

Converting Colors

`RYB(134, 150, 226)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(134, 150, 226) contains.

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Color

R_YB(134, 150, 226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8699E2
RGB	134, 153, 226
RGB Percent	53%, 60%, 89%
CMY	0.4745, 0.3986, 0.1137
CMYK	0.41, 0.32, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	227°, 61%, 71%
HSV	227°, 41%, 89%
XYZ	35.0106, 33.4626, 76.5652
YIQ	155.6410, -34.7570, 18.6750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

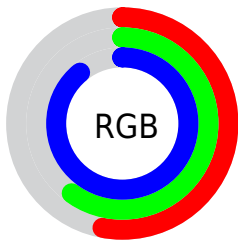
Format	Color
RYB	134, 150, 226
Decimal	8821218
CIELab	64.53, 11.29, -39.00
CIElCh	65, 40.600, 286.146
Yxy	33.4626, 0.2414, 0.2307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287011298 (0xFF8699E2)
YUV	155.6410, 34.6870, -18.9792
Hunter-Lab	57.8468, 6.8015, -37.9825

Details

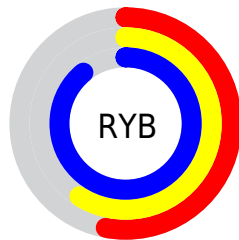
The RYB color **134, 150, 226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **158, 226, 134**, and the grayscale version is **156, 156, 156**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 203, 255**, and **79, 97, 170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111, 132, 226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157, 169, 226**.

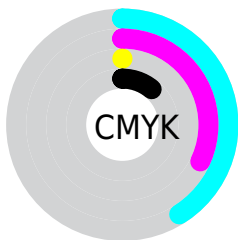
Distribution



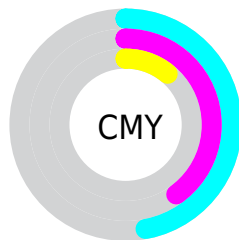
- Red (53%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 134, 150, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 134, 150, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 134, 150, 226

255, 255, 255

■ 190, 204, 255

■ 219, 231, 255

■ 248, 252, 255

■ 134, 150, 226

■ 107, 124, 198

■ 79, 98, 170

■ 51, 73, 144

■ 16, 45, 118

■ 0, 25, 93

■ 0, 12, 68

■ 0, 3, 46

■ 0, 1, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 134, 150, 226

■ 134, 150, 226

■ 111, 132, 226

■ 157, 169, 226

■ 89, 113, 226

■ 179, 187, 226

■ 66, 94, 226

■ 202, 206, 226

■ 44, 75, 226

■ 224, 225, 226

■ 21, 57, 226

■ 231, 247, 226

■ 0, 40, 226

■ 226, 255, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62, 125, 226



134, 150, 226



185, 140, 207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134, 150, 226



218, 147, 106



68, 132, 174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134, 150, 226



158, 226, 134

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105, 169, 155



134, 150, 226



163, 194, 86

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134, 150, 226



226, 128, 138



85, 161, 86



0, 88, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134, 150, 226



208, 132, 187



85, 161, 86



87, 146, 173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134, 150, 226



224, 230, 255



134, 186, 226



110, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134, 150, 226



130, 152, 255



160, 134, 226



101, 103, 112



0, 31, 176



0, 8, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226, 134, 153



255, 130, 156



134, 226, 160



112, 101, 103



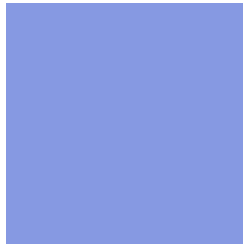
176, 0, 37



48, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 134, 150, 226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

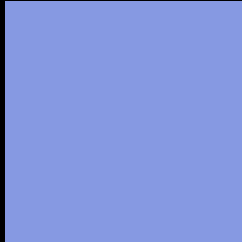
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 134, 150, 226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

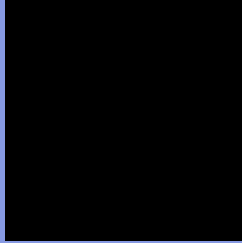
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 134, 150, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 134, 150, 226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 134, 150, 226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
134, 150, 226

Protanopia
133, 150, 226

Deuteranopia
128, 149, 226



Tritanopia
121, 145, 176

Trichromacy



Original Color
134, 150, 226

Protanomaly
133, 150, 226

Deuteranomaly
130, 149, 226

Tritanomaly
126, 148, 194

Monochromacy



Original Color
134, 150, 226

Achromatopsia
156, 156, 156

Achromatomaly
148, 154, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 134, 150, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 153, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 153, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 153, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 153, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 134, 150, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

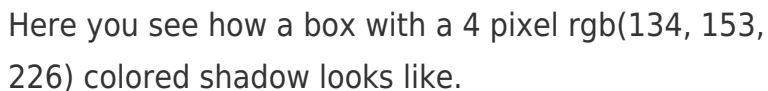
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 153, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 153, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 153, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 153, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 153, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 153, 226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 134, 150, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 153, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
153, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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