

Converting Colors

`RYB(131, 88, 141)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(131, 88, 141) contains.

RYB(131, 88, 141)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(131, 88, 141)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83588D
RGB	131, 88, 141
RGB Percent	51%, 35%, 55%
CMY	0.4863, 0.6549, 0.4471
CMYK	0.07, 0.38, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	289°, 23%, 45%
HSV	289°, 38%, 55%
XYZ	17.6575, 13.7278, 26.9184
YIQ	106.8990, 8.6150, 25.5990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

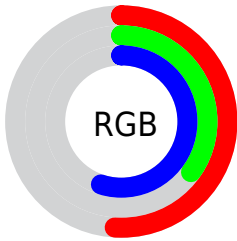
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 88, 141
Decimal	8607885
CIE Lab	43.84, 27.37, -22.35
CIE LCh	44, 35.335, 320.761
Yxy	13.7278, 0.3029, 0.2355
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286797965 (0xFF83588D)
YUV	106.8990, 16.8118, 21.1366
Hunter-Lab	37.0511, 20.2287, -17.1397

Details

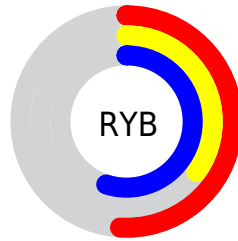
The RYB color **131, 88, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **88, 141, 131**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185, 139, 195**, and **80, 41, 91** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 74, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 102, 141**.

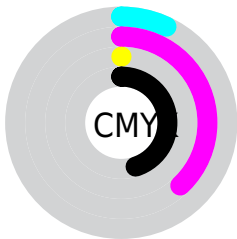
Distribution



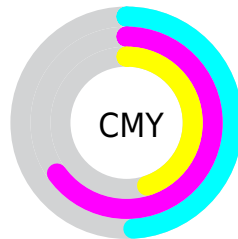
- Red (51%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 131, 88, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 131, 88, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



131, 88, 141



131, 88, 141

255, 255, 255



105, 64, 115



185, 139, 195



80, 41, 91



213, 165, 223



56, 18, 67



241, 193, 251



35, 0, 45



255, 221, 255



0, 0, 23



255, 249, 255



0, 0, 0



131, 88, 141



131, 88, 141



128, 74, 141



134, 102, 141



126, 60, 141



136, 116, 141

123, 46, 141

139, 130, 141

120, 32, 141

141, 144, 143

118, 17, 141

141, 159, 156

115, 3, 141

141, 173, 167

114, 0, 141

141, 187, 178

141, 201, 190

141, 215, 201

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91, 98, 158



131, 88, 141



153, 80, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131, 88, 141



90, 129, 44



0, 60, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131, 88, 141



88, 141, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 66, 118



131, 88, 141



47, 108, 54

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131, 88, 141



149, 102, 59



65, 115, 114



0, 65, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131, 88, 141



159, 79, 94



65, 115, 114



0, 61, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131, 88, 141



180, 163, 184



88, 97, 141



90, 80, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131, 88, 141



168, 101, 184



141, 88, 125



70, 64, 71



110, 0, 135



6, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141, 88, 98



184, 101, 117



88, 129, 141



71, 64, 66



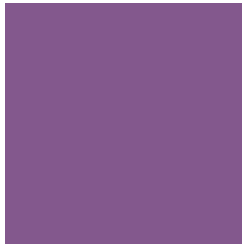
135, 0, 26



8, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 131, 88, 141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

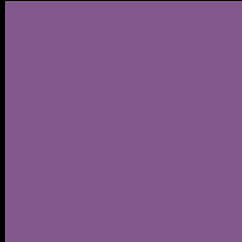
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 131, 88, 141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

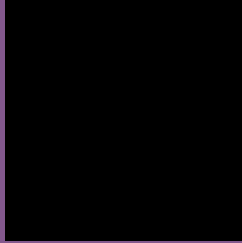
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 131, 88, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 131, 88, 141.

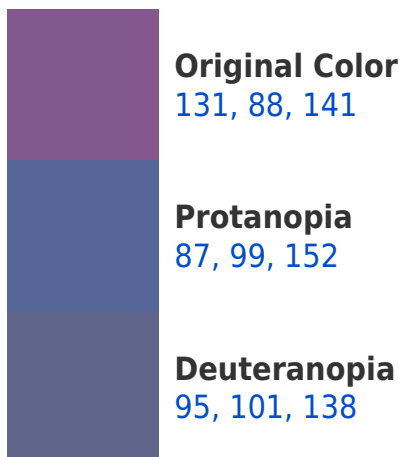


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 131, 88, 141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
126, 96, 103

Trichromacy



Original Color
131, 88, 141

Protanomaly
103, 97, 148

Deuteranomaly
108, 97, 139

Tritanomaly
128, 93, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color
131, 88, 141

Achromatopsia
107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly
116, 100, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 131, 88, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 88, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 88, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 88, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 88, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 131, 88, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 88, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 88, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 88, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 88, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 88, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 88,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 131, 88, 141 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 88, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 88,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor