

Converting Colors

`RYB(136, 139, 133)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(136, 139, 133) contains.

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Color

R_YB(136, 139, 133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8985
RGB	139, 137, 133
RGB Percent	55%, 54%, 52%
CMY	0.4549, 0.4627, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.04, 0.45
HSL	40°, 3%, 53%
HSV	40°, 4%, 55%
XYZ	23.8268, 25.0737, 25.7742
YIQ	137.1420, 2.4760, -0.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

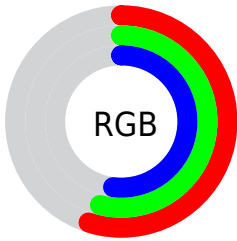
Format	Color
RYB	136, 139, 133
Decimal	9144709
CIELab	57.15, -0.02, 2.40
CIElCh	57, 2.396, 90.536
Yxy	25.0737, 0.3191, 0.3358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287334789 (0xFF8B8985)
YUV	137.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295
Hunter-Lab	50.0737, -2.6926, 4.5335

Details

The RYB color **136, 139, 133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **133, 135, 139**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 192, 186**, and **87, 89, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130, 139, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 141, 147**.

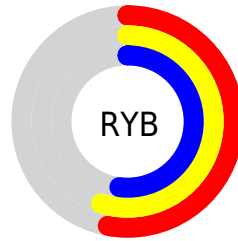
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (54%)

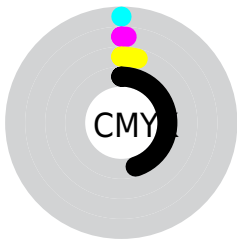
Blue (52%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (52%)

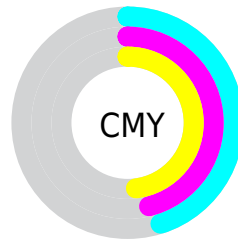


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 136, 139, 133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 136, 139, 133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 136, 139, 133


255, 255, 255

 189, 192, 186

 217, 220, 214

 245, 249, 242

 136, 139, 133

 111, 114, 108

 87, 89, 84

 63, 66, 60


 42, 44, 39

 19, 23, 18

 0, 0, 0

 136, 139, 133

 130, 139, 119

 121, 139, 105

 136, 139, 133

 139, 141, 147

 139, 144, 161

■ 115, 139, 91

■ 139, 148, 175

■ 109, 139, 77

■ 139, 152, 189

■ 102, 139, 64

■ 139, 155, 203

■ 95, 139, 50

■ 139, 158, 216

■ 87, 139, 36

■ 139, 162, 230

■ 81, 139, 22

■ 139, 165, 244

■ 74, 139, 8

■ 139, 169, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141, 137, 134



136, 139, 133



134, 138, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 139, 133



132, 135, 139



140, 136, 139

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 139, 133



133, 135, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 137, 141



136, 139, 133



133, 136, 141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 139, 133



133, 136, 138



135, 137, 141



142, 136, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 139, 133



134, 138, 137



135, 137, 141



139, 136, 140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 139, 133



181, 181, 179



139, 133, 135



92, 91, 91



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 139, 133



177, 181, 172



133, 139, 134



69, 69, 65



68, 133, 0



3, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133, 135, 139



172, 174, 181



134, 133, 139



65, 66, 69



0, 33, 133



0, 1, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 139, 133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

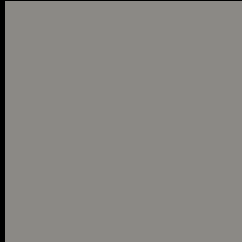
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 139, 133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

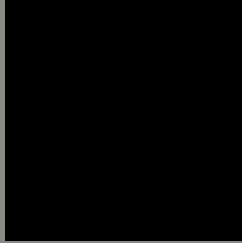
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 136, 139, 133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 139, 133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 139, 133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

136, 139, 133

Protanopia

141, 141, 133

Deuteranopia

152, 133, 134



Tritanopia
141, 135, 146

Trichromacy



Original Color

136, 139, 133

Protanomaly

138, 140, 133

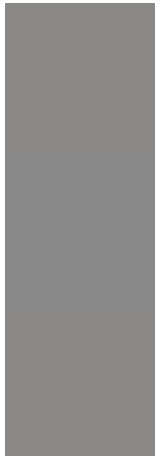
Deuteranomaly

147, 134, 134

Tritanomaly

140, 136, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color

136, 139, 133

Achromatopsia

137, 137, 137

Achromatomaly

138, 138, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 136, 139, 133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(139, 137, 133) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 137, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 137, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 137, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 136, 139, 133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 137, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 137, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 137, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 137, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 137, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 137,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 136, 139, 133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 137, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
137, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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