

Converting Colors

`RYB(131, 1, 131)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(131, 1, 131) contains.

RYB(131, 1, 131)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

$\text{RYB}(131, 1, 131)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	830183
RGB	131, 1, 131
RGB Percent	51%, 0%, 51%
CMY	0.4863, 0.9961, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	300°, 98%, 26%
HSV	300°, 99%, 51%
XYZ	13.4677, 6.4857, 22.0148
YIQ	54.6900, 35.7500, 67.9900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

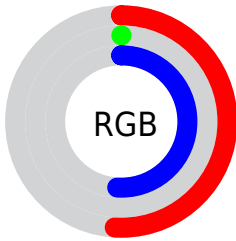
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 1, 131
Decimal	8585603
CIE _{Lab}	30.61, 59.78, -37.03
CIE _{LCh}	31, 70.319, 328.224
Yxy	6.4857, 0.3209, 0.1545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286775683 (0xFF830183)
YUV	54.6900, 37.6208, 66.9239
Hunter-Lab	25.4670, 49.8284, -33.4258

Details

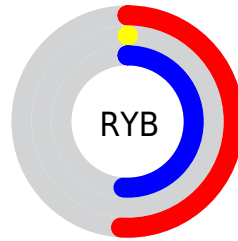
The RYB color **131, 1, 131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **1, 131, 131**, and the grayscale version is **54, 54, 54**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187, 73, 185**, and **77, 0, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 0, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 14, 131**.

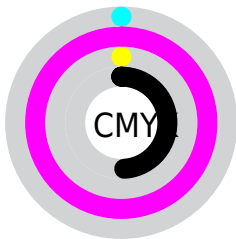
Distribution



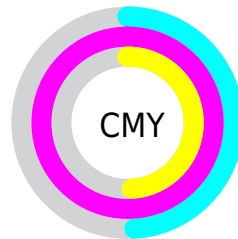
- Red (51%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 131, 1, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 131, 1, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 131, 1, 131

 131, 1, 131

255, 255, 255

 104, 0, 105


 187, 73, 185

 77, 0, 81

 217, 101, 213

 53, 0, 57

 246, 129, 241

 21, 0, 35

 255, 157, 255

 0, 0, 9


 255, 185, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 214, 255

 255, 243, 255

 131, 1, 131

 131, 1, 131

■ 131, 0, 131

■ 131, 14, 131

■ 131, 27, 131

■ 131, 40, 131

■ 131, 53, 131

■ 131, 66, 131

■ 131, 80, 131

■ 131, 93, 131

■ 131, 106, 131

■ 131, 119, 131

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40, 57, 171



131, 1, 131



160, 0, 78

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 1, 131



31, 92, 0



0, 53, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 1, 131



1, 131, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 53, 92



131, 1, 131



0, 83, 49

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 1, 131



132, 59, 0



0, 90, 90



0, 59, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 1, 131



162, 0, 42



0, 90, 90



0, 49, 105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 1, 131



171, 120, 171



1, 1, 131



87, 55, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 1, 131



171, 0, 171



131, 1, 66



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 130



3, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 1, 131



171, 0, 171



1, 88, 131



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 130



3, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 131, 1, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

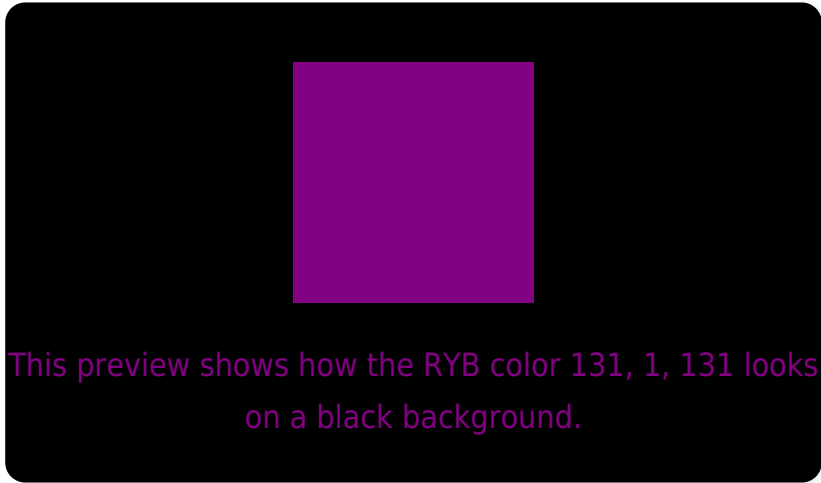
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

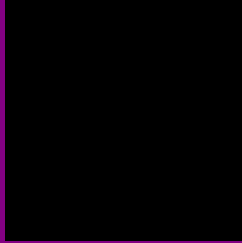
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 131, 1, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 131, 1, 131.

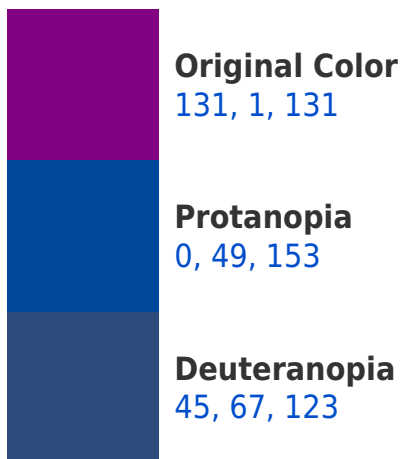


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 131, 1, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
123, 51, 55

Trichromacy



Original Color

131, 1, 131



Protanomaly

48, 47, 145



Deuteranomaly

76, 48, 126



Tritanomaly

126, 33, 83

Monochromacy



Original Color

131, 1, 131



Achromatopsia

55, 55, 55



Achromatomaly

83, 35, 83

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 131, 1, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 1, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 1, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 1, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 1, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 131, 1, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 1, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 1, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 1, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 1, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 1, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 1,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 131, 1, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 1, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 1,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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