

Converting Colors

`RYB(131, 46, 113)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(131, 46, 113) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(131, 46, 113)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	832E71
RGB	131, 46, 113
RGB Percent	51%, 18%, 44%
CMY	0.4863, 0.8196, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.14, 0.49
HSL	313°, 48%, 35%
HSV	313°, 65%, 51%
XYZ	13.3177, 7.9715, 16.4595
YIQ	79.0530, 29.1530, 38.8570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

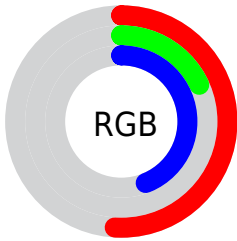
Format	Color
R _Y B	131, 46, 113
Decimal	8597105
CIE Lab	33.92, 44.51, -20.47
CIE LCh	34, 48.989, 335.307
Yxy	7.9715, 0.3528, 0.2112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286787185 (0xFF832E71)
YUV	79.0530, 16.7359, 45.5575
Hunter-Lab	28.2339, 34.7876, -14.8005

Details

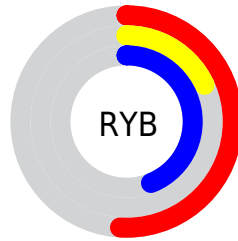
The RYB color **131, 46, 113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **46, 116, 131**, and the grayscale version is **79, 79, 79**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 98, 165**, and **78, 0, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 33, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 59, 116**.

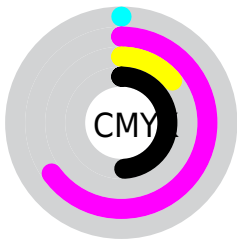
Distribution



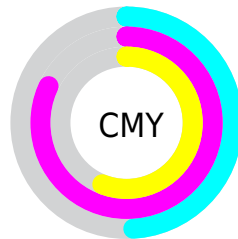
- Red (51%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 131, 46, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 131, 46, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 131, 46, 113

 131, 46, 113

255, 255, 255

 104, 17, 88

 186, 98, 165

 78, 0, 65

 215, 124, 192

 54, 0, 43

 244, 151, 220


 27, 0, 21

 255, 179, 249


 0, 0, 0


 255, 207, 255

 255, 236, 255

 131, 46, 113

 131, 46, 113

 131, 33, 110

 131, 59, 116

■ 131, 20, 107

■ 131, 72, 119

■ 131, 7, 105

■ 131, 85, 121

■ 131, 0, 103

■ 131, 98, 124

■ 131, 112, 127

■ 131, 125, 130

■ 131, 137, 138

■ 131, 148, 151

■ 131, 158, 164

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 66, 144



131, 46, 113



147, 35, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 46, 113



13, 91, 0



0, 54, 124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 46, 113



46, 116, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 51, 97



131, 46, 113



2, 90, 42

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 46, 113



107, 122, 0



0, 64, 95



0, 57, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 46, 113



146, 41, 49



0, 64, 95



0, 52, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 46, 113



171, 138, 164



63, 46, 131



87, 67, 82



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 46, 113



171, 38, 143



131, 46, 72



66, 60, 65



130, 0, 103



3, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 46, 113



171, 38, 143



46, 96, 131



66, 60, 65



130, 0, 103



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 131, 46, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

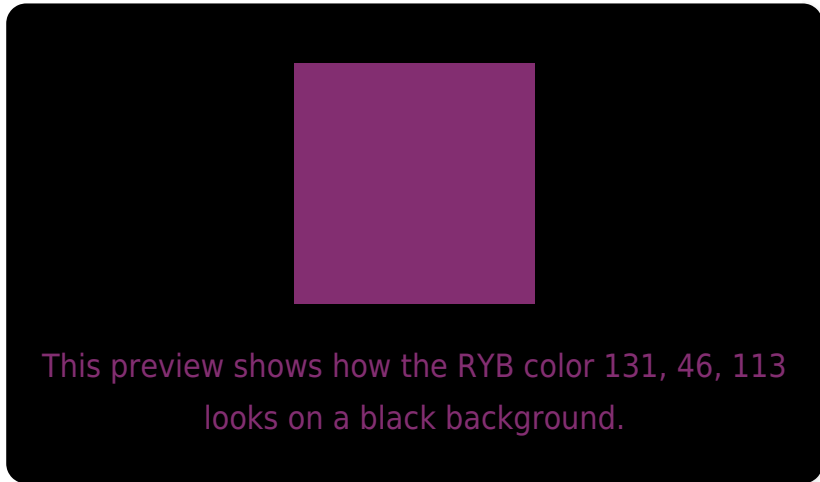
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

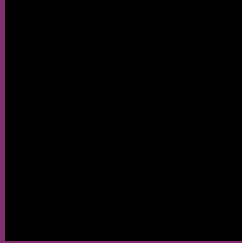
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 131, 46, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 131, 46, 113.

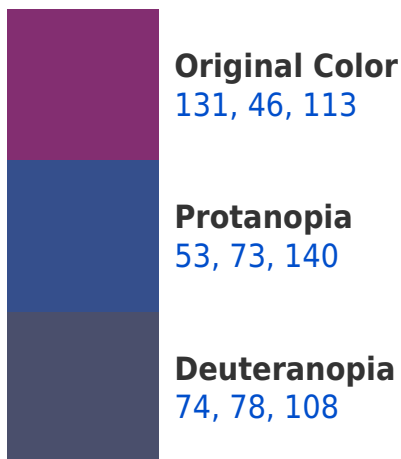


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 131, 46, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
126, 60, 64

Trichromacy



Original Color

131, 46, 113

Protanomaly

81, 67, 130

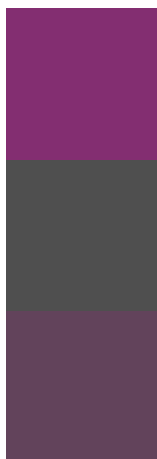
Deuteranomaly

95, 67, 110

Tritanomaly

128, 55, 82

Monochromacy



Original Color

131, 46, 113

Achromatopsia

79, 79, 79

Achromatomaly

98, 67, 91

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 131, 46, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 46, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 46, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 46, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 46, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 131, 46, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 46, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 46, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 46, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 46, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 46, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 46,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 131, 46, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 46, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 46,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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