

Converting Colors

`RYB(132, 230, 210)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(132, 230, 210) contains.

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Color

R_YB(132, 230, 210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98E684
RGB	152, 230, 132
RGB Percent	60%, 90%, 52%
CMY	0.4039, 0.0980, 0.4824
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.43, 0.10
HSL	108°, 66%, 71%
HSV	108°, 43%, 90%
XYZ	45.4106, 64.9350, 31.9701
YIQ	195.5060, -15.0300, -47.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

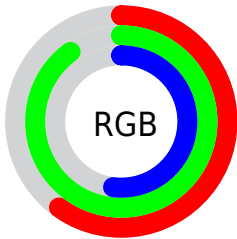
Format	Color
RYB	132, 230, 210
Decimal	10020484
CIELab	84.45, -42.10, 40.26
CIELCh	84, 58.248, 136.277
Yxy	64.9350, 0.3191, 0.4563
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288210564 (0xFF98E684)
YUV	195.5060, -31.3085, -38.1548
Hunter-Lab	80.5822, -40.4287, 32.8849

Details

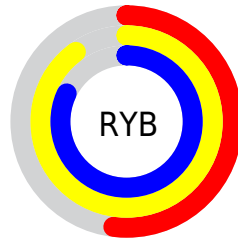
The RYB color **132, 230, 210** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **210, 132, 230**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186, 255, 232**, and **80, 174, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109, 230, 205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 230, 215**.

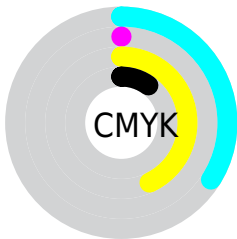
Distribution



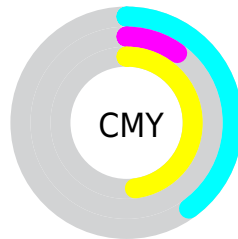
- Red (60%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 132, 230, 210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 132, 230, 210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 132, 230, 210

255, 255, 255


 186, 255, 232


 214, 255, 231


 243, 255, 243

 132, 230, 210

 106, 202, 184

 80, 174, 157

 56, 147, 134

 30, 121, 111

 0, 94, 95

 0, 71, 71

 0, 48, 48

 0, 24, 24

 0, 0, 0

 132, 230, 210

 132, 230, 210

 109, 230, 205

 155, 230, 215

 86, 230, 201

 178, 230, 219

 63, 230, 196

 201, 230, 224

 40, 230, 191

 224, 230, 229

 17, 230, 187

 244, 230, 247

 0, 230, 183

 255, 230, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101, 217, 104



132, 230, 210



57, 163, 237

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132, 230, 210



0, 119, 255



255, 166, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132, 230, 210



210, 132, 230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 168, 238



132, 230, 210



174, 197, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132, 230, 210



0, 122, 255



253, 185, 255



255, 206, 134

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132, 230, 210



0, 124, 239



253, 185, 255



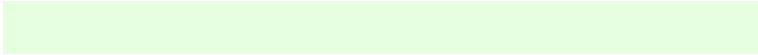
255, 164, 201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132, 230, 210



222, 255, 248



159, 230, 132



107, 128, 124



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132, 230, 210



125, 255, 229



132, 208, 230



103, 115, 112



0, 179, 143



0, 51, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 132, 230



228, 125, 255



230, 132, 202



112, 103, 115



142, 0, 179



41, 0, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 132, 230, 210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

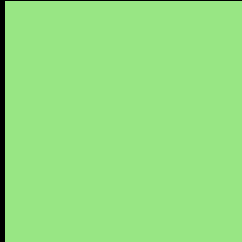
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 132, 230, 210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

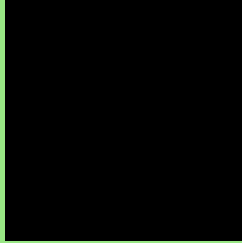
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 132, 230, 210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 132, 230, 210.

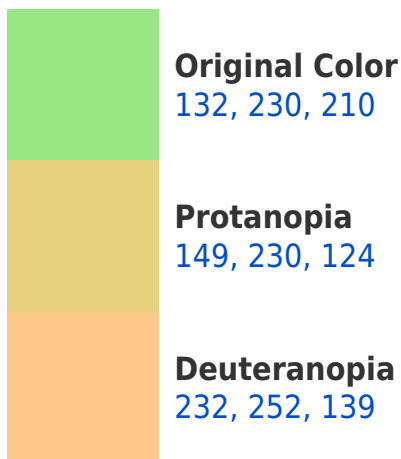



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 132, 230, 210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
170, 198, 235

Trichromacy



Original Color

132, 230, 210



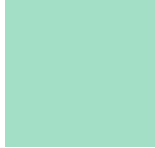
Protanomaly

127, 217, 142



Deuteranomaly

140, 216, 136



Tritanomaly

163, 200, 222

Monochromacy



Original Color

132, 230, 210



Achromatopsia

196, 196, 196



Achromatomaly

173, 208, 201

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 132, 230, 210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 230, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 230, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 230, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 230, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 132, 230, 210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 230, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 230, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 230, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 230, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 230, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 230,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 132, 230, 210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 230, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
230, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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