

Converting Colors

`RYB(133, 141, 27)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(133, 141, 27) contains.

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Color

R_YB(133, 141, 27)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D561B
RGB	141, 86, 27
RGB Percent	55%, 34%, 11%
CMY	0.4471, 0.6625, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.81, 0.45
HSL	31°, 68%, 33%
HSV	31°, 81%, 55%
XYZ	14.5159, 12.4090, 2.6670
YIQ	95.7190, 51.7190, -6.6890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

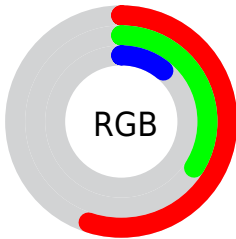
Format	Color
RYB	133, 141, 27
Decimal	9262619
CIELab	41.86, 17.87, 41.67
CIElCh	42, 45.344, 66.789
Yxy	12.4090, 0.4905, 0.4193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287452699 (0xFF8D561B)
YUV	95.7190, -33.8785, 39.7114
Hunter-Lab	35.2265, 11.9090, 20.1696

Details

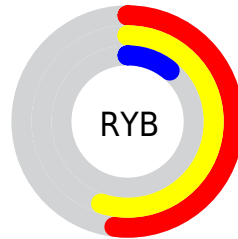
The RYB color **133, 141, 27** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **27, 64, 141**, and the grayscale version is **96, 96, 96**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199, 195, 75**, and **86, 75, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133, 141, 13**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133, 141, 41**.

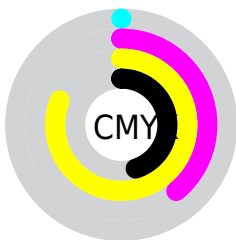
Distribution



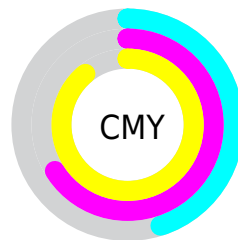
- Red (55%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (45%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 133, 141, 27 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 133, 141, 27 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 133, 141, 27

 133, 141, 27

255, 255, 255

 91, 113, 1

 199, 195, 75

 86, 75, 0


 228, 220, 100

 59, 28, 0

 255, 249, 126

 36, 0, 0


 212, 255, 152

 0, 0, 0

 190, 255, 180

 207, 255, 207

 236, 255, 236

 133, 141, 27

 133, 141, 27

■ 133, 141, 13

■ 133, 141, 41

■ 131, 141, 0

■ 133, 141, 55

■ 137, 141, 69

■ 137, 141, 83

■ 139, 141, 98

■ 139, 141, 112

■ 139, 141, 126

■ 141, 140, 140

■ 141, 145, 154

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 74, 56



133, 141, 27



25, 110, 14

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133, 141, 27



0, 61, 117



111, 85, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133, 141, 27



27, 64, 141

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27, 76, 173



133, 141, 27



0, 64, 143

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133, 141, 27



0, 71, 114



0, 66, 167



150, 69, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133, 141, 27



25, 106, 46



0, 66, 167



92, 91, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133, 141, 27



184, 184, 140



141, 27, 82



90, 92, 65



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133, 141, 27



172, 184, 6



27, 141, 29



69, 71, 64



125, 135, 0



8, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 64, 141



6, 64, 184



29, 27, 141



64, 67, 71



0, 44, 135



0, 3, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 133, 141, 27 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 133, 141, 27 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 133, 141, 27 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 133, 141, 27.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 133, 141, 27.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

133, 141, 27

Protanopia

44, 111, 30

Deuteranopia

69, 125, 24



Tritanopia
144, 80, 86

Trichromacy



Original Color

133, 141, 27

Protanomaly

69, 122, 29

Deuteranomaly

89, 131, 25

Tritanomaly

143, 87, 65

Monochromacy



Original Color

133, 141, 27

Achromatopsia

96, 96, 96

Achromatomaly

110, 112, 71

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 133, 141, 27 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 86, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 86, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 86, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 86, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 133, 141, 27 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 86, 27) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 86, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 86, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 86, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 86, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 86,  
27) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 133, 141, 27 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 86, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 86,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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