

Converting Colors

`RYB(135, 51, 196)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(135, 51, 196) contains.

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Color

R_YB(135, 51, 196)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8733C4
RGB	135, 51, 196
RGB Percent	53%, 20%, 77%
CMY	0.4706, 0.8000, 0.2314
CMYK	0.31, 0.74, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	275°, 59%, 48%
HSV	275°, 74%, 77%
XYZ	21.1393, 11.5041, 53.3309
YIQ	92.6460, 3.5190, 62.9030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

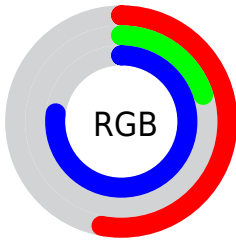
Format	Color
R _Y B	135, 51, 196
Decimal	8860612
CIE Lab	40.42, 59.76, -60.38
CIE LCh	40, 84.957, 314.704
Yxy	11.5041, 0.2459, 0.1338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287050692 (0xFF8733C4)
YUV	92.6460, 50.9535, 37.1445
Hunter-Lab	33.9177, 51.8949, -69.4831

Details

The RYB color **135, 51, 196** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9933CC**. The color can be described as dark muted purple. A complement of this color would be **51, 196, 135**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 105, 254**, and **78, 0, 141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 31, 196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 71, 196**.

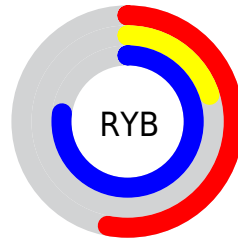
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (20%)

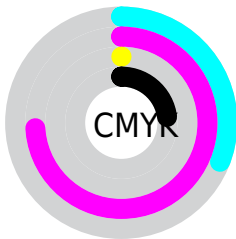
Blue (77%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (77%)

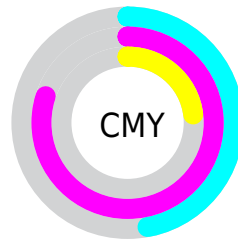


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (47%)


Magenta (80%)

Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 135, 51, 196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 135, 51, 196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 51, 196

 135, 51, 196

255, 255, 255

 107, 19, 168

 193, 105, 254

 78, 0, 141

 222, 132, 255

 49, 0, 115

 252, 160, 255

 19, 0, 90

 255, 188, 255

 0, 0, 65


 255, 217, 255

 0, 3, 42

 255, 246, 255

 0, 1, 20

 0, 0, 0

 135, 51, 196

 135, 51, 196

■ 127, 31, 196

■ 143, 71, 196

■ 119, 12, 196

■ 151, 90, 196

■ 114, 0, 196

■ 160, 110, 196

■ 168, 129, 196

■ 176, 149, 196

■ 184, 169, 196

■ 193, 188, 196

■ 196, 208, 203

■ 196, 227, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 67, 233



135, 51, 196



196, 0, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 51, 196



121, 145, 0



0, 63, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 51, 196



51, 196, 135

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 82, 120



135, 51, 196



0, 103, 18

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 51, 196



189, 29, 0



0, 115, 115



0, 74, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 51, 196



210, 0, 88



0, 115, 115



0, 65, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 51, 196



231, 199, 255



51, 95, 196



114, 94, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 51, 196



160, 28, 255



196, 51, 186



93, 87, 97



93, 0, 161



19, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 51, 112



255, 28, 124



51, 187, 196



97, 87, 91



161, 0, 68



33, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 135, 51, 196 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

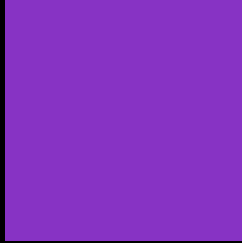
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 135, 51, 196 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

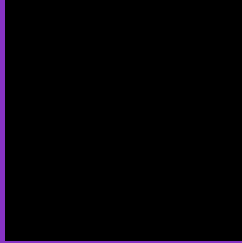
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 135, 51, 196 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 135, 51, 196.

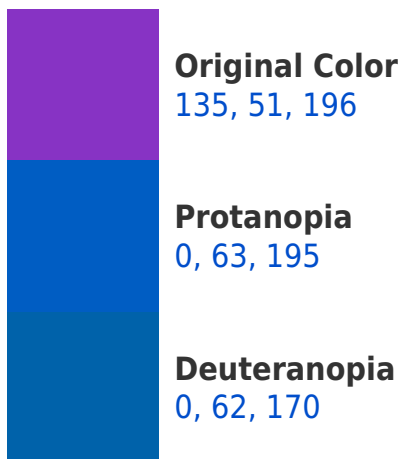


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 135, 51, 196.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
117, 88, 94

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 51, 196



Protanomaly

49, 72, 195



Deuteranomaly

49, 75, 179



Tritanomaly

124, 75, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 51, 196



Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93



Achromatomaly

108, 78, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 135, 51, 196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 51, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 51, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 51, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 51, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 135, 51, 196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 51, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 51, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 51, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 51, 196); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 51, 196); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 51, 196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 51, 196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 51, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 51,  
196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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