

Converting Colors

`RYB(132, 180, 246)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(132, 180, 246) contains.

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Color

R_YB(132, 180, 246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84D7F6
RGB	132, 215, 246
RGB Percent	52%, 84%, 96%
CMY	0.4824, 0.1572, 0.0353
CMYK	0.46, 0.13, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	196°, 86%, 74%
HSV	196°, 46%, 96%
XYZ	50.4276, 60.1139, 96.1341
YIQ	193.7170, -59.4190, -7.9550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

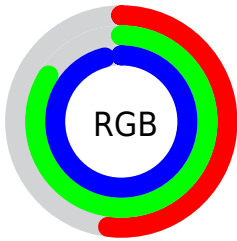
Format	Color
R _Y B	132, 180, 246
Decimal	8706038
CIE Lab	81.90, -17.21, -23.07
CIE LCh	82, 28.785, 233.285
Yxy	60.1139, 0.2440, 0.2909
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286896118 (0xFF84D7F6)
YUV	193.7170, 25.7755, -54.1258
Hunter-Lab	77.5332, -19.5867, -19.2410

Details

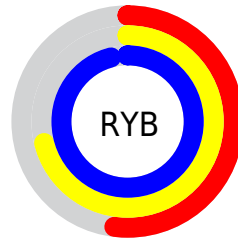
The RYB color **132, 180, 246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **246, 175, 132**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 223, 255**, and **73, 123, 190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107, 165, 246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157, 195, 246**.

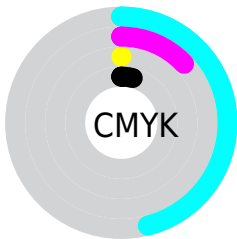
Distribution



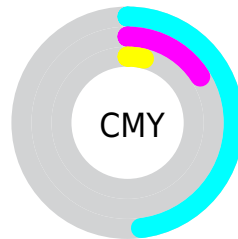
- Red (52%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 132, 180, 246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 132, 180, 246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 132, 180, 246

255, 255, 255


 190, 223, 255

 220, 238, 255

 249, 252, 255

 132, 180, 246

 103, 151, 217

 73, 123, 190


 39, 93, 163

 0, 60, 136

 0, 48, 111

 0, 36, 86

 0, 24, 63

 0, 11, 41

 0, 1, 19

■ 132, 180, 246

■ 132, 180, 246

■ 107, 165, 246

■ 157, 195, 246

■ 83, 151, 246

■ 181, 208, 246

■ 58, 137, 246

■ 206, 223, 246

■ 34, 123, 246

■ 230, 237, 246

■ 9, 109, 246

■ 255, 249, 246

■ 0, 104, 246

■ 246, 255, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

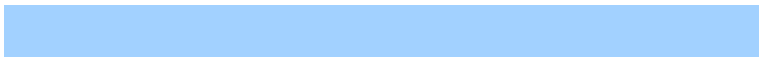
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 173, 224



132, 180, 246



162, 193, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 180, 246



253, 185, 211



154, 208, 161

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 180, 246



246, 175, 132

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 229, 150



132, 180, 246



255, 185, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 180, 246



233, 190, 236



250, 206, 161



170, 214, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 180, 246



187, 199, 255



250, 206, 161



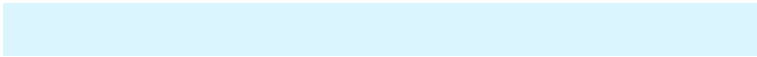
156, 211, 151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 180, 246



219, 234, 255



132, 222, 246



106, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



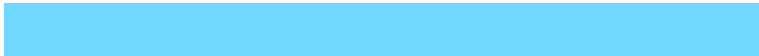
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 180, 246



112, 172, 255



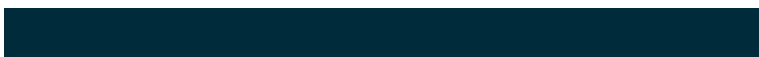
132, 154, 246



110, 115, 122



0, 78, 186



0, 25, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 132, 215



255, 112, 216



167, 246, 132



122, 110, 119



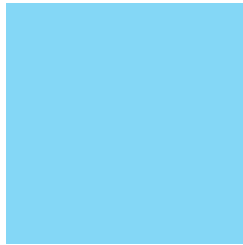
186, 0, 135



59, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 132, 180, 246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

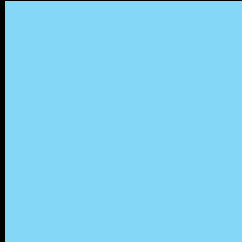
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 132, 180, 246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 132, 180, 246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 132, 180, 246.

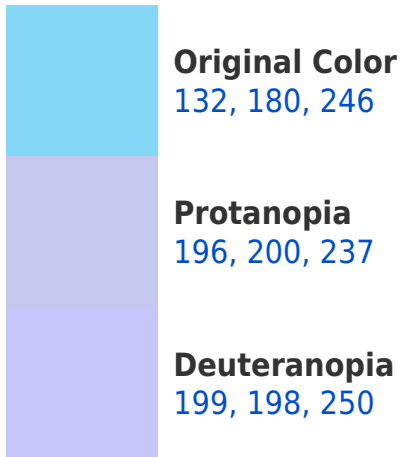


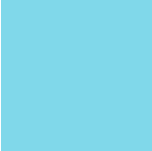
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 132, 180, 246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

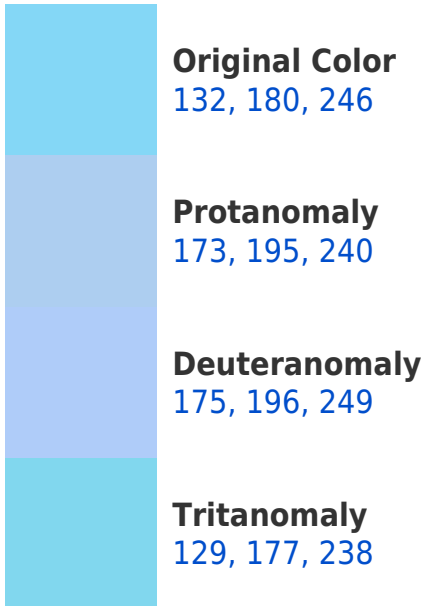
Dichromacy



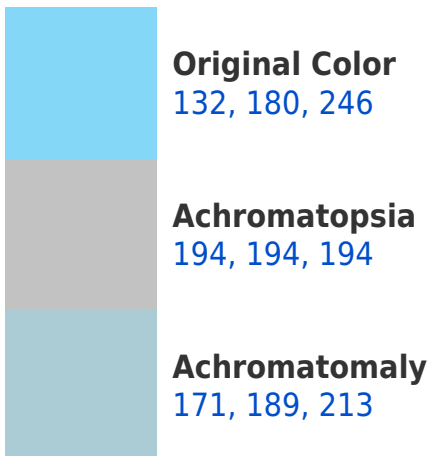


Tritanopia
128, 176, 234

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 132, 180, 246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 215, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 215, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 215, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 215, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 132, 180, 246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 215, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 215, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 215, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 215, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 215, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 215,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 132, 180, 246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 215, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
215, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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