

Converting Colors

`RYB(130, 191, 148)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(130, 191, 148) contains.

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Color

R_YB(130, 191, 148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADBF82
RGB	173, 191, 130
RGB Percent	68%, 75%, 51%
CMY	0.3216, 0.2510, 0.4902
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.32, 0.25
HSL	78°, 32%, 63%
HSV	78°, 32%, 75%
XYZ	39.8936, 47.7575, 28.2346
YIQ	178.6640, 8.8530, -22.7870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

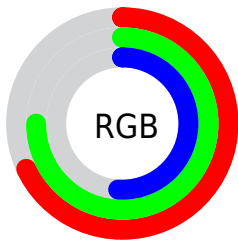
Format	Color
RYB	130, 191, 148
Decimal	11386754
CIELab	74.67, -16.46, 28.79
CIELCh	75, 33.168, 119.762
Yxy	47.7575, 0.3442, 0.4121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289576834 (0xFFADBF82)
YUV	178.6640, -23.9914, -4.9673
Hunter-Lab	69.1068, -17.8934, 24.1510

Details

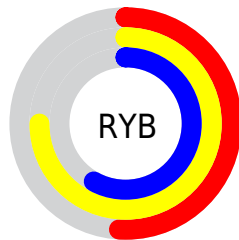
The RYB color **130, 191, 148** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **148, 130, 191**, and the grayscale version is **179, 179, 179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183, 247, 201**, and **80, 138, 98** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111, 191, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 191, 161**.

Distribution



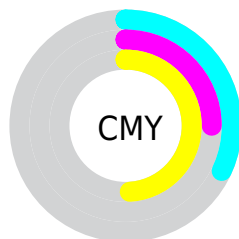
- Red (68%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 130, 191, 148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 130, 191, 148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 130, 191, 148


255, 255, 255


 183, 247, 201

 211, 255, 211

 240, 255, 240

 130, 191, 148

 104, 164, 122

 80, 138, 98

 56, 112, 74

 33, 88, 51

 10, 64, 28

 0, 42, 17

 0, 23, 23

 0, 0, 0

 130, 191, 148

 130, 191, 148

■ 111, 191, 135

■ 149, 191, 161

■ 92, 191, 121

■ 168, 191, 175

■ 73, 191, 108

■ 187, 191, 188

■ 54, 191, 95

■ 196, 191, 206

■ 34, 191, 80

■ 201, 191, 226

■ 15, 191, 67

■ 207, 191, 245

■ 0, 191, 56

■ 212, 191, 255

■ 218, 191, 255

■ 224, 191, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 205, 123



130, 191, 148



137, 185, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130, 191, 148



100, 156, 236



242, 161, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130, 191, 148



148, 130, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222, 166, 215



130, 191, 148



143, 174, 244

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130, 191, 148



82, 144, 213



188, 176, 237



244, 164, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130, 191, 148



114, 165, 200



188, 176, 237



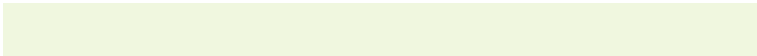
237, 162, 196

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130, 191, 148



223, 247, 230



191, 154, 130



110, 125, 114



252, 252, 252



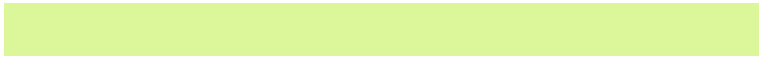
125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130, 191, 148



153, 247, 180



130, 191, 178



85, 94, 87



0, 158, 47



0, 31, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148, 130, 191



181, 153, 247



178, 130, 191



88, 85, 94



47, 0, 158



9, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 191, 148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 130, 191, 148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 130, 191, 148 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 191, 148.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 130, 191, 148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
182, 183, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color
130, 191, 148

Protanomaly
131, 189, 128

Deuteranomaly
160, 201, 132

Tritanomaly
173, 186, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color
130, 191, 148

Achromatopsia
179, 179, 179

Achromatomaly
161, 183, 167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 130, 191, 148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 191, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 191, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 191, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 191, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 130, 191, 148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 191, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 191, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 191, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 191, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 191, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 191,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 130, 191, 148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 191, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
191, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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