

Converting Colors

`RYB(131, 79, 106)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(131, 79, 106) contains.

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Color

R_YB(131, 79, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	834F6A
RGB	131, 79, 106
RGB Percent	51%, 31%, 42%
CMY	0.4863, 0.6902, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.19, 0.49
HSL	329°, 25%, 41%
HSV	329°, 40%, 51%
XYZ	14.7576, 11.4579, 15.0694
YIQ	97.6260, 22.3250, 19.4210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

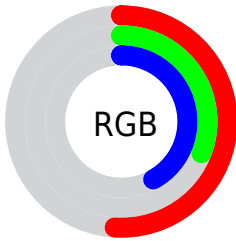
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 79, 106
Decimal	8605546
CIE _{Lab}	40.34, 25.89, -6.31
CIE _{LCh}	40, 26.647, 346.296
Yxy	11.4579, 0.3575, 0.2775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286795626 (0xFF834F6A)
YUV	97.6260, 4.1284, 29.2690
Hunter-Lab	33.8495, 18.5852, -2.7007

Details

The RYB color **131, 79, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **79, 114, 131**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185, 129, 157**, and **80, 32, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 66, 100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 92, 112**.

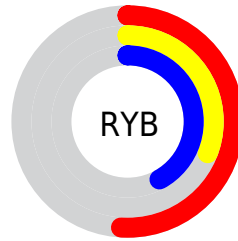
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (31%)

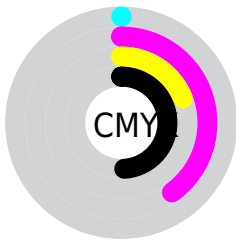
Blue (42%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (42%)

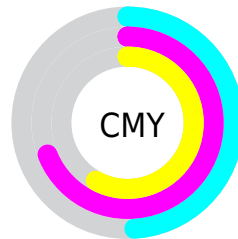


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)


Magenta (69%)


Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 131, 79, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 131, 79, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 131, 79, 106

 131, 79, 106

255, 255, 255

 105, 55, 82

 185, 129, 157

 80, 32, 59

 213, 155, 184

 56, 9, 37


 242, 183, 212


 37, 0, 17


 255, 210, 240

 0, 0, 0

 255, 239, 255


 131, 79, 106

 131, 79, 106

 131, 66, 100

 131, 92, 112

 131, 53, 93

 131, 105, 119

■ 131, 40, 87

■ 131, 118, 125

■ 131, 27, 81

■ 131, 131, 131

■ 131, 14, 75

■ 131, 141, 145

■ 131, 0, 68

■ 131, 149, 158

■ 131, 158, 171

■ 131, 167, 184

■ 131, 175, 197

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112, 85, 125



131, 79, 106



137, 78, 84

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 79, 106



52, 98, 53



0, 57, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 79, 106



79, 114, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 54, 107



131, 79, 106



64, 103, 94

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 79, 106



102, 118, 53



44, 82, 106



42, 78, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 79, 106



135, 83, 70



44, 82, 106



0, 56, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 79, 106



171, 150, 161



103, 79, 131



87, 75, 81



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 79, 106



171, 89, 131



131, 79, 81



66, 60, 63



130, 0, 68



3, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 79, 106



171, 89, 131



79, 106, 131



66, 60, 63



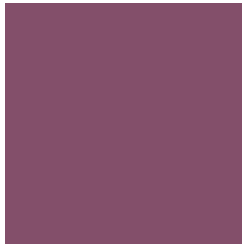
130, 0, 68



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 131, 79, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

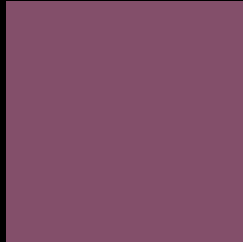
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 131, 79, 106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

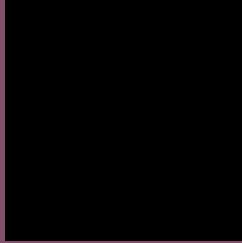
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 131, 79, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 131, 79, 106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 131, 79, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

131, 79, 106

Protanopia

91, 94, 116

Deuteranopia

101, 93, 104



Tritanopia
129, 82, 88

Trichromacy



Original Color

131, 79, 106

Protanomaly

106, 89, 112

Deuteranomaly

112, 88, 105

Tritanomaly

130, 81, 95

Monochromacy



Original Color

131, 79, 106

Achromatopsia

98, 98, 98

Achromatomaly

110, 91, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 131, 79, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 79, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 79, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 79, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 79, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 131, 79, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 79, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 79, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 79, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 79, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 79, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 79,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 131, 79, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 79, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 79,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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