors

`RYB(130, 156, 255)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(130, 156, 255) contains.

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Color

R_YB(130, 156, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82A3FF
RGB	130, 163, 255
RGB Percent	51%, 64%, 100%
CMY	0.4902, 0.3615, 0.0000
CMYK	0.49, 0.36, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	224°, 100%, 75%
HSV	224°, 49%, 100%
XYZ	40.3226, 38.0993, 99.8364
YIQ	163.6210, -49.2000, 21.6160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

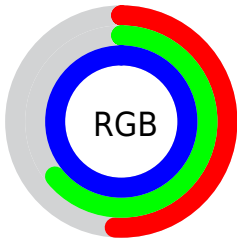
Format	Color
RYB	130, 156, 255
Decimal	8561663
CIELab	68.09, 13.23, -49.31
CIELCh	68, 51.054, 285.015
Yxy	38.0993, 0.2262, 0.2137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286751743 (0xFF82A3FF)
YUV	163.6210, 45.0498, -29.4856
Hunter-Lab	61.7246, 8.5901, -52.6913

Details

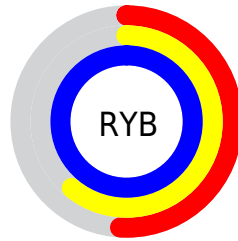
The RYB color **130, 156, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **175, 255, 130**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188, 209, 255**, and **70, 102, 198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 136, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 176, 255**.

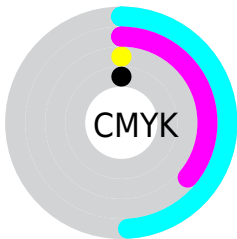
Distribution



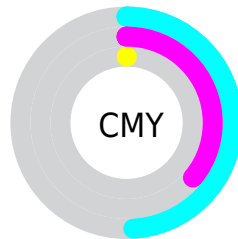
- Red (51%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 130, 156, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 130, 156, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 130, 156, 255

 130, 156, 255

255, 255, 255

 101, 129, 226

 188, 208, 255

 70, 102, 198


 218, 234, 255

 34, 72, 170

 248, 252, 255

 0, 45, 143

 0, 31, 117

 0, 19, 92

 0, 4, 68

 0, 3, 45

 0, 1, 23

■ 130, 156, 255

■ 130, 156, 255

■ 105, 136, 255

■ 155, 176, 255

■ 79, 115, 255

■ 181, 196, 255

■ 53, 95, 255

■ 207, 217, 255

■ 28, 75, 255

■ 232, 237, 255

■ 2, 55, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 0, 53, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 104, 255



130, 156, 255



199, 145, 232

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 156, 255



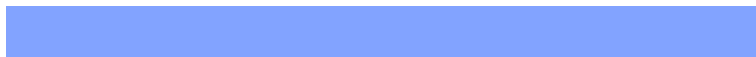
242, 150, 103



34, 125, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 156, 255



175, 255, 130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98, 182, 161



130, 156, 255



173, 212, 75

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 156, 255



253, 127, 144



73, 171, 74



0, 95, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 156, 255



229, 134, 206



73, 171, 74



73, 150, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 156, 255



217, 225, 255



130, 202, 255



105, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 156, 255



105, 136, 255



159, 130, 255



115, 117, 128



0, 40, 191



0, 13, 64

Inverse Universe

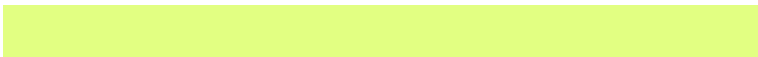
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 130, 163



255, 105, 144



130, 255, 159



128, 115, 118



191, 0, 50



64, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 156, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

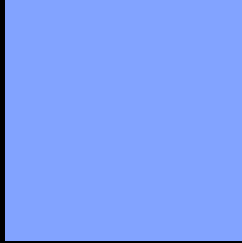
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 156, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 130, 156, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 156, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 156, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
130, 156, 255

Protanopia
132, 156, 255

Deuteranopia
121, 154, 254



Tritanopia
110, 146, 190

Trichromacy



Original Color
130, 156, 255

Protanomaly
131, 156, 255

Deuteranomaly
124, 155, 254

Tritanomaly
117, 152, 214

Monochromacy



Original Color
130, 156, 255

Achromatopsia
164, 164, 164

Achromatomaly
152, 161, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 130, 156, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 163, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 163, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 163, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 163, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 130, 156, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 163, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 163, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 163, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 163, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 163, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 163,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 130, 156, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 163, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
163, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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