

Converting Colors

`RYB(132, 159, 189)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(132, 159, 189) contains.

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Color

R_YB(132, 159, 189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84B7BD
RGB	132, 183, 189
RGB Percent	52%, 72%, 74%
CMY	0.4824, 0.2812, 0.2588
CMYK	0.30, 0.03, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	186°, 30%, 63%
HSV	186°, 30%, 74%
XYZ	35.6965, 42.5705, 54.4796
YIQ	168.4350, -32.3220, -8.9460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

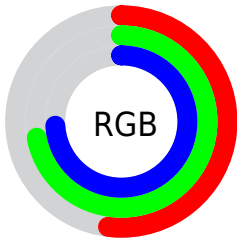
Format	Color
R _{YB}	132, 159, 189
Decimal	8697789
CIE Lab	71.26, -15.39, -8.32
CIE LCh	71, 17.495, 208.413
Yxy	42.5705, 0.2689, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286887869 (0xFF84B7BD)
YUV	168.4350, 10.1385, -31.9535
Hunter-Lab	65.2461, -16.5224, -3.8341

Details

The RYB color **132, 159, 189** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **189, 139, 132**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187, 214, 245**, and **80, 106, 136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113, 149, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 169, 189**.

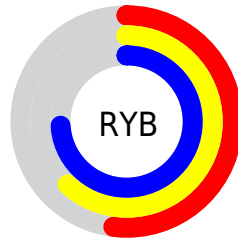
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (72%)

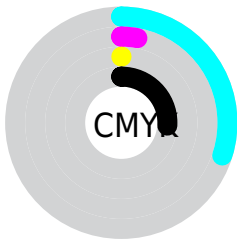
Blue (74%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (74%)

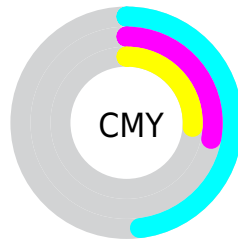


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 132, 159, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 132, 159, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 132, 159, 189

255, 255, 255


 187, 214, 245

 215, 235, 255

 244, 250, 255

 132, 159, 189

 106, 132, 162

 80, 106, 136

 54, 81, 110


 28, 56, 86


 0, 30, 63

 0, 19, 41

 0, 7, 21

 0, 0, 0

 132, 159, 189

 132, 159, 189

■ 113, 149, 189

■ 151, 169, 189

■ 94, 139, 189

■ 170, 179, 189

■ 75, 129, 189

■ 189, 189, 189

■ 56, 119, 189

■ 208, 191, 189

■ 38, 110, 189

■ 227, 193, 189

■ 19, 100, 189

■ 245, 196, 189

■ 0, 89, 189

■ 255, 198, 189

■ 255, 199, 189

■ 255, 202, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138, 164, 184



132, 159, 189



139, 164, 201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 159, 189



195, 166, 191



166, 188, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 159, 189



189, 139, 132

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



201, 180, 148



132, 159, 189



206, 163, 176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 159, 189



176, 171, 202



208, 164, 160



146, 178, 154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 159, 189



149, 168, 205



208, 164, 160



184, 193, 144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 159, 189



223, 233, 245



132, 184, 189



109, 115, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 159, 189



157, 199, 245



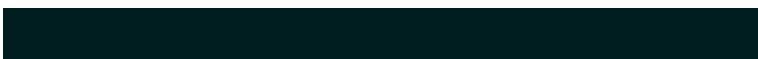
132, 148, 189



85, 89, 94



0, 75, 158



0, 15, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 132, 183



245, 157, 236



171, 189, 132



94, 85, 93



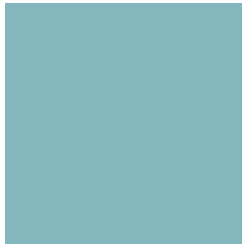
158, 0, 142



31, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 132, 159, 189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

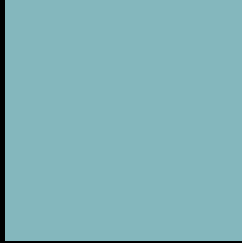
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 132, 159, 189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

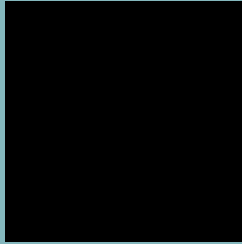
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

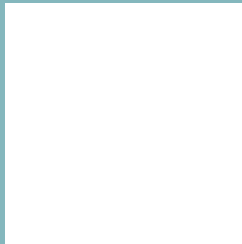
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 132, 159, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 132, 159, 189.

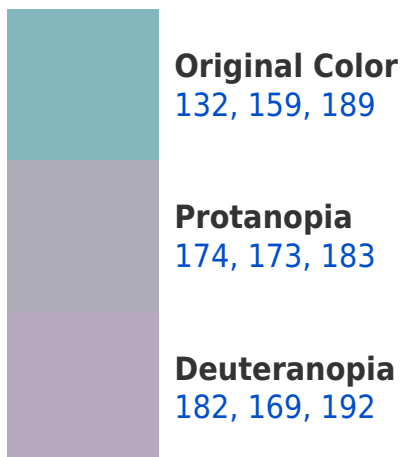


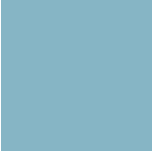
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 132, 159, 189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

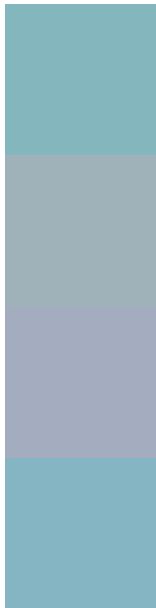
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
134, 161, 197

Trichromacy



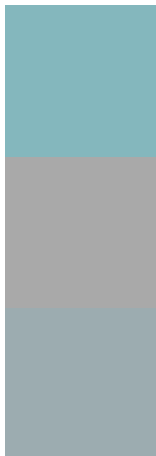
Original Color
132, 159, 189

Protanomaly
159, 170, 185

Deuteranomaly
164, 171, 191

Tritanomaly
133, 160, 194

Monochromacy



Original Color
132, 159, 189

Achromatopsia
169, 169, 169

Achromatomaly
156, 165, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 132, 159, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 183, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 183, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 183, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 183, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 132, 159, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 183, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 183, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 183, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 183, 189); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 183, 189); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 183, 189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 132, 159, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 183, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
183, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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