

Converting Colors

`RYB(131, 216, 221)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(131, 216, 221) contains.

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Color

R_YB(131, 216, 221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83DD88
RGB	131, 221, 136
RGB Percent	51%, 87%, 53%
CMY	0.4863, 0.1333, 0.4655
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.38, 0.13
HSL	124°, 57%, 69%
HSV	124°, 41%, 87%
XYZ	39.6814, 58.3241, 32.5686
YIQ	184.4000, -26.3550, -45.5150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

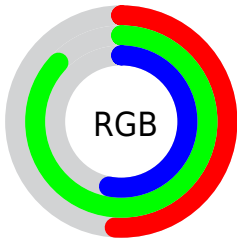
Format	Color
RYB	131, 216, 221
Decimal	8641928
CIELab	80.92, -44.06, 33.35
CIElCh	81, 55.253, 142.878
Yxy	58.3241, 0.3039, 0.4467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286832008 (0xFF83DD88)
YUV	184.4000, -23.8612, -46.8318
Hunter-Lab	76.3702, -40.9007, 28.1746

Details

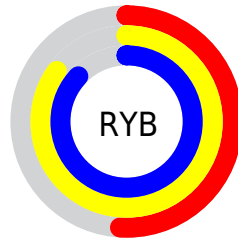
The RYB color **131, 216, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **221, 131, 216**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187, 252, 255**, and **75, 156, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109, 215, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 217, 221**.

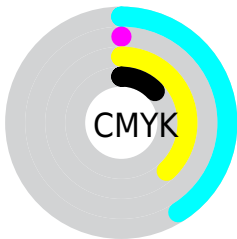
Distribution



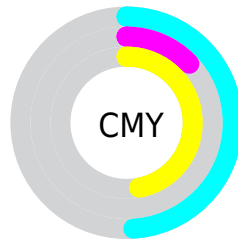
- Red (51%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 131, 216, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 131, 216, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 131, 216, 221

255, 255, 255


 187, 252, 255


 216, 253, 255

 246, 254, 255

 131, 216, 221


 103, 187, 193

 75, 156, 165

 46, 125, 138

 3, 86, 112

 0, 76, 87


 0, 63, 63

 0, 42, 42

 0, 6, 6

 0, 0, 0

 131, 216, 221

 131, 216, 221

 109, 215, 221

 153, 217, 221

 87, 213, 221

 175, 218, 221

 65, 212, 221

 197, 219, 221

 43, 212, 221

 219, 221, 221

 21, 211, 221

 242, 221, 240

 0, 209, 221

 255, 221, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102, 210, 119



131, 216, 221



7, 128, 227

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 216, 221



75, 152, 255



255, 160, 164

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 216, 221



221, 131, 216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 159, 215



131, 216, 221



186, 192, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 216, 221



0, 119, 255



253, 172, 255



255, 213, 120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 216, 221



0, 115, 227



253, 172, 255



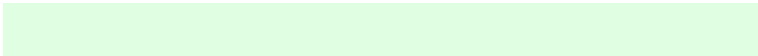
255, 158, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 216, 221



224, 253, 255



131, 221, 135



110, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 216, 221



130, 248, 255



131, 189, 221



99, 110, 110



0, 164, 173



0, 43, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 131, 216



255, 130, 248



221, 131, 171



110, 99, 109



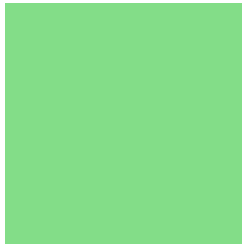
173, 0, 163



46, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 131, 216, 221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 131, 216, 221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 131, 216, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 131, 216, 221.

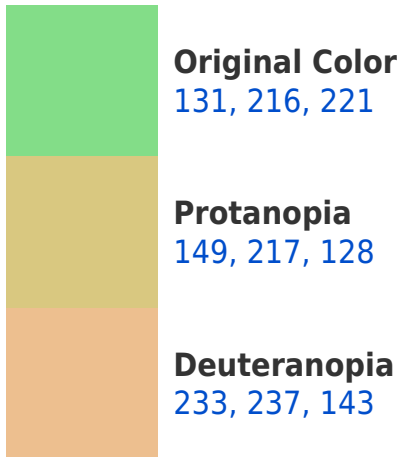


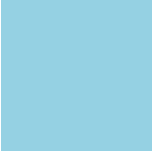
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 131, 216, 221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
149, 183, 227

Trichromacy



Original Color

131, 216, 221



Protanomaly

131, 208, 153



Deuteranomaly

141, 202, 145



Tritanomaly

142, 184, 214

Monochromacy



Original Color

131, 216, 221



Achromatopsia

184, 184, 184



Achromatomaly

165, 195, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 131, 216, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 221, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 221, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 221, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 221, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 131, 216, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 221, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 221, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 221, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 221, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 221, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 221,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 131, 216, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 221, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
221, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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