

Converting Colors

`RYB(130, 168, 246)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(130, 168, 246) contains.

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Color

R_YB(130, 168, 246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82BBF6
RGB	130, 187, 246
RGB Percent	51%, 73%, 96%
CMY	0.4902, 0.2686, 0.0353
CMYK	0.47, 0.24, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	211°, 87%, 74%
HSV	211°, 47%, 96%
XYZ	43.5076, 46.7339, 93.9162
YIQ	176.6830, -52.9110, 6.2650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

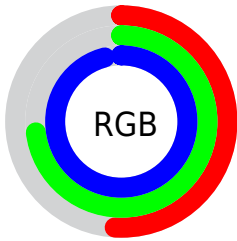
Format	Color
RYB	130, 168, 246
Decimal	8567798
CIELab	74.02, -2.67, -35.18
CIELCh	74, 35.277, 265.655
Yxy	46.7339, 0.2363, 0.2538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286757878 (0xFF82BBF6)
YUV	176.6830, 34.1733, -40.9410
Hunter-Lab	68.3622, -6.0315, -33.5992

Details

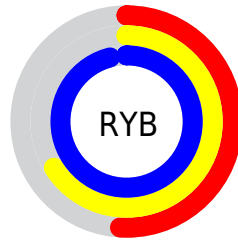
The RYB color **130, 168, 246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **242, 246, 130**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188, 218, 255**, and **72, 113, 189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 151, 246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 185, 246**.

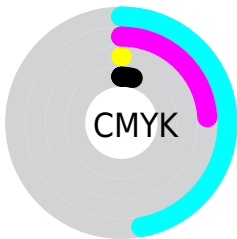
Distribution



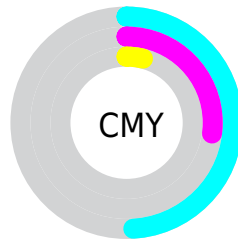
- Red (51%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 130, 168, 246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 130, 168, 246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 130, 168, 246


255, 255, 255


 188, 218, 255

 217, 236, 255

 247, 251, 255

 130, 168, 246

 101, 140, 217


 72, 113, 189

 38, 83, 162

 0, 52, 136

 0, 39, 110

 0, 27, 85

 0, 15, 62

 0, 3, 40

 0, 1, 17

■ 130, 168, 246

■ 130, 168, 246

■ 105, 151, 246

■ 155, 185, 246

■ 81, 135, 246

■ 179, 201, 246

■ 56, 118, 246

■ 204, 218, 246

■ 32, 102, 246

■ 228, 234, 246

■ 7, 85, 246

■ 251, 253, 246

■ 0, 81, 246

■ 246, 255, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83, 147, 235



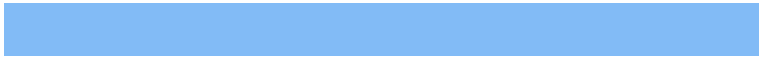
130, 168, 246



180, 175, 240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 168, 246



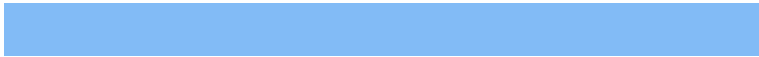
246, 159, 156



138, 191, 196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 168, 246



242, 246, 130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123, 188, 136



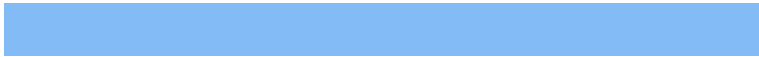
130, 168, 246



233, 188, 130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 168, 246



241, 158, 188



162, 208, 117



98, 155, 199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 168, 246



207, 168, 227



162, 208, 117



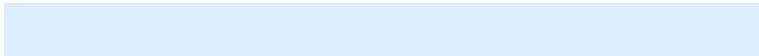
136, 194, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 168, 246



219, 231, 255



130, 207, 246



106, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



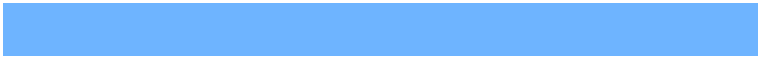
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 168, 246



110, 157, 255



130, 130, 246



110, 114, 122



0, 61, 186



0, 19, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 130, 187



255, 110, 180



130, 246, 130



122, 110, 116



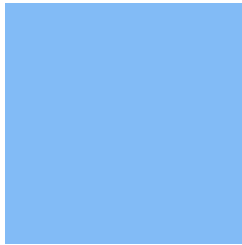
186, 0, 91



59, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 168, 246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

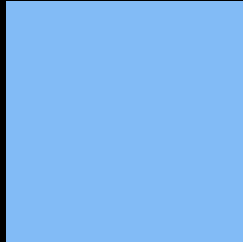
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 168, 246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

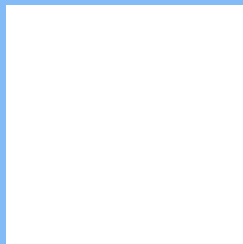
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 130, 168, 246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 168, 246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 168, 246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

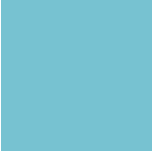
Dichromacy



Original Color
130, 168, 246

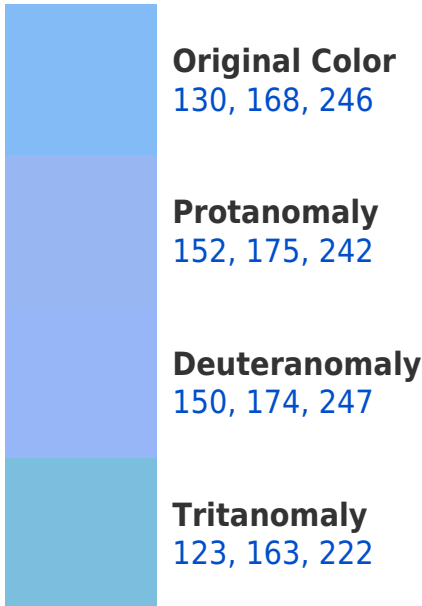
Protanopia
164, 177, 240

Deuteranopia
161, 176, 248

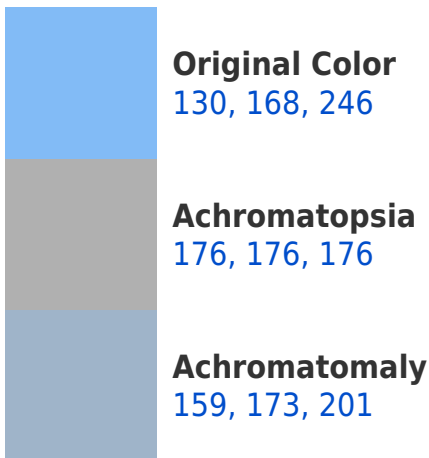


Tritanopia
119, 160, 209

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 130, 168, 246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 187, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 187, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 187, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 187, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 130, 168, 246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 187, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 187, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 187, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 187, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 187, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 187,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 130, 168, 246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 187, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
187, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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