

Converting Colors

`RYB(135, 143, 156)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(135, 143, 156) contains.

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Color

R_YB(135, 143, 156)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87949C
RGB	135, 148, 156
RGB Percent	53%, 58%, 61%
CMY	0.4706, 0.4199, 0.3882
CMYK	0.13, 0.05, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	203°, 10%, 57%
HSV	203°, 13%, 61%
XYZ	26.5703, 28.7069, 35.5931
YIQ	145.0250, -10.3160, -0.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

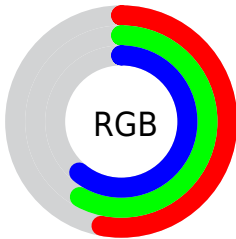
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 143, 156
Decimal	8885404
CIE _{Lab}	60.52, -2.91, -5.84
CIE _{LCh}	61, 6.522, 243.543
Yxy	28.7069, 0.2924, 0.3159
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287075484 (0xFF87949C)
YUV	145.0250, 5.4107, -8.7919
Hunter-Lab	53.5788, -5.2430, -1.8819

Details

The RYB color **135, 143, 156** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **156, 148, 135**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188, 197, 210**, and **85, 93, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119, 133, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 153, 156**.

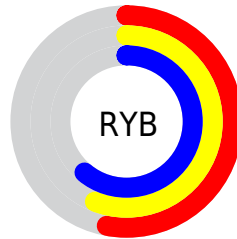
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (58%)

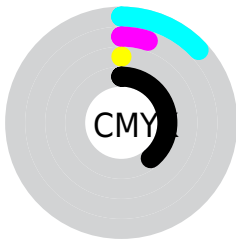
Blue (61%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (61%)

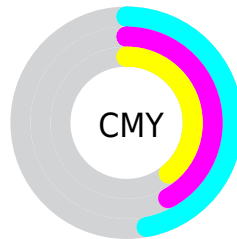


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 135, 143, 156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 135, 143, 156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 135, 143, 156

255, 255, 255

■ 188, 197, 210

■ 216, 225, 239

■ 245, 250, 255

■ 135, 143, 156

■ 110, 118, 130

■ 85, 93, 105

■ 62, 69, 81

■ 40, 47, 58

■ 19, 26, 36

■ 0, 3, 15

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 135, 143, 156

■ 119, 133, 156

■ 135, 143, 156

■ 151, 153, 156

■ 104, 124, 156

■ 166, 163, 156

■ 88, 114, 156

■ 182, 172, 156

■ 73, 105, 156

■ 197, 182, 156

■ 57, 95, 156

■ 213, 192, 156

■ 41, 85, 156

■ 229, 201, 156

■ 26, 76, 156

■ 244, 211, 156

■ 10, 66, 156

■ 255, 223, 156

■ 0, 59, 156

■ 255, 242, 156

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 141, 152



135, 143, 156



141, 145, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 143, 156



158, 142, 145



136, 148, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 143, 156



156, 148, 135

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140, 150, 135



135, 143, 156



158, 144, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 143, 156



154, 143, 151



156, 149, 136



137, 146, 149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 143, 156



146, 145, 156



156, 149, 136



135, 147, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 143, 156



196, 199, 204



135, 150, 156



97, 99, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 143, 156



171, 183, 204



135, 137, 156



71, 74, 79



0, 54, 143



0, 6, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156, 135, 148



204, 171, 191



137, 156, 135



79, 71, 76



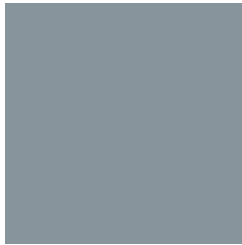
143, 0, 88



15, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 135, 143, 156 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

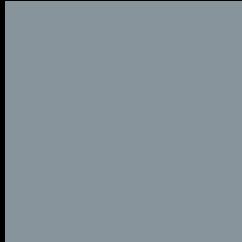
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 135, 143, 156 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

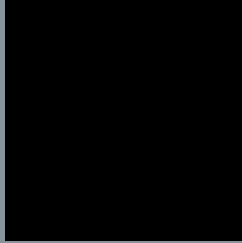
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

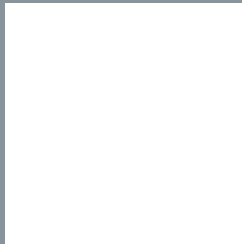
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 135, 143, 156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 135, 143, 156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 135, 143, 156.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

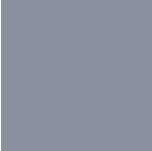
135, 143, 156

Protanopia

146, 145, 154

Deuteranopia

155, 142, 157



Tritanopia
136, 143, 159

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 143, 156

Protanomaly

142, 145, 155

Deuteranomaly

148, 144, 157

Tritanomaly

136, 143, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 143, 156

Achromatopsia

145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly

141, 144, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 135, 143, 156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 148, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 148, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 148, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 148, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 135, 143, 156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 148, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 148, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 148, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 148, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 148, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 148,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 135, 143, 156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 148, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
148, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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