

Converting Colors

`RYB(130, 162, 157)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(130, 162, 157) contains.

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Color

R_YB(130, 162, 157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87A282
RGB	135, 162, 130
RGB Percent	53%, 64%, 51%
CMY	0.4706, 0.3647, 0.4902
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.20, 0.36
HSL	111°, 15%, 57%
HSV	111°, 20%, 64%
XYZ	26.9413, 32.6033, 25.9922
YIQ	150.2790, -5.8200, -15.6760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

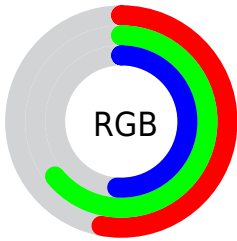
Format	Color
RYB	130, 162, 157
Decimal	8888962
CIELab	63.84, -15.69, 13.58
CIELCh	64, 20.751, 139.105
Yxy	32.6033, 0.3150, 0.3812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287079042 (0xFF87A282)
YUV	150.2790, -9.9975, -13.3997
Hunter-Lab	57.0993, -15.7017, 12.9800

Details

The RYB color **130, 162, 157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **157, 130, 162**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183, 217, 211**, and **81, 110, 106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114, 162, 155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146, 162, 159**.

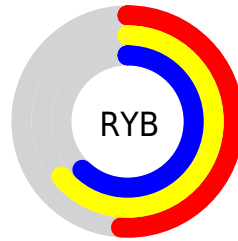
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (64%)

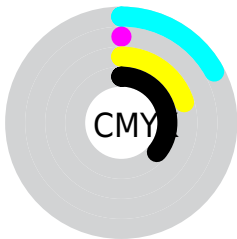
Blue (51%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (62%)

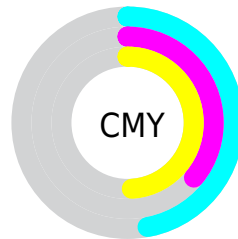


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 130, 162, 157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 130, 162, 157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 130, 162, 157

255, 255, 255

■ 183, 217, 211

■ 211, 245, 240

■ 239, 255, 249

■ 130, 162, 157

■ 105, 136, 132

■ 81, 110, 106

■ 58, 86, 83

■ 36, 63, 60

■ 15, 40, 38

■ 0, 22, 22


■ 0, 0, 0

■ 130, 162, 157


■ 114, 162, 155


■ 130, 162, 157


■ 146, 162, 159


 98, 162, 152


 162, 162, 162

 81, 162, 149


 176, 162, 179


 65, 162, 147


 190, 162, 195


 49, 162, 144

 203, 162, 211

 33, 162, 142

 217, 162, 227

 17, 162, 140

 231, 162, 243

 0, 162, 136

 244, 162, 255

 0, 162, 137

 255, 162, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120, 157, 121



130, 162, 157



115, 145, 165

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 162, 157



124, 146, 190



193, 142, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 162, 157



157, 130, 162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187, 142, 162



130, 162, 157



149, 152, 189

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 162, 157



106, 139, 182



172, 146, 179



188, 153, 127

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 162, 157



106, 137, 165



172, 146, 179



192, 141, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 162, 157



199, 212, 210



136, 162, 130



100, 107, 106



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 162, 157



161, 212, 204



130, 154, 162



73, 82, 80



0, 145, 122



0, 18, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157, 130, 162



204, 161, 212



162, 130, 151



80, 73, 82



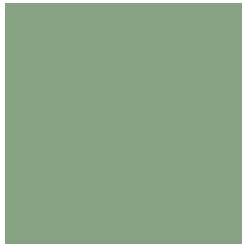
123, 0, 145



15, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 162, 157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 162, 157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

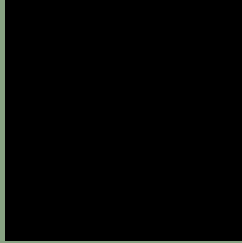
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

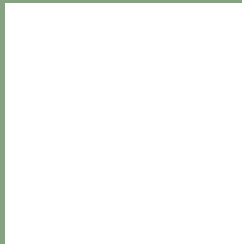
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 130, 162, 157 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 162, 157.



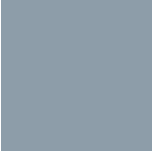
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 162, 157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
141, 151, 169

Trichromacy



Original Color
130, 162, 157

Protanomaly
127, 157, 131

Deuteranomaly
143, 162, 132

Tritanomaly
139, 150, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color
130, 162, 157

Achromatopsia
150, 150, 150

Achromatomaly
143, 154, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 130, 162, 157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 162, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 162, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 162, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 162, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 130, 162, 157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 162, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 162, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 162, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 162, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 162, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 162,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 130, 162, 157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 162, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
162, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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