

Converting Colors

`RYB(136, 113, 133)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(136, 113, 133) contains.

RYB(136, 113, 133)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(136, 113, 133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	887185
RGB	136, 113, 133
RGB Percent	53%, 44%, 52%
CMY	0.4667, 0.5569, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.02, 0.47
HSL	308°, 9%, 49%
HSV	308°, 17%, 53%
XYZ	20.2921, 18.7379, 24.7376
YIQ	122.1570, 7.2880, 11.0960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

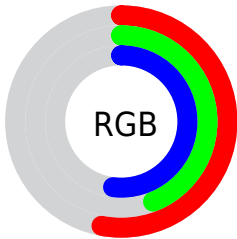
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 113, 133
Decimal	8941957
CIE Lab	50.38, 12.72, -7.59
CIE LCh	50, 14.812, 329.169
Yxy	18.7379, 0.3182, 0.2938
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287132037 (0xFF887185)
YUV	122.1570, 5.3456, 12.1403
Hunter-Lab	43.2874, 7.9238, -3.5815

Details

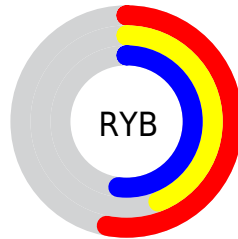
The RYB color **136, 113, 133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **113, 133, 136**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 165, 186**, and **86, 65, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136, 99, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 127, 135**.

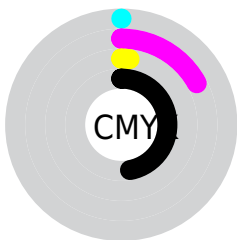
Distribution



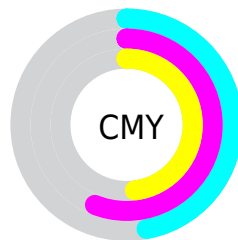
- Red (53%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 136, 113, 133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 136, 113, 133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 136, 113, 133

255, 255, 255


 189, 165, 186

 217, 192, 214


 246, 220, 242

 255, 248, 255

 136, 113, 133

 111, 88, 108

 86, 65, 84

 63, 43, 60

 40, 22, 39

 22, 0, 18

 0, 0, 0

 136, 113, 133

 136, 99, 131

 136, 86, 129

 136, 113, 133

 136, 127, 135

 136, 139, 140

■ 136, 72, 128

■ 136, 152, 154

■ 136, 59, 126

■ 136, 163, 167

■ 136, 45, 124

■ 136, 176, 181

■ 136, 31, 122

■ 136, 188, 195

■ 136, 18, 121

■ 136, 200, 208

■ 136, 4, 119

■ 136, 212, 222

■ 136, 0, 118

■ 136, 224, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 117, 142



136, 113, 133



145, 111, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 113, 133



111, 130, 95



86, 108, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 113, 133



113, 133, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90, 111, 127



136, 113, 133



98, 123, 105

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 113, 133



141, 125, 99



102, 122, 126



91, 111, 141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 113, 133



146, 111, 112



102, 122, 126



86, 107, 128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 113, 133



176, 167, 175



116, 113, 136



89, 84, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 113, 133



176, 141, 171



136, 113, 122



69, 62, 68



133, 0, 115



5, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136, 113, 133



176, 141, 171



113, 127, 136



69, 62, 68



133, 0, 115



5, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 113, 133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

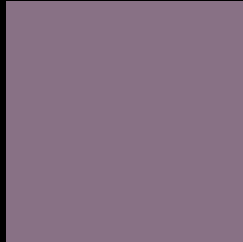
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 113, 133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

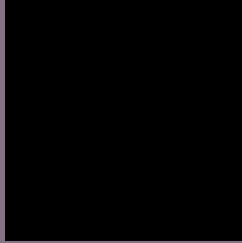
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 136, 113, 133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 113, 133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 113, 133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


136, 113, 133

Protanopia

117, 119, 137

Deuteranopia

126, 117, 132



Tritanopia
135, 115, 124

Trichromacy



Original Color

136, 113, 133

Protanomaly

124, 117, 136

Deuteranomaly

130, 116, 132

Tritanomaly

135, 114, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

136, 113, 133

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

127, 119, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 136, 113, 133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 113, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 113, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 113, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 113, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 136, 113, 133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 113, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 113, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 113, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 113, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 113, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 113,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 136, 113, 133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 113, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
113, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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