

Converting Colors

`RYB(133, 85, 250)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(133, 85, 250) contains.

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Color

R_YB(133, 85, 250)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8555FA
RGB	133, 85, 250
RGB Percent	52%, 33%, 98%
CMY	0.4784, 0.6667, 0.0196
CMYK	0.47, 0.66, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	257°, 94%, 66%
HSV	257°, 66%, 98%
XYZ	30.1767, 18.3857, 92.4008
YIQ	118.1620, -24.3570, 61.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

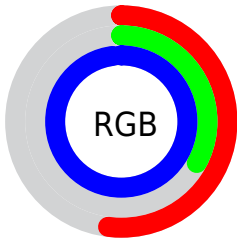
Format	Color
R _Y B	133, 85, 250
Decimal	8738298
CIE Lab	49.96, 56.79, -75.63
CIE LCh	50, 94.573, 306.902
Yxy	18.3857, 0.2141, 0.1304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286928378 (0xFF8555FA)
YUV	118.1620, 64.9961, 13.0129
Hunter-Lab	42.8785, 50.5858, -97.7516

Details

The RYB color **133, 85, 250** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **85, 250, 133**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 137, 255**, and **70, 34, 192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115, 60, 250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 110, 250**.

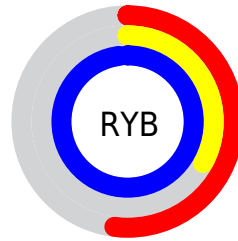
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (33%)

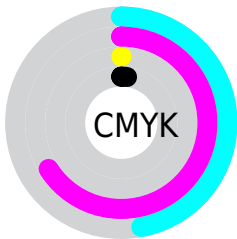
Blue (98%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (98%)

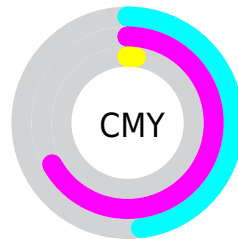


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (48%)


















Magenta (67%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 133, 85, 250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 133, 85, 250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 133, 85, 250	 133, 85, 250
 255, 255, 255	 102, 59, 221
 193, 137, 255	 70, 34, 192
 224, 165, 255	 28, 2, 164
 254, 192, 255	 0, 0, 137
 255, 221, 255	 0, 0, 111
 255, 250, 255	 0, 1, 85
	 0, 5, 61
	 0, 3, 38
	 0, 1, 15

■ 133, 85, 250

■ 133, 85, 250

■ 115, 60, 250

■ 151, 110, 250

■ 98, 35, 250

■ 168, 135, 250

■ 80, 10, 250

■ 186, 160, 250

■ 73, 0, 250

■ 204, 185, 250

■ 222, 210, 250

■ 239, 235, 250

■ 250, 255, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 84, 255



133, 85, 250



224, 0, 184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133, 85, 250



193, 165, 0



0, 79, 150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133, 85, 250



85, 250, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 110, 147



133, 85, 250



7, 129, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133, 85, 250



238, 8, 23



0, 139, 126



0, 88, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133, 85, 250



248, 0, 131



0, 139, 126



0, 86, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133, 85, 250



219, 204, 255



85, 154, 250



106, 97, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133, 85, 250



112, 54, 255



214, 85, 250



116, 112, 125



55, 0, 189



18, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



250, 85, 202



255, 54, 196



85, 250, 214



125, 112, 121



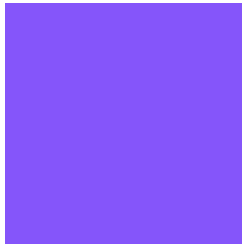
189, 0, 134



61, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 133, 85, 250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

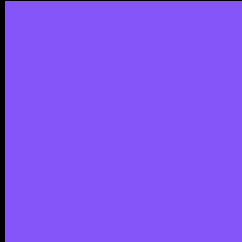
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 133, 85, 250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

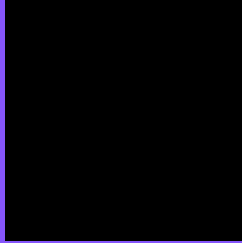
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 133, 85, 250 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 133, 85, 250.

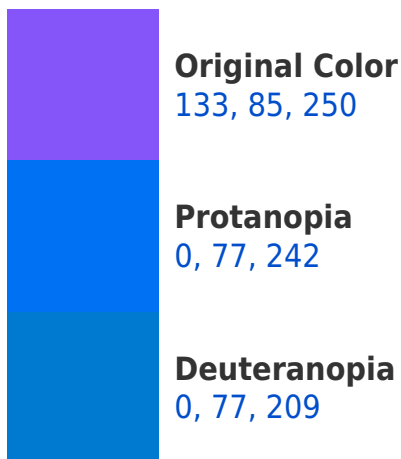


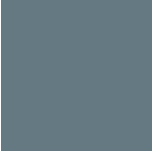
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 133, 85, 250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





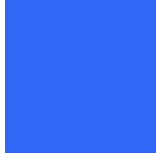
Tritanopia
101, 113, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

133, 85, 250



Protanomaly

48, 91, 245



Deuteranomaly

48, 93, 224



Tritanomaly

113, 109, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color

133, 85, 250



Achromatopsia

118, 118, 118



Achromatomaly

123, 106, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 133, 85, 250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 85, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 85, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 85, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 85, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 133, 85, 250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 85, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 85, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 85, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 85, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 85, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 85,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 133, 85, 250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 85, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 85,  
250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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