

# Converting Colors

`RYB(132, 196, 182)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(132, 196, 182) contains.

<b>RYB(132, 196, 182)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(132, 196, 182)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	92C484
RGB	146, 196, 132
RGB Percent	57%, 77%, 52%
CMY	0.4275, 0.2314, 0.4824
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.33, 0.23
HSL	107°, 35%, 64%
HSV	107°, 33%, 77%
XYZ	35.7588, 47.2568, 29.0666
YIQ	173.7540, -9.2560, -30.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

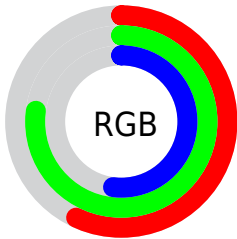
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	132, 196, 182
Decimal	9618564
CIELab	74.35, -28.50, 27.00
CIELCh	74, 39.263, 136.545
Yxy	47.2568, 0.3190, 0.4216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287808644 (0xFF92C484)
YUV	173.7540, -20.5847, -24.3403
Hunter-Lab	68.7436, -27.4496, 23.0511

# Details

The RYB color **132, 196, 182** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **182, 132, 196**, and the grayscale version is **174, 174, 174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 253, 238**, and **82, 142, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112, 196, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152, 196, 187**.

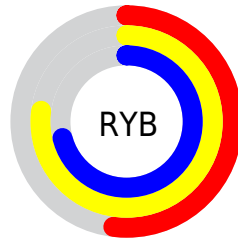
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (77%)

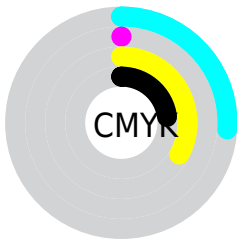
Blue (52%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (71%)

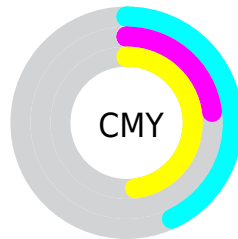


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 132, 196, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 132, 196, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 132, 196, 182

255, 255, 255


 186, 253, 238


 213, 255, 238

 242, 255, 242

 132, 196, 182

 106, 169, 155

 82, 142, 130

 58, 116, 105

 35, 91, 82

 12, 67, 61


 0, 45, 45

 0, 24, 24


 0, 0, 0


 132, 196, 182


 132, 196, 182


 112, 196, 177


 152, 196, 187

 93, 196, 174


 171, 196, 190

 73, 196, 169


 191, 196, 195

 54, 196, 165

 207, 196, 210

 34, 196, 161

 223, 196, 230

 14, 196, 156

 238, 196, 250

 0, 196, 153

 253, 196, 255

 255, 196, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113, 187, 113



132, 196, 182



100, 161, 201

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 196, 182



102, 158, 252



254, 155, 164

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 196, 182



182, 132, 196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



243, 157, 201



132, 196, 182



163, 177, 252

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 196, 182



41, 128, 234



212, 166, 233



245, 175, 132

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 196, 182



66, 137, 202



212, 166, 233



252, 155, 176

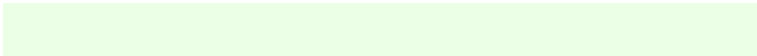


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 196, 182



230, 255, 250



152, 196, 132



112, 128, 124



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

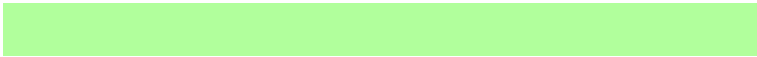


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 196, 182



156, 255, 234



132, 183, 196



87, 97, 95



0, 161, 126



0, 33, 26



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 132, 196



233, 156, 255



196, 132, 179



95, 87, 97



126, 0, 161



26, 0, 33



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 132, 196, 182 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 132, 196, 182 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 132, 196, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 132, 196, 182.

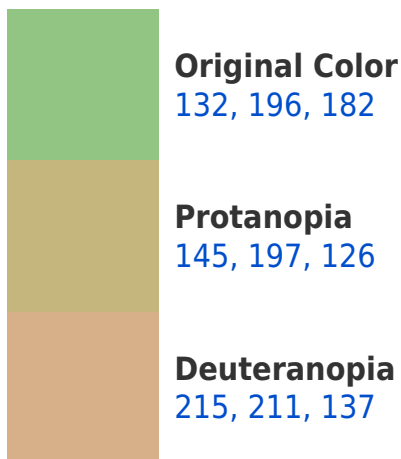


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 132, 196, 182.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
158, 175, 202

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
132, 196, 182

**Protanomaly**  
128, 187, 137

**Deuteranomaly**  
143, 190, 135

**Tritanomaly**  
154, 176, 190

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
132, 196, 182

**Achromatopsia**  
174, 174, 174

**Achromatomaly**  
159, 182, 177

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 132, 196, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 196, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 196, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 196, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 196, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 132, 196, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 196, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 196, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 196, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 196, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 196, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 196,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 132, 196, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 196, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
196, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor