# Converting Colors

RYB(133, 158, 152)

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(133, 158, 152) contains.

# Color

**RYB(133, 158, 152)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---|---|
| Hex | 8B9E85 |
| RGB | 139, 158, 133 |
| RGB Percent | 55%, 62%, 52% |
| CMY | 0.4549, 0.3804, 0.4784 |
| CMYK | 0.12, 0.00, 0.16, 0.38 |
| HSL | 106°, 11%, 57% |
| HSV | 106°, 16%, 62% |
| XYZ | 27.1080, 31.6361, 26.8679 |
| YIQ | 149.4690, -3.2990, -11.8030 |

# Conversions

Conversions Part 2

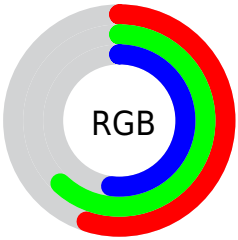
| Format | Color |
|---|---|
| RYB | 133, 158, 152 |
| Decimal | 9150085 |
| CIELab | 63.04, -11.57, 10.83 |
| CIELCh | 63, 15.851, 136.893 |
| Yxy | 31.6361, 0.3166, 0.3695 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287340165 (0xFF8B9E85) |
| YUV | 149.4690, -8.1192, -9.1813 |
| Hunter-Lab | 56.2460, -12.4018, 11.0502 |

# Details

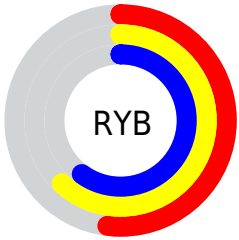
The RYB color 133, 158, 152 is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999. A complement of this color would be 152, 133, 158, and the grayscale version is 150, 150, 150.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 186, 213, 206, and 83, 107, 101 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 117, 158, 148, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 149, 158, 156.

# Distribution

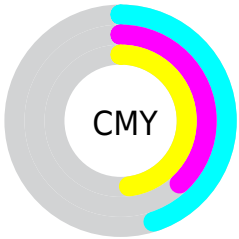



- Red (55%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (52%)




- Red (52%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (60%)


- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 133, 158, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 133, 158, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

133, 158, 152

255, 255, 255

186, 213, 206

214, 241, 234

242, 255, 248

133, 158, 152

108, 132, 127

83, 107, 101

60, 82, 77

38, 59, 54

18, 38, 34

0, 18, 18

0, 0, 0

133, 158, 152

117, 158, 148

133, 158, 152

149, 158, 156

| | |
|---|---|
| 101, 158, 144 | 163, 158, 165 |
| 86, 158, 141 | 175, 158, 180 |
| 70, 158, 137 | 187, 158, 196 |
| 54, 158, 133 | 199, 158, 212 |
| 38, 158, 129 | 211, 158, 228 |
| 22, 158, 125 | 223, 158, 244 |
| 7, 158, 122 | 235, 158, 255 |
| 0, 158, 120 | 247, 158, 255 |

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

127, 155, 126

133, 158, 152

124, 146, 160

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

133, 158, 152

129, 147, 180

182, 143, 145

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

133, 158, 152

152, 133, 158

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

177, 143, 159

133, 158, 152

147, 151, 179

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.

133, 158, 152

117, 141, 173

165, 146, 172

179, 149, 133

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

133, 158, 152

118, 141, 161

165, 146, 172

181, 143, 150

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.

133, 158, 152



196, 207, 204

141, 158, 133

98, 105, 103



232, 232, 232

105, 105, 105

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.

133, 158, 152

167, 207, 197

133, 153, 158

71, 79, 77

0, 143, 109

0, 15, 11

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.

152, 133, 158

197, 167, 207

158, 133, 152

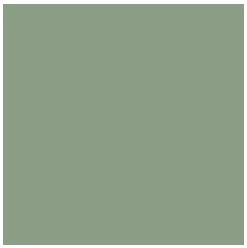
77, 71, 79

109, 0, 143

12, 0, 15

# Previews

## White Background

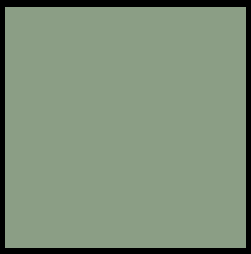


This preview shows how the RYB color 133, 158, 152 looks on a white background.

### Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



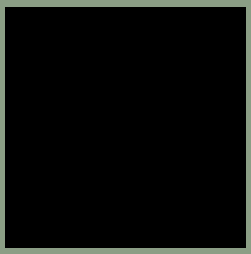
This preview shows how the RYB color 133, 158, 152 looks on a black background.

### Color Contrast Check

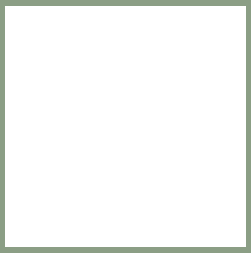
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the Color Contrast Checker.

# RYB 133, 158, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 133, 158, 152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 133, 158, 152.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their article about color blindness.

## Dichromacy

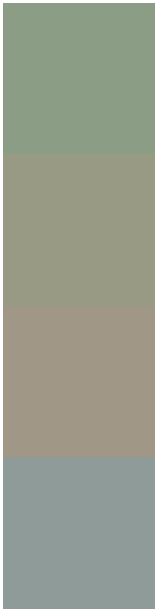
**Original Color**
133, 158, 152

**Protanopia**
141, 160, 130

**Deuteranopia**
173, 153, 135

**Tritanopia**
144, 150, 166

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**
133, 158, 152

**Protanomaly**
131, 154, 133

**Deuteranomaly**
150, 161, 134

**Tritanomaly**
142, 149, 155

# Monochromacy

**Original Color**
133, 158, 152

**Achromatopsia**
149, 149, 149

**Achromatomaly**
143, 152, 150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 133, 158, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(139, 158, 133) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{
    color:rgb(139, 158, 133)
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our CSS Text Shadow Generator.

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 158, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 158, 133) }
```

# Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 133, 158, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 158, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 158, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 158, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 158, 133); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 158, 133); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 158, 133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 133, 158, 152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{
background:rgb(139, 158, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:rgb(139,
158, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our online CSS compressor and optimizer based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our CSS Gradient Generator.

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