

Converting Colors

`RYB(134, 177, 144)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(134, 177, 144) contains.

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Color

R_YB(134, 177, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7B186
RGB	167, 177, 134
RGB Percent	65%, 69%, 53%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3059, 0.4745
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.24, 0.31
HSL	74°, 22%, 61%
HSV	74°, 24%, 69%
XYZ	35.9616, 41.3810, 28.6462
YIQ	169.1080, 7.8430, -15.4930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

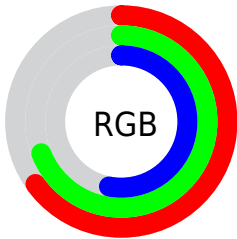
Format	Color
RYB	134, 177, 144
Decimal	10989958
CIELab	70.44, -10.96, 20.88
CIELCh	70, 23.585, 117.691
Yxy	41.3810, 0.3393, 0.3904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289180038 (0xFFA7B186)
YUV	169.1080, -17.3082, -1.8487
Hunter-Lab	64.3281, -12.7866, 18.6270

Details

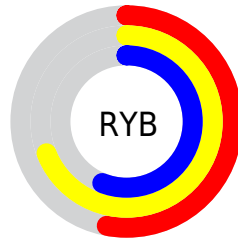
The RYB color **134, 177, 144** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **144, 134, 177**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187, 233, 198**, and **84, 124, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116, 177, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152, 177, 158**.

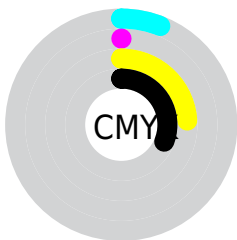
Distribution



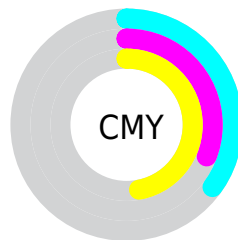
- Red (65%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 134, 177, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 134, 177, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 134, 177, 144

255, 255, 255

 187, 233, 198


 215, 255, 219

 244, 255, 244

 134, 177, 144

 109, 150, 119

 84, 124, 93

 61, 100, 71


 38, 76, 48

 17, 53, 27

 0, 32, 9

 0, 3, 3

 0, 0, 0

 134, 177, 144

 134, 177, 144

■ 116, 177, 130

■ 152, 177, 158

■ 99, 177, 117

■ 169, 177, 171

■ 81, 177, 103

■ 179, 177, 187

■ 63, 177, 89

■ 183, 177, 205

■ 46, 177, 77

■ 188, 177, 222

■ 28, 177, 63

■ 192, 177, 240

■ 10, 177, 49

■ 196, 177, 255

■ 0, 177, 41

■ 200, 177, 255

■ 204, 177, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 190, 130



134, 177, 144



142, 176, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134, 177, 144



119, 156, 208



213, 157, 175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134, 177, 144



144, 134, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198, 161, 195



134, 177, 144



144, 166, 215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134, 177, 144



111, 149, 191



174, 167, 210



216, 158, 153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134, 177, 144



127, 162, 184



174, 167, 210



210, 158, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134, 177, 144



213, 230, 217



177, 145, 134



106, 115, 108



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134, 177, 144



163, 230, 179



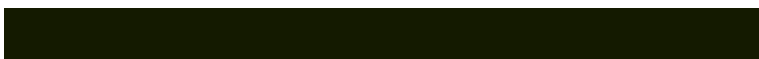
134, 177, 165



80, 89, 82



0, 153, 36



0, 26, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 134, 177



178, 163, 230



165, 134, 177



82, 80, 89



36, 0, 153



6, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 134, 177, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

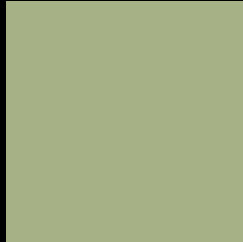
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 134, 177, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

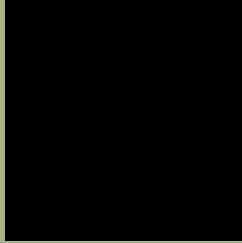
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 134, 177, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 134, 177, 144.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 134, 177, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

174, 170, 184

Trichromacy



Original Color
134, 177, 144

Protanomaly
137, 178, 133

Deuteranomaly
167, 189, 135

Tritanomaly
166, 173, 168

Monochromacy



Original Color
134, 177, 144

Achromatopsia
169, 169, 169

Achromatomaly
156, 172, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 134, 177, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(167, 177, 134) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 177, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 177, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 177, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 134, 177, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 177, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 177, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 177, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 177, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 177, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 177,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 134, 177, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 177, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
177, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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